UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

May 2024

Commission File Number 1-14728

LATAM Airlines Group S.A.

(Translation of Registrant's Name Into English)

Presidente Riesco 5711, 20th floor Las Condes Santiago, Chile (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form 20-F ⊠ Form 40-F □

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

LATAM AIRLINES GROUP S.A.

The following exhibit is attached:

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
99.1	Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

1

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 2, 2024

LATAM AIRLINES GROUP S.A.

By: /s/ Ramiro Alfonsín Name: Ramiro Alfonsín Title: CFO



INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2024

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Contents of the Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS

ASSE15		As of	As of
	Note	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
-		ThUS\$	ThUS\$
		Unaudited	
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6 - 7	1,851,373	1,714,761
Other financial assets	7 - 11	178,325	174,819
Other non-financial assets	12	181,786	185,264
Trade and other accounts receivable	7 - 8	1,369,166	1,385,910
Accounts receivable from related entities	7 - 9	7	28
Inventories	10	585,315	592,880
Current tax assets	17	67,276	47,030
Total current assets other than non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for			
sale		4,233,248	4,100,692
Non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale	13	102,863	102,670
Total current assets		4,336,111	4,203,362
Non-current assets			
Other financial assets	7 - 11	39,260	34,485
Other non-financial assets	12	161,388	168,621
Accounts receivable	7 - 8	12,371	12,949
Intangible assets other than goodwill	15	1,124,053	1,151,986
Property, plant and equipment	16	9,225,657	9,091,130
Deferred tax assets	17	4,374	4,782
Total non-current assets		10,567,103	10,463,953
Total assets		14,903,214	14,667,315

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	LIABILITIES	Note	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline Uraudited & Uraudites & Uraudit$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Other financial liabilities & 7 \cdot 18 & 676,638 & 596,063 \\ Trade and other accounts payables & 7 \cdot 19 & 1,742,214 & 1,765,279 \\ Accounts payable to related entities & 7 \cdot 9 & 12,291 & 7,444 \\ Other provisions & 20 & 9,533 & 15,072 \\ Current tax liabilities & 17 & 2,658 & 2,371 \\ Other non-financial liabilities & 21 & 3,242,240 & 3,301,906 \\ Total current liabilities & 21 & 3,242,240 & 3,301,906 \\ Accounts payable & 7 \cdot 23 & 435,147 & 418,587 \\ Other provisions & 20 & 983,749 & 226,736 \\ Deferred tax liabilities & 7 \cdot 18 & 6,400,346 & 6,341,669 \\ Accounts payable & 7 \cdot 23 & 435,147 & 418,587 \\ Other provisions & 20 & 983,749 & 226,736 \\ Deferred tax liabilities & 17 & 372,448 & 382,359 \\ Employee benefits & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 24 & 5,003,534 & 5,003,534 \\ Retained earnings/(losses) & 24 & 645,207 & 464,411 \\ Other equity & 24 & 39 & 39 \\ Other reserves & 24 & (5,050,063) & (5,017,682) \\ Parent's ownership interest & 598,717 & 450,302 \\ Non-controlling interest & 14 & (10,663) & (12,027) \\ Total equity & 588,054 & 438,275 \\ \end{array}$			Unaudited	
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Trade and other accounts payables & 7 \cdot 19 & 1,742,214 & 1,765,279 \\ Accounts payable to related entities & 7 \cdot 9 & 12,291 & 7,444 \\ Other provisions & 20 & 9,533 & 15,072 \\ Current tax liabilities & 17 & 2,658 & 2,371 \\ Other non-financial liabilities & 21 & 3,242,240 & 3,301,906 \\ Total current liabilities & 5,685,574 & 5,688,135 \\ \hline \\ Non-current liabilities & 7 \cdot 18 & 6,400,346 & 6,341,669 \\ Accounts payable & 7 \cdot 23 & 435,147 & 418,587 \\ Other financial liabilities & 20 & 983,749 & 926,736 \\ Deferred tax liabilities & 17 & 372,448 & 382,359 \\ Employee benefits & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Other non-financial liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ \hline Bare capital & 24 & 5,003,534 & 5,003,534 \\ Retained earnings/(losses) & 24 & (5,050,063) & (5,017,682) \\ Parent's ownership interest & 74 & 598,717 & 450,302 \\ Parent's ownership interest & 14 & (10,663) & (12,027) \\ Total equity & 588,054 & 438,275 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Current liabilities			
Accounts payable to related entities 7 - 9 12,291 7,444 Other provisions 20 9,533 15,072 Current tax liabilities 17 2,658 2,371 Other non-financial liabilities 21 3,242,240 3,301,906 Total current liabilities 5,685,574 5,688,135 Non-current liabilities 7 - 18 6,400,346 6,341,669 Accounts payable 7 - 23 435,147 418,587 Other provisions 20 983,749 926,736 Deferred tax liabilities 17 372,448 382,359 Employee benefits 21 298,051 348,936 Total non-current liabilities 21 298,051 348,936 Total non-current liabilities 21 298,051 348,936 Total non-current liabilities 21 298,051 348,936 Total iabilities 24 5,003,534 5,003,534 EQUITY 24 645,207 464,411 Other reserves 24 6,500,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302<	Other financial liabilities	7 - 18	676,638	596,063
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Other provisions & 20 & 9,533 & 15,072 \\ Current tax liabilities & 17 & 2,658 & 2,371 \\ Other non-financial liabilities & 21 & 3,242,240 & 3,301,906 \\ \hline Total current liabilities & 21 & 5,685,574 & 5,688,135 \\ \hline Non-current liabilities & 7 - 18 & 6,400,346 & 6,341,669 \\ Accounts payable & 7 - 23 & 435,147 & 418,587 \\ Other provisions & 20 & 983,749 & 926,736 \\ Deferred tax liabilities & 17 & 372,448 & 382,359 \\ Employee benefits & 22 & 139,845 & 122,618 \\ Other non-financial liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total non-current liabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total iabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ Total iabilities & 21 & 298,051 & 348,936 \\ \hline EQUITY & \\ Share capital & 24 & 5,003,534 & 5,003,534 \\ Retained earnings/(losses) & 24 & 645,207 & 464,411 \\ Other reserves & 24 & 5,003,634 & 5,003,534 \\ Retained earnings/(losses) & 24 & 645,207 & 464,411 \\ Other reserves & 24 & 5,003,634 & 5,003,534 \\ Retained earnings/(losses) & 24 & 645,207 & 464,411 \\ Other reserves & 24 & 5,003,634 & 5,003,534 \\ Retained earnings/(losses) & 14 & (10,663) & (12,027) \\ Total equity & 588,054 & 438,275 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Trade and other accounts payables	7 - 19	1,742,214	1,765,279
Current tax liabilities 17 2,658 2,371 Other non-financial liabilities 21 $3,242,240$ $3,301,906$ Total current liabilities $5,685,574$ $5,688,135$ Non-current liabilities 7 - 18 $6,400,346$ $6,341,669$ Accounts payable 7 - 23 $435,147$ $418,587$ Other provisions 20 $983,749$ $926,736$ Deferred tax liabilities 17 $372,448$ $382,359$ Employee benefits 22 $139,845$ $122,618$ Other non-financial liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total hibilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total liabilities 24 $5,003,534$ $5,003,534$ EQUITY 24 $645,207$ $464,411$ Other equity 24 $5,98,717$ $450,302$ Parent's ownership interest	Accounts payable to related entities	7 - 9	12,291	7,444
Other non-financial liabilities 21 $3,242,240$ $3,301,906$ Total current liabilities $5,685,574$ $5,688,135$ Non-current liabilities $7-18$ $6,400,346$ $6,341,669$ Other financial liabilities $7-23$ $435,147$ $418,587$ Other provisions 20 $983,749$ $926,736$ Deferred tax liabilities 17 $372,448$ $382,359$ Employee benefits 22 $139,845$ $122,618$ Other non-financial liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 24 $5,003,534$ $5,003,534$ Retained earnings/(losses) 24 $645,207$ $464,411$ Other requity 24 39 39 Other reserves 24 $(5,050,063)$ $(5,017,682)$	Other provisions	20	9,533	15,072
Total current liabilities $5,685,574$ $5,688,135$ Non-current liabilities 7 - 18 $6,400,346$ $6,341,669$ Other financial liabilities 7 - 23 $435,147$ $418,587$ Other provisions 20 $983,749$ $926,736$ Deferred tax liabilities 17 $372,448$ $382,359$ Employee benefits 22 $139,845$ $122,618$ Other non-financial liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 24 $5,003,534$ $5,003,534$ Total liabilities 24 $645,207$ $464,411$ Other equity 24 39 39 Other requity 24 $598,717$ $450,302$ Parent's ownership interest $598,717$ $450,302$ Non-controlling interest 14 $(10,663)$ $(12,027)$ Total equity $588,054$ $438,275$	Current tax liabilities	17	2,658	2,371
Non-current liabilities 7 - 18 6,400,346 6,341,669 Other financial liabilities 7 - 23 435,147 418,587 Other provisions 20 983,749 926,736 Deferred tax liabilities 17 372,448 382,359 Employee benefits 22 139,845 122,618 Other non-financial liabilities 21 298,051 348,936 Total non-current liabilities 21 298,051 348,936 Total liabilities 24 5,003,534 5,003,534 FeQUITY Share capital 24 645,207 464,411 Other reserves 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Other non-financial liabilities	21	3,242,240	3,301,906
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total current liabilities		5,685,574	5,688,135
Accounts payable $7 \cdot 23$ $435,147$ $418,587$ Other provisions 20 $983,749$ $926,736$ Deferred tax liabilities 17 $372,448$ $382,359$ Employee benefits 22 $139,845$ $122,618$ Other non-financial liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities $14,315,160$ $14,229,040$ EQUITYShare capital 24 $5,003,534$ $5,003,534$ Retained earnings/(losses) 24 $645,207$ $464,411$ Other reserves 24 $(5,050,063)$ $(5,017,682)$ Parent's ownership interest $598,717$ $450,302$ Non-controlling interest 14 $(10,663)$ $(12,027)$ Total equity $588,054$ $438,275$	Non-current liabilities			
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 $	Other financial liabilities	7 - 18	6,400,346	6,341,669
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Accounts payable	7 - 23	435,147	418,587
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Other provisions	20	983,749	926,736
Other non-financial liabilities 21 $298,051$ $348,936$ Total non-current liabilities $8,629,586$ $8,540,905$ Total liabilities $14,315,160$ $14,229,040$ EQUITY $14,315,160$ $14,229,040$ EQUITY 24 $5,003,534$ $5,003,534$ Share capital 24 $645,207$ $464,411$ Other equity 24 39 39 Other reserves 24 $(5,050,063)$ $(5,017,682)$ Parent's ownership interest 14 $(10,663)$ $(12,027)$ Total equity $588,054$ $438,275$	Deferred tax liabilities	17	372,448	382,359
Total non-current liabilities $8,629,586$ $8,540,905$ Total liabilities $14,315,160$ $14,229,040$ EQUITYShare capital24 $5,003,534$ $5,003,534$ Retained earnings/(losses)24 $645,207$ $464,411$ Other equity24 39 39 Other reserves24 $(5,050,063)$ $(5,017,682)$ Parent's ownership interest $598,717$ $450,302$ Non-controlling interest14 $(10,663)$ $(12,027)$ Total equity $588,054$ $438,275$	Employee benefits	22	139,845	122,618
Total liabilities 14,315,160 14,229,040 EQUITY Share capital 24 5,003,534 5,003,534 Share capital 24 5,003,534 5,003,534 Retained earnings/(losses) 24 645,207 464,411 Other equity 24 39 39 Other reserves 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302 Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Other non-financial liabilities	21	298,051	348,936
EQUITYShare capital245,003,5345,003,534Retained earnings/(losses)24645,207464,411Other equity243939Other reserves24(5,050,063)(5,017,682)Parent's ownership interest598,717450,302Non-controlling interest14(10,663)(12,027)Total equity588,054438,275	Total non-current liabilities		8,629,586	8,540,905
Share capital 24 5,003,534 5,003,534 Retained earnings/(losses) 24 645,207 464,411 Other equity 24 39 39 Other reserves 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302 Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Total liabilities		14,315,160	14,229,040
Share capital 24 5,003,534 5,003,534 Retained earnings/(losses) 24 645,207 464,411 Other equity 24 39 39 Other reserves 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302 Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	EQUITY			
Other equity 24 39 39 Other reserves 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302 Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Share capital	24	5,003,534	5,003,534
Other reserves 24 (5,050,063) (5,017,682) Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302 Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Retained earnings/(losses)	24	645,207	464,411
Parent's ownership interest 598,717 450,302 Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Other equity	24	39	39
Non-controlling interest 14 (10,663) (12,027) Total equity 588,054 438,275	Other reserves	24	(5,050,063)	(5,017,682)
Total equity 588,054 438,275	Parent's ownership interest		598,717	450,302
	Non-controlling interest	14	(10,663)	(12,027)
Total liabilities and equity 14,903,214 14,667,315	Total equity		588,054	438,275
	Total liabilities and equity		14,903,214	14,667,315

LATAM AIRLINES GROUP S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME BY FUNCTION

		For the period ended March 31,			
	Note	2024	2023		
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
		Unaudited			
Revenue	5 - 25	3,267,199	2,771,642		
Cost of sales	26	(2,393,859)	(2,169,069)		
Gross margin	-	873,340	602,573		
Other income	27	54,134	33,816		
Distribution costs	26	(158,292)	(121,359)		
Administrative expenses	26	(187,442)	(145,552)		
Other expenses	26	(140,978)	(106,445)		
Other (losses)		(46,431)	(19,683)		
Income from the operational activities	-	394,331	243,350		
Financial income		31,450	17,922		
Financial costs	26	(191,385)	(164,164)		
Foreign exchange gains		39,627	17,408		
Result of indexation units		1,075	(338)		
Income before taxes	-	275,098	114,178		
Income tax benefits/(expense)	17	(15,143)	6,879		
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	-	259,955	121,057		
Income attributable to owners of the parent		258,279	121,801		
Income attributable to non-controlling interest	14	1,676	(744)		
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	-	259,955	121,057		
EARNING PER SHARE					
Basic earnings per share (US\$)	29	0.000427	0.000202		
Diluted earnings per share (US\$)	29	0.000427	0.000201		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		For the period ende	ed at March 31,
	Note	2024	2023
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$
		Unaudi	ited
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		259,955	121,057
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to income before taxes			
Other comprehensive (loss), before taxes, (losses) by new measurements on defined benefit plans	24	(15,295)	(5,777)
Total other comprehensive (loss) that will not be reclassified to income before taxes	_	(15,295)	(5,777)
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to income before taxes	-		
Currency translation differences (losses) on currency translation, before tax		(43,769)	(5,804)
Other comprehensive loss, before taxes, currency translation differences	-	(43,769)	(5,804)
Cash flow hedges	-		
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges before taxes	24	72,287	(28,876)
Reclassification adjustment on cash flow hedges before tax	24	(26,406)	(1,833)
Other comprehensive income (losses), before taxes, cash flow hedges	-	45,881	(30,709)
Change in value of time value of options	-		
Gains/(Losses) on change in value of time value of options before tax	24	(28,627)	16,359
Reclassification adjustments on change in value of time value of options before tax	24	8,812	5,598
Other comprehensive income, before taxes, changes in the time value of the options	-	(19,815)	21,957
Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to income before taxes	-	(17,703)	(14,556)
Other components of other comprehensive income (loss), before taxes		(32,998)	(20,333)
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to income			
Income tax relating to new measurements on defined benefit plans	17	594	70
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to income	-	594	70
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to income	-		
Income tax related to cash flow hedges in other comprehensive income (loss)	17	_	(97)
Income taxes related to components of other comprehensive loss will be reclassified to income	-		(97)
Total Other comprehensive income	-	(32,404)	(20,360)
Total comprehensive income	=	227,551	100,697
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent		225,898	101,600
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests		1,653	(903)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	-	227,551	100,697
	=		,

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

						1	Attributable t	o owners of t	he parent						
							Chan	ge in other re	eserves						
	Note	Share capital	Other equity	Treasury shares	Currency translation reserve	Cash flow hedging reserve	Gains (Losses) from changes in the time value of the options	Actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans reserve	Shares based payments reserve	Other sundry reserve	Total other reserve	Retained earnings/(losses)	Parent's ownership interest	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Equity as of January 1, 2024		5,003,534	39	_	(3,830,611)	(38,678)	32,947	(48,559)	37,235	(1,170,016)	(5,017,682)	464,411	450,302	(12,027)	438,275
Total increase (decrease) in equity Net income for the period Other	24		_			_			_		_	258,279	258,279	1,676	259,955
comprehensive income (loss)		_	_	_	(43,750)	45,881	(19,815)	(14,697)	_	_	(32,381)	_	(32,381)	(23)	(32,404)
Total comprehensive income Transactions with shareholders					(43,750)	45,881	(19,815)	(14,697)			(32,381)	258,279	225,898	1,653	227,551
Dividends Increase (decrease) through transfers and other	25	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(77,483)	(77,483)	_	(77,483)
changes, equity	24-34													(289)	(289)
Total transactions with shareholders				_			_					(77,483)	(77,483)	(289)	(77,772)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)		5,003,534	39	_	(3,874,361)	7,203	13,132	(63,256)	37,235	(1,170,016)	(5,050,063)	645,207	598,717	(10,663)	588,054

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

							Attributable	to owners of	the parent						
							Char	ige in other re	eserves						
	Note	Share capital	Other equity	Treasury shares	Currency translation reserve	Cash flow hedging reserve	Gains (Losses) from changes in the time value of the options	Actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans reserve	Shares based payments reserve	Other sundry reserve	Total other reserve	Retained earnings/(losses)	Parent's ownership interest	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Equity as of January 1, 2023		13,298,486	39	(178)	(3,805,560)	36,542	(21,622)	(28,117)	37,235	(1,972,651)	(5,754,173)	(7,501,896)	42,278	(11,557)	30,721
Total increase (decrease) in equity															
Net income/(loss) for the period	24	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	121,801	121,801	(744)	121,057
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	(5,646)	(30,806)	21,957	(5,706)	_	_	(20,201)	_	(20,201)	(159)	(20,360)
Total comprehensive income			_	_	(5,646)	(30,806)	21,957	(5,706)			(20,201)	121,801	101,600	(903)	100,697
Transactions with shareholders Increase for other contributions from the owners	24		4,926							(4,076)	(4,076)		850		850
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes, equity	24 -33	4,926	(4,926)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	57,129	57,129	(79)	57,050
Total transactions with shareholders		4,926		_						(4,076)	(4,076)	57,129	57,979	(79)	57,900
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)		13,303,412	39	(178)	(3,811,206)	5,736	335	(33,823)	37,235	(1,976,727)	(5,778,450)	(7,322,966)	201,857	(12,539)	189,318

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - DIRECT METHOD

		For the peri March	od ended 31,
	Note	2024	2023
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$
		Unaud	ited
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash collection from operating activities			
Proceeds from sales of goods and services		3,313,955	3,062,687
Other cash receipts from operating activities		79,829	42,779
Payments for operating activities			
Payments to suppliers for the supply goods and services	34	(2,510,340)	(2,198,954)
Payments to and on behalf of employees		(344,111)	(363,929)
Other payments for operating activities		(94,536)	(64,261)
Income taxes (paid)		(22,644)	(5,653)
Other cash inflows (outflows)	34	35,972	(30,734)
Net cash (outflow) inflow from operating activities		458,125	441,935
Amounts raised from sale of property, plant and equipment		19,966	42,349
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(102,484)	(97,886)
Purchases of intangible assets		(13,297)	(13,593)
Interest received		37,417	23,273
Other cash inflows (outflows)	34	27,589	20,111
Net cash (outflow) inflow from investing activities		(30,809)	(25,746)
Cash flows inflow (out flow) from financing activities			
Loans repayments	34	(51,350)	(82,363)
Payments of lease liabilities	34	(86,035)	(56,687)
Dividends paid	34	(289)	—
Interest paid		(129,510)	(84,298)
Other cash (outflows) inflows	34	719	(2,946)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities		(266,465)	(226,294)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents before effect of exchanges rate change		160,851	189,895
Effects of variation in the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		(24,239)	8,850
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		136,612	198,745
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6	1,714,761	1,216,675
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	6	1,851,373	1,415,420

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF MARCH 31, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

LATAM Airlines Group S.A. ("LATAM" or the "Company") is an open stock company which holds the values inscribed in the Registro de Valores of the Commission for the Financial Market, whose shares are listed in Chile on the Electronic Stock Exchange of Chile - Stock Exchange and the Santiago Stock Exchange. LATAM's ADRs are currently trading in the United States of America on the OTC (Over-The-Counter) markets.

Its main business is the air transport of passengers and cargo, both in the domestic markets of Chile, Peru, Colombia, Ecuador and Brazil, as well as in a series of regional and international routes in America, Europe and Oceania. These businesses are developed directly or by its subsidiaries in Chile, Ecuador, Peru, Brazil, Colombia and Paraguay. In addition, the Company has subsidiaries that operate in the cargo business in Chile, Brazil and Colombia.

The Company is located in Chile, in the city of Santiago, on Avenida Presidente Riesco No. 5711, Las Condes commune.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company's statutory capital is represented by 604,441,789,335 ordinary shares without nominal value. As of that date, 604,437,877,587 shares were subscribed and paid. The foregoing, considering the capital increase approved by the shareholders of the company at an extraordinary meeting held on July 5, 2022, in the context of the implementation of its reorganization plan approved and confirmed in the Chapter 11 Proceedings, as well as the Capital decrease required for the Chilean Capital Markets law that appears in a public deed dated September 6, 2023, granted at the Notaría of Santiago of Mr. Eduardo Javier Diez Morello.

The major shareholders of the Company, considering the total amount of subscribed and paid shares, are Banco de Chile on behalf of State Street which owns 45.98%, Banco de Chile on behalf of Non-Resident Third Parties with 11.54%, Delta Air Lines with 10.05% and Qatar Airways with 10.03% ownership.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company had a total of 2,163 shareholders in its registry. At that date, approximately 0.01% of the Company's capital stock was in the form of ADRs.

During 2024, the Company had an average of 36,190 employees, ending this period with a total of 36,477 collaborator, distributed in 5,178 Administration employees, 18,289 in Operations, 8,840 Cabin Crew and 4,170 Command crew.

a) Percentage ownership

Tax No. Company of origin Currency Direct Indirect Total Mode % </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Country</th> <th>Functional</th> <th>Functional</th> <th colspan="2">Functional As March 31, 2024</th> <th></th> <th>As</th> <th>December 31, 202</th> <th colspan="2">er 31, 2023</th>			Country	Functional	Functional	Functional As March 31, 2024			As	December 31, 202	er 31, 2023	
Unaudited 96.969.680-0 Lan Pax Group S.A. and Subsidiaries Chile US\$ 99.9959 0.0041 100.0000 99.9959 0.0041 100.0000 Foreign Latam Airlines Perú S.A. Peru US\$ 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8940 0.0041 99.8941 76.717.244.3 Prime Cargo SpA. Chile CLP 0.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000	Tax No.	Company			Direct	Indirect	Total	Direct	Indirect	Total		
96.969.680-0 Lan Pax Group S.A. and Subsidiaries Chile US\$ 99.9959 0.0041 100.0000 99.9959 0.0041 100.0000 Foreign Latam Airlines Perú S.A. Peru US\$ 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 93.383.000-4 Lan Cargo S.A. Chile US\$ 99.8940 0.0041 99.8940 0.0040 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.					%	%	%	%	%	%		
Foreign Latam Airlines Perú S.A. Peru US\$ 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 23.6200 76.1900 99.8100 93.383.000-4 Lan Cargo S.A. Chile US\$ 99.8940 0.0041 99.8981 99.8940 0.0041 99.8981 99.8940 0.0041 99.8981 99.8940 0.0041 99.8981 0.0000 100.0000						Unaudited						
93.383.000-4 Lan Cargo S.A. Chile US\$ 99.8940 0.0041 99.8981 99.8940 0.0041 99.8981 76.717.244-3 Prime Cargo SpA. Chile CLP 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000	96.969.680-0	Lan Pax Group S.A. and Subsidiaries	Chile	US\$	99.9959	0.0041	100.0000	99.9959	0.0041	100.0000		
76.717.244-3 Prime Cargo SpA. Chile CLP 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Latam Airlines Perú S.A.	Peru	US\$	23.6200	76.1900	99.8100	23.6200	76.1900	99.8100		
Foreign Connecta Corporation U.S.A. US\$ 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000 100.0000	93.383.000-4	Lan Cargo S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.8940	0.0041	99.8981	99.8940	0.0041	99.8981		
	76.717.244-3	Prime Cargo SpA.	Chile	CLP	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
	Foreign	Connecta Corporation	U.S.A.	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
Foreign Prime Airport Services Inc. and Subsidiary U.S.A. US\$ 0.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Prime Airport Services Inc. and Subsidiary	U.S.A.	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
96.951.280-7 Transporte Aéreo S.A. Chile US\$ 0.000 100.0000 0.000 100.000 100.000 100.0000	96.951.280-7	Transporte Aéreo S.A.	Chile	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
96.631.520-2 Fast Air Almacenes de Carga S.A. Chile CLP 0.0000 100.0000 0.000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000	96.631.520-2	Fast Air Almacenes de Carga S.A.	Chile	CLP	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
Foreign Laser Cargo S.R.L. Argentina ARS 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Laser Cargo S.R.L.	Argentina	ARS	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
96.969.690-8 Lan Cargo Inversiones S.A. and Subsidiary Chile US\$ 0.0000 100.0000 0.000 100.0000 100.0000 100.0000	96.969.690-8	Lan Cargo Inversiones S.A. and Subsidiary	Chile	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
96.575.810-0 Inversiones Lan S.A. Chile US\$ 99.9000 0.1000 100.0000 99.9000 0.1000 100.0000	96.575.810-0	Inversiones Lan S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.9000	0.1000	100.0000	99.9000	0.1000	100.0000		
96.847.880-K Technical Training LATAM S.A. Chile CLP 99.8300 0.1700 100.0000 99.8300 0.1700 100.0000	96.847.880-K	Technical Training LATAM S.A.	Chile	CLP	99.8300	0.1700	100.0000	99.8300	0.1700	100.0000		
Foreign Latam Finance Limited Cayman Island US\$ 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Latam Finance Limited	Cayman Island	US\$	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000		
Foreign Peuco Finance Limited Cayman Island US\$ 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Peuco Finance Limited	Cayman Island	US\$	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000		
Foreign Professional Airline Services INC. U.S.A. US\$ 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Professional Airline Services INC.	U.S.A.	US\$	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000		
Foreign Jarletul S.A. Uruguay US\$ 0.0000 100.0000 0.0000 100.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Jarletul S.A.	Uruguay	US\$	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000	0.0000	100.0000	100.0000		
Foreign Latam Travel S.R.L. Bolivia US\$ 99.0000 1.0000 99.0000 1.0000 100.0000	Foreign	Latam Travel S.R.L.	Bolivia	US\$	99.0000	1.0000	100.0000	99.0000	1.0000	100.0000		
76.262.894-5 Latam Travel Chile II S.A. Chile US\$ 99.9900 0.0100 100.0000 99.9900 0.0100 100.0000	76.262.894-5	Latam Travel Chile II S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.9900	0.0100	100.0000	99.9900	0.0100	100.0000		
Foreign Latam Travel S.A. Argentina ARS 94.0100 5.9900 100.0000 94.0100 5.9900 100.0000	Foreign	Latam Travel S.A.	Argentina	ARS	94.0100	5.9900	100.0000	94.0100	5.9900	100.0000		
Foreign TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries (*) Brazil BRL 63.0987 36.9013 100.0000 63.0987 36.9013 100.0000	Foreign	TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries (*)	Brazil	BRL	63.0987	36.9013	100.0000	63.0987	36.9013	100.0000		

(*) As of March 31, 2024, the indirect participation percentage of TAM S.A. and its Subsidiaries is from Holdco I S.A., a company which LATAM Airlines Group S.A. has a 100% share on economic rights and 51.04% of political rights. Its percentage arose as a result of the provisional measure No. 863 of the Brazilian government implemented in December of 2018 that allows foreign capital to have up to 100% of the share ownership of a Brazilian Airline.

b) Financial Information

		Statement of financial position							Net Income	
								For the per At Mar		
		A	s of March 31, 20	24	As c	of December 31, 2	2023	2024	2023	
Tax No.	Company	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Gain /	(loss)	
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
			Unaudited					Unau	dited	
96.969.680-0	Lan Pax Group S.A. and Subsidiaries (*)	391,940	1,793,206	(1,046,717)	487,236	1,835,537	(1,000,622)	(53,974)	44,557	
Foreign	Latam Airlines Perú S.A.	374,525	287,981	86,544	334,481	285,645	48,836	37,707	(14,356)	
93.383.000-4	Lan Cargo S.A.	423,771	210,954	212,817	391,430	189,019	202,411	12,417	(25,684)	
76.717.244-3	Prime Cargo SpA.	815	_	815	912	_	912	_	_	
Foreign	Connecta Corporation	61,795	6,804	54,991	64,054	6,790	57,264	(2,273)	(790)	
Foreign	Prime Airport Services Inc. and Subsidiary (*)	19,487	16,926	2,560	19,435	17,241	2,194	368	195	
96.951.280-7	Transporte Aéreo S.A.	280,084	152,730	127,354	280,117	151,066	129,051	(78)	17,092	
96.631.520-2	Fast Air Almacenes de Carga S.A.	12,526	7,931	4,595	14,255	10,455	3,800	1,592	250	
Foreign	Laser Cargo S.R.L.	_	1	(1)	_	1	(1)	_	_	
Foreign	Lan Cargo Overseas Limited and Subsidiaries (*)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(319)	
96.969.690-8	Lan Cargo Inversiones S.A. and Subsidiary (*)	198,792	96,816	(58,884)	166,503	80,502	(71,744)	15,975	(6,202)	
96.575.810-0	Inversiones Lan S.A. (*)	1,196	47	1,149	1,238	50	1,188	(40)	33	
96.847.880-K	Technical Training LATAM S.A.	1,297	892	405	1,246	893	353	110	118	
Foreign	Latam Finance Limited	113	208,620	(208,507)	114	208,621	(208,507)	_	_	
Foreign	Professional Airline Services INC.	17,337	12,154	5,183	15,571	10,943	4,628	310	413	
Foreign	Jarletul S.A.	16	1,101	(1,085)	16	1,101	(1,085)	_	(2)	
Foreign	Latam Travel S.R.L.	93	_	93	92	_	92	_	_	
76.262.894-5	Latam Travel Chile II S.A.	356	1,239	(883)	356	1,239	(883)	_	_	
Foreign	Latam Travel S.A.	3,987	1,301	2,686	4,547	1,554	2,993	(3,136)	(1,079)	
Foreign	TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries (*)	4,251,039	2,909,425	1,341,614	4,240,748	3,027,373	1,212,329	168,595	3,693	

(*) The Equity reported corresponds to Equity attributable to owners of the parent, it does not include Non-controlling participation.

In addition, the following special purpose entities have been consolidated: (1) Chercán Leasing Limited, intended to finance advance payments of aircraft; (2) Guanay Finance Limited, intended for the issue of a securitized bond with future credit card payments (Liquidated in May 2023); and (3) Yamasa Sangyo Aircraft LA1 Kumiai, Yamasa Sangyo Aircraft LA2 Kumiai, earmarked for aircraft financing. These companies have been consolidated as required by IFRS 10.

All entities over which LATAM has control have been included in the consolidation. The Company has analyzed the control criteria in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 10.

Changes occurred in the consolidation perimeter between January 1, 2023 and March 31, 2024, are detailed below:

- (1) Incorporation or acquisition of companies
 - On March 29, 2023, a capital increase was made in TAM S.A. carried out a capital increase, through the contribution of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. of accounts receivable for ThUS\$785,865; consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - On March 29, 2023, a capital increase was made in TAM Linheas Aéreas S.A carried out a capital increase, through the contribution of TAM S.A. of accounts receivable for ThUS\$785,865; consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.

- On March 29, 2023, a capital increase was made in Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. through the contribution of made a capital increase where Holdco Colombia I SpA made a contribution through accounts receivable for ThUS\$120,410, consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On April 14, 2023, a capital reduction was carried out in Lan Argentina S.A. through the absorption of losses in the sum of ThUS\$160,170. Consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholding composition and therefore it did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On June 7, 2023, a capital increase was made in TAM S.A. carried out a capital increase, through the contribution of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. of accounts receivable for ThUS\$308,031, consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On June 7, 2023, a capital increase was made in TAM Linheas Aéreas S.A carried out a capital increase, through the contribution of TAM S.A. of accounts receivable for ThUS\$308,031, consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On June 13 and 14, 2023, Inversiones Lan S.A. made a purchase of 923 shares from third parties, for an a total amount of ThUS\$23, of the subsidiary Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A., consequently, these transactions generated a decrease in the non-controlling interest, without generating significant effects on the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On July 21, 2023, a capital increase was carried out in Latam Airlines Ecuador S.A through the contribution of accounts receivable held by Holdco Ecuador S.A for ThUS\$3,100, consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholding composition and Therefore, it did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On July 28, 2023, Lan Cargo S.A purchased 1 share of Lan Cargo Overseas Limited from Inversiones Lan S.A. Consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholding composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On August 1, 2023, Inversiones Lan S.A. purchased 1 share of Americonsult SA de CV from Lan Cargo Overseas Limited. Consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholding composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On August 4, 2023, the merger of Holdco Colombia II SpA into Lan Pax Group S.A takes place, acquiring the latter all of its assets, liabilities, rights and obligations. As a result of the above, Holdco Colombia II SpA is dissolved. On the same date Lan Pax Group S.A carries out a capital increase of ThUS\$347 in Holdco Colombia I SpA through the contribution of 47,010 shares of Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. These transactions were carried out between entities under common control of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. Group. and, therefore, did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On September 11, 2023, the company Mas Investment Limited was liquidated and its controller Lan Cargo Overseas Limited acquired all its assets, liabilities, rights and obligations, as a result of the liquidation, including the investments that Mas Investment Limited held in the following companies: (i) Consultoría Administrativa Profesional S.A. de C.V., equivalent to 49,500 shares; (ii) Americonsult, S.A. de C.V., equivalent to 499 shares; (iii) Transporte Aéreo S.A. equivalent to 109,662 shares; and (iv) Inversiones Aereas S.A., equivalent to 15,216 shares. These transactions were carried out between entities under common control of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and, therefore, did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.

- On September 11, 2023, the company Lan Cargo Overseas Limited was liquidated and its controller Lan Cargo S.A acquired all its all its assets, liabilities, rights and obligations, as a result of the liquidation, including the investments that Lan Cargo Overseas Limited held in the following companies: (i) Prime Airport Services Inc., equivalent to 105 shares; (ii) Americonsult de Costa Rica S.A, equivalent to 66 shares; (iii) Americonsult de Guatemala, Sociedad Anónima, equivalent to 50 shares; (iv) Consultoría Administrativa Profesional S.A. de C.V., equivalent to 49,500 shares; (v) Americonsult, S.A. de C.V., equivalent to 109,662 shares; and (vii) Inversiones Aereas S.A., equivalent to 15,216 shares. These transactions were carried out between entities under common control of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and, therefore, did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On September 15, 2023, a capital increase was made in TAM S.A. through the contribution of ThUS\$106,104 on accounts
 receivable from LATAM Airlines Group S.A.; consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition
 and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On September 15, 2023, a capital increase was made in TAM Linheas Aéreas S.A through the contribution of ThUS\$106,104 on accounts receivable from TAM S.A., consequently, there were no significant changes in the shareholder composition and therefore did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On October 23 and 30, 2023, Inversiones Lan S.A. purchased a total 183 shares from Non- controlling interest, for an a total amount of ThUS\$2, of the subsidiary Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A., consequently, these transactions generated a decrease in non-controlling interest, with no generating significant effects on the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On December 6, 2023, the company Prime Cargo SpA was incorporated, which is 100% owned by Lan Cargo S.A., whose exclusive purpose is to carry out storage activities for all types of products and/or merchandise.
- On December 29, 2023, LATAM Airlines Group S.A. purchased of 2,392,166 preferred shares of Inversora Cordillera S.A. a Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A.; consequently, the shareholding composition of Inversora Cordillera S.A. is as follows: Lan Pax Group S.A. with 99.95% and LATAM Airlines Group S.A. with 0.05%. These transactions were between subsidiaries of LATAM Airlines Group not generating any effects within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On December 29, 2023, LATAM Airlines Group S.A. purchased of 53,376 preferred shares of LAN Argentina S.A. a Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A.; consequently, the shareholding composition of LAN Argentina S.A. is as follows: Lan Pax Group S.A. with 4.99%, Inversora Cordillera S.A. with 94.96% and LATAM Airlines Group S.A. with 0.05%. These transactions were between subsidiaries of LATAM Airlines Group not generating any effects within the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- On March 18, 2024, a capital reduction was carried out in Inversiones Aéreas S.A. through the absorption of accumulated losses in the sum of ThUS\$175,140. As a consequence of this decrease in capital, the number of shares was reduced by 6,634,496, without modifying the original participation of its shareholders. This transaction did not generate any effect within the Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following describes the principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

2.1. Basis of Preparation

These consolidated financial statements of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2024 and for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 (IAS 34), Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historic-cost criterion, although modified by the valuation at fair value of certain financial instruments.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to use its judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. Note 4 describe the areas that imply a greater degree of judgment or complexity or the areas where the assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies used by the Company in the preparation of the 2023 consolidated financial statements, except for the standards and interpretations adopted as of January 1, 2024.

(a) Application of new standards for the year 2024:

Accounting pronouncements with implementation effective from January 1, 2024:

	Issuance Date	Effective Date:
(i) Standards and amendments		
Amendment to IAS 1: Presentation of financial statements, on classification of liabilities.	January 2020	01/01/2024
Amendment to IAS 1: Presentation of financial statements, on noncurrent liabilities with covenants.	October 2022	01/01/2024
Amendment to IFRS 16: Leases, on sales with leaseback.	September 2022	01/01/2024
Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of cash flows" and IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Information to be Disclosed"	May 2023	01/01/2024

The application of these accounting standards as of January 1, 2024, had no significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(b) Accounting pronouncements not in force for the financial year beginning on January 1, 2024:

	Issuance Date	Effective Date:
(i) Standards and amendments		
Amendments to IAS 21: Lack of Exchangeability	August 2023	01/01/2025
IFRS 18: Presentation and disclosures in the financial statements	April 2024	01/01/2027

The Company's management is evaluating the impacts that the application of IFRS 18 Presentation and disclosures in the financial statements may have on the consolidated financial statements. Where it is estimated that the adoption of the amendment to IAS 21 will not have significant effects on the company's consolidated financial statements in the year of its first adoption.

(c) Chapter 11 Filing and Exit

Chapter 11 Filing and Procedure: Due to the effects on the operation of the restrictions established in the countries to control the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, on May 25, 2020 the Board of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. ("LATAM Parent") resolved unanimously that LATAM Parent and some its subsidiaries should initiate a reorganization process in the United States of America according to the rules established in the Bankruptcy Code by filing a voluntary petition for relief in accordance with the same, which petition was submitted on May 26, 2020 and was jointly administered under Case Number 20- 11254. Subsequently, Piquero Leasing Limited (July 7, 2020) and TAM S.A. and its subsidiaries in Brazil (July 9, 2020) joined the process (the voluntary petitions, collectively, the "Bankruptcy Filing" and each LATAM entity that filed a petition, a "Debtor" and jointly, the "Debtors").

As part of their overall reorganization process, while the Chapter 11 proceedings were outstanding the Debtors sought and received relief in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions (i.e., Cayman Islands, Chile and Colombia).

The Bankruptcy Filing for each of the Debtors (each one, respectively, a "Petition Date") was jointly administered under the caption "In re LATAM Airlines Group S.A. et al." Case Number 20- 11254. On June 18, 2022, the Bankruptcy Court issued a memorandum decision approving the Debtors' joint plan of reorganization (the "Plan") and rejecting all remaining objections and entered an order confirming the Plan (the "Confirmation Order"). On November 3, 2022 (the "Effective Date"), the Plan was substantially consummated and each of the Debtors emerged from the Chapter 11 proceedings as "Reorganized Debtors". Thereafter, the Reorganized Debtors were permitted to operate their businesses and manage their properties without supervision of the Bankruptcy Court and free of the restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code.

Pursuant to the Plan, the Company received an infusion of approximately US\$8.19 billion through a mix of new equity, convertible notes and debt, which enabled the Company to exit Chapter 11 with appropriate capitalization to effectuate its business plan. Upon emergence, the Company had total debt of approximately US\$6.8 billion, cash and cash equivalents of approximately US\$1.1 billion and revolving undrawn facilities in the amount of US\$1.1 billion.

Pursuant to the Plan and Backstop Agreements, LATAM raised up to US\$500 million through a new revolving credit facility and approximately US\$2.25 billion in total new money debt financing through exit financing (new term loan and new notes).

As customary in this type of restructurings, the docket of the Chapter 11 proceedings remained open after the Effective Date to finalize the reconciliation process of certain claims that were still outstanding as of the Effective Date, as well as to resolve certain administrative matters.

On June 29, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court entered a final decree in the Chapter 11 proceedings ordering that Case Number 20- 11254 and its docket be closed (the "Final Decree"). The foregoing, as a result of the resolution of substantially all remaining matters in the Chapter 11 proceedings and all appeals of the Confirmation Order.

2.2. Basis of Consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all the entities (including special-purpose entities) over which the Company has the power to control the financial and operating policies, which are generally accompanied by a holding of more than half of the voting rights. In evaluating whether the Company controls another entity, the existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible at the date of the consolidated financial statements are consolidated. The subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is passed to the Company and they are excluded from the consolidation on the date they cease to be so controlled. The results and cash are incorporated from the date of acquisition.

Balances, transactions and unrealized gains on transactions between the Company's entities are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment loss of the asset transferred. When necessary, in order to ensure uniformity with the policies adopted by the Company, the accounting policies of the subsidiaries are modified.

To account for and identify the financial information to be disclosed when carrying out a business combination, such as the acquisition of an entity by the Company, the acquisition method provided for in IFRS 3: Business combinations is used.

(b) Transactions with non-controlling interests

The Group applies the policy of considering transactions with non-controlling interests, when not related to the loss of control, as equity transactions without an effect on income.

(c) Sales of subsidiaries

When a subsidiary is sold and a percentage of participation is not retained, the Company derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, the non-controlling interest and other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any gain or loss resulting from the loss of control is recognized in the consolidated income statement by function within Other gains (losses).

If LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries retain an ownership of participation in the disposed subsidiary which does not represent control, this is recognized at fair value on the date that control is lost and the amounts previously recognized in Other comprehensive income are accounted as if the Company had disposed directly the assets and related liabilities, which can cause these amounts to be reclassified to profit or loss. The percentage retained valued at fair value is subsequently accounted using the equity method.

(d) Investees or associates

Investees or associates are all entities over which LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries have significant influence but have no control. This usually arises from holding between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are booked using the equity method and are initially recognized at their cost.

2.3. Foreign currency transactions

(a) Presentation and functional currencies

The items included in the financial statements of each of the entities of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and its Subsidiaries are valued using the currency of the main economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). The functional currency of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. is the United States Dollar, which is also the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated to the functional currency using the exchange rates on the transaction dates. Foreign currency gains and losses resulting from the liquidation of these transactions and from the translation at the closing exchange rates of the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign

currency are shown in the consolidated statement of income by function except when deferred in Other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

(c) Adjustment due to hyperinflation

After July 1, 2018, the Argentine economy was considered, for purposes of IFRS Accounting Standards, hyperinflationary. The consolidated financial statements of the subsidiaries whose functional currency is the Argentine Peso have been restated.

The non-monetary items of the statement of financial position as well as the income statement, comprehensive income and cash flows of the group's entities, whose functional currency corresponds to a hyperinflationary economy, are adjusted for inflation and re-expressed in accordance with the variation of the consumer price index ("CPI"), at each presentation date of its financial statements. The re-expression of non-monetary items is made from the date of initial recognition in the statements of financial position and considering that the financial statements are prepared under the historical cost criterion.

Net losses or gains arising from the re-expression of non-monetary ítems and income and costs are recognized in the consolidated income statement under "Result of indexation units".

Net gains and losses on the re-expression of opening balances due to the initial application of IAS 29 are recognized in consolidated retained earnings.

Re-expression due to hyperinflation will be recorded until the period or exercise in which the economy of the entity ceases to be considered as a hyperinflationary economy. At that time, the adjustments made by hyperinflation will be part of the cost of non-monetary assets and liabilities.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in a stable currency and are not adjusted for subsequent changes in the price level or exchange rates.

(d) Group entities

The results and the financial situation of the Group's entities, whose functional currency is different from the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements, of LATAM Airlines Group S.A., which does not correspond to the currency of a hyperinflationary economy, are converted into the currency of presentation as follows:

(i) Assets and liabilities of each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing exchange rate on the consolidated statement of financial position date;

(ii) The revenues and expenses of each income statement account are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates, and

(iii) All the resultant exchange differences by conversion are shown as a separate component in other comprehensive income, within "Gain (losses) from exchange rate difference, before tax".

For those subsidiaries of the group whose functional currency is different from the presentation currency and corresponds to the currency of a hyperinflationary economy; its restated results, cash flow and financial situation are converted to the presentation currency at the closing exchange rate on the date of the consolidated financial statements.

The exchange rates used correspond to those fixed in the country where the subsidiary is located, whose functional currency is different to the U.S. dollar.

2.4. Property, plant and equipment

The land of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and its Subsidiaries, are recognized at cost less any accumulated impairment loss. The rest of the Property, plant and equipment are recorded, both at their initial recognition and their subsequent measurement, at their historical cost, restated for inflation when appropriate, less the corresponding depreciation and any loss due to impairment.

The amounts of advances paid to the aircraft manufacturers are capitalized by the Company under Construction in progress until they are received.

Subsequent costs (replacement of components, improvements, extensions, etc.) are included in the value of the initial asset or are recognized as a separate asset, only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the elements of property, plant and equipment, will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be determined reliably. The value of the replaced component is written off. The rest of the repairs and maintenance are charged to income when they are incurred.

The depreciation of the Property, plant and equipment is calculated using the linear method over their estimated technical useful lives; except in the case of certain technical components which are depreciated on the basis of cycles and hours flown. This charge is recognized in the captions "Cost of sale" and "Administrative expenses".

The residual value and the useful life of assets are reviewed and adjusted, if necessary, once a year. Useful lives are detailed in Note 16 (d).

When the value of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, its value is immediately reduced to its recoverable amount.

Losses and gains from the sale of property, plant and equipment are calculated by comparing the consideration with the book value and are included in the consolidated statement of income.

- 2.5. Intangible assets other than goodwill
- (a) Airport slots and Loyalty program

Airport slots and the Loyalty program correspond to intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and are annually tested for impairment as an integral part of the CGU Air Transport.

Airport Slots correspond to an administrative authorization to carry out operations of arrival and departure of aircraft, at a specific airport, within a certain period of time.

The Loyalty program corresponds to the system of accumulation and exchange of points that is part of TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.

The airport slots and Loyalty program were recognized at fair value under IFRS 3, as a consequence of the business combination with TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries.

(b) Computer software

Licenses for computer software acquired are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred in acquiring them and preparing them for using the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives, for which the Company has defined useful lives between 3 and 10 years.

Expenses related to the development or maintenance of computer software which do not qualify for capitalization, are shown as an expense when incurred. The personnel costs and other costs directly related to the production of unique and identifiable computer software controlled by the Company, are shown as intangible Assets other than Goodwill when they have met all the criteria for capitalization.

2.6. Borrowing costs

Interest costs incurred for the construction of any qualified asset are capitalized over the time necessary for completing and preparing the asset for its intended use. Other interest costs are recognized in the consolidated statement of income by function when accrued.

2.7. Losses for impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Assets subject to amortization are tested for impairment losses whenever any event or change in circumstances indicates that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the fair value of an asset less the costs of sale or the value in use, whichever is greater. For the purpose of evaluating impairment losses, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash generating unit. Non-financial assets, other than goodwill, that would have suffered an impairment loss are reviewed if there are indicators of reversal of losses. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income by function under "Other gains (losses)".

2.8. Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through gains or losses), and at amortized cost. The classification depends on the business model of the entity to manage the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The group reclassifies debt investments when, and only when, it changes its business model to manage those assets.

In the initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset classified at amortized cost, the transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets accounted for at fair value through profit or loss are recorded as expenses in the consolidated statement of income by function.

(a) Debt instruments

The subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the group's business model to manage the asset and cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company has two measurement categories in which the group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost: the assets held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent only payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in income when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in financial income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss: assets that do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss and is presented net in the consolidated statement of income by function within other gains / (losses) in the period or exercise in which it arises.

(b) Equity instruments

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other gains / (losses) in the consolidated statement of income by function as appropriate.

The Company evaluates in advance the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments recorded at amortized cost. The applied impairment methodology depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit.

2.9. Derivative financial instruments and embedded derivatives

Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

Initially at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract was made and are subsequently valued at their fair value. The method to recognize the resulting loss or gain depends on whether the derivative designated as a hedging instrument and, if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

The Company designates certain derivatives as:

(a) Hedge of an identified risk associated with a recognized liability or an expected highly- probable transaction (cash-flow hedge), or

(b) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting.

At the beginning of the transaction, the Company documents the economic relationship between the hedged items existing between the hedging instruments and the hedged items, as well as its objectives for risk management and the strategy to carry out various hedging operations. The Company also documents its assessment, both at the beginning and on an ongoing basis, as to whether the derivatives used in the hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting the changes in the fair value or cash flows of the items being hedged.

The total fair value of the hedging derivatives is booked as Other non-current financial asset or liability if the remaining maturity of the item hedged is over 12 months, and as an Other current financial asset or liability if the remaining term of the item hedged is less than 12 months. Derivatives not booked as hedges are classified as Other financial assets or liabilities.

(a) Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is shown in the statement of other comprehensive income. The loss or gain relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of income by function under other gains (losses). Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods or exercise when the hedged item affects profit or loss. When these amounts correspond to hedging derivatives of highly probable items that give rise to non-financial assets or liabilities, in which case, they are recorded as part of the non-financial assets or liabilities.

For fuel price hedges, the amounts shown in the statement of other comprehensive income are reclassified to results under the line-item Cost of sales to the extent that the fuel subject to the hedge is used.

Gains or losses related to the effective part of the change in the intrinsic value of the options are recognized in the cash flow hedge reserve within equity. Changes in the time value of the options related to this part are recognized within Other Consolidated Comprehensive Income in the costs of the hedge reserve within equity.

When a hedging instrument matures, is sold, or fails to meet the requirements to be accounted for as a hedge, any gain or loss accumulated in the statement of Other comprehensive income until that moment, remains in the statement of other comprehensive income and is reclassified to the consolidated statement of income when the hedged transaction is finally recognized.

When it is expected that the hedged transaction is no longer going to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in the statement of other comprehensive income is taken immediately to the consolidated statement of income by function as "Other gains (losses)".

(b) Derivatives not booked as a hedge

The changes in fair value of any derivative instrument that is not booked as a hedge are shown immediately in the consolidated statement of income in "Other gains (losses)".

Embedded derivatives

The Company assesses the existence of embedded derivatives in financial instrument contracts. Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the contracts are not measured at FVTPL as a whole. LATAM Airlines Group S.A. has determined that no embedded derivatives currently exist.

2.10. Inventories

Inventories, are shown at the lower of cost and their net realizable value. The cost is determined on the basis of the weighted average cost method (WAC). The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.11. Trade and other accounts receivable

Commercial accounts receivable are initially recognized at their fair value and subsequently at their amortized cost in accordance with the effective rate method, less the provision for impairment according to the model of the expected credit losses. The Company applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires that expected lifetime losses be recognized upon initial recognition of accounts receivable.

In the event that the Company transfers its rights to any financial asset (generally accounts receivable) to a third party in exchange for a cash payment, the Company evaluates whether all risks and rewards have been transferred, in which case the account receivable is derecognized.

The existence of significant financial difficulties on the part of the debtor, the probability that the debtor goes bankrupt or financial reorganization are considered indicators of a significant increase in credit risk.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced as the provision account is used and the loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement under "Cost of sales". When an account receivable is written off, it is regularized against the provision account for the account receivable.

2.12. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances, time deposits in financial institutions, and other short-term and highly liquid investments and a low risk of loss of value.

2.13. Capital

The common shares are classified as net equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new shares or options are shown in net equity as a deduction from the proceeds received from the placement of shares.

2.14. Trade and other accounts payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost.

2.15. Interest-bearing loans

Financial liabilities are shown initially at their fair value, net of the costs incurred in the transaction. Later, these financial liabilities are valued at their amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds obtained (net of the necessary arrangement costs) and the repayment value, is shown in the consolidated statement of income during the term of the debt, according to the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities are classified in current and non-current liabilities according to the contractual payment dates of the nominal principal and compliance with contractual agreements at the closing date of these financial statements.

Convertible Notes

The component parts of the convertible notes issued by LATAM Airlines Group S.A. are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortized cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date. The

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity.

2.16. Current and deferred taxes

The tax expense for the period or exercise comprises income and deferred taxes.

The current income tax expense is calculated based on tax laws enacted at the date of the statement of financial position, in the countries in which the subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred taxes are recognized on the temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. When deferred taxes arise from the initial recognition of a liability or an asset in a transaction other than a business combination, which at the time of the transaction does not affect either the accounting result or the tax profit or loss, they are recorded. Deferred tax is determined using the tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the date of the consolidated statements of financial position and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability discharged.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent it is probable that the future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The tax (current and deferred) is recognized in the statement of income by function, unless it relates to an item recognized in other comprehensive income, directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or, directly in the statement of income by function, respectively.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if, and only if:

(a) there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and liabilities, and

(b) the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either: (i) the same taxable entity, or (ii) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

LATAM Airlines Group S.A has evaluated the potential impact from the implementation of the "GloBE or Pillar Two rules", which seeks to ensure that multinational groups pay a minimum effective tax rate of 15%. As of March 31, 2024, this regulation has not been adopted in Chile (where LATAM has its headquarters) or in other jurisdictions where LATAM Airlines Group S.A has operating companies. Therefore, it has not been necessary to estimate a potential impact of its application from its entry into force (January 1, 2024). At the close of this financial statements, the group does not present expenses or income for current taxes related to the Pillar Two income tax.

LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and its Subsidiaries have adopted the exception of paragraph 4A of IAS 12, incorporated in the amendment published on May 23, 2023, relating to the recognition and disclosure of deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

- 2.17. Employee benefits
- (a) Personnel vacations

The Company recognizes the expense for personnel vacations on an accrual basis.

(b) Share-based compensation

The compensation plans implemented based on the value of the shares of the Company are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS 2: Share-based payments, for cash settled awards the fair value, updated as of the closing date of each reporting period or exercise, is recorded as a liability with charge to remuneration.

(c) Post-employment and other long-term benefits

Provisions are made for these obligations by applying the method of the projected unit credit method, and considering estimates of future permanence, mortality rates and future wage increases determined on the basis of actuarial calculations. The discount rates are determined by reference to market interest-rate curves. Actuarial gains or losses are shown in other comprehensive income.

(d) Incentives

The Company has an annual incentives plan for its personnel for compliance with objectives and individual contribution to the results. The incentives eventually granted consist of a given number or portion of monthly remuneration and the provision is made on the basis of the amount estimated for distribution.

(e) Termination benefits

The group recognizes termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the group terminates the employee relationship; and (b) when the entity recognizes costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of IAS 37 and involves the payment of terminations benefits.

2.18. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when:

- (i) The Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event;
- (ii) It is probable that payment is going to be required to settle an obligation; and
- (iii) A reliable estimate of the obligation amount can be made.
- 2.19. Revenue from contracts with customers
- (a) Transportation of passengers and cargo

The Company recognizes the sale for the transportation service as a deferred income liability, which is recognized as income when the transportation service has been provided or expired. In the case of air transport services sold by the Company and that will be made by other airlines, the liability is reduced when they are remitted to said airlines. The Company periodically reviews whether it is necessary to make an adjustment to deferred income liabilities, mainly related to returns, changes, among others.

Compensations granted to clients for changes in the levels of services or billing of additional services such as additional baggage, change of seat, among others, are considered modifications of the initial contract, therefore, they are deferred until the corresponding service is provided.

(b) Expiration of air tickets

The Company estimates on a monthly basis the probability of expiration of air tickets, with refund clauses, based on their history of use. Air tickets without a refund clause expire on the date of the flight in case the passenger does not show up.

(c) Costs associated with the contract

The costs related to the sale of air tickets are capitalized and deferred until the moment of providing the corresponding service. These assets are included under the heading "Other current non-financial assets" in the Consolidated Classified Statement of Financial Position.

(d) Frequent passenger program

The Company maintains the following loyalty programs: LATAMPASS's and LATAMPASS's Brazil, whose objective is building customer loyalty through the delivery of miles or points.

These programs give their frequent passengers the possibility of earning LATAMPASS's miles or points, which grant the right to a selection of both air and non-air awards. Additionally, the Company sells the LATAMPASS miles or points to financial and non-financial partners through commercial alliances to award miles or points to their customers.

To reflect the miles and points earned, the loyalty program mainly includes two types of transactions that are considered revenue arrangements with multiple performance obligations: (1) Passenger Ticket Sales Earning miles or points (2) miles or points sold to financial and non-financial partner.

(1) Passenger Ticket Sales Earning Miles or Points.

In this case, the miles or points are awarded to customers at the time that the company performs the flight.

To value the miles or points earned with travel, we consider the quantitative value a passenger receives by redeeming miles for a ticket rather than paying cash, which is referred to as Equivalent Ticket Value ("ETV"). Our estimate of ETV is adjusted for miles and points that are not likely to be redeemed ("breakage").

The balance of miles and points that are pending to redeem are included within deferred revenue.

(2) Miles sold to financial and non-financial partners

To value the miles or points earned through financial and non-financial partners, the performance obligations with the client are estimated separately. To calculate these performance obligations, different components that add value in the commercial contract must be considered, such as marketing, advertising and other benefits, and finally the value of the points awarded to customers based on our ETV. The value of each of these components is finally allocated in proportion to their relative prices. The performance obligations associated with the valuation of the points or miles earned become part of the Deferred Revenue, and the remaining performance obligations are recorded as revenue when the miles or points are delivered to the client.

When the miles and points are exchanged for products and services other than the services provided by the Company, the income is recognized immediately; when the exchange is made for air tickets of any airline of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries, the income is deferred until the air transport service is provided.

The miles and points that the Company estimates will not be exchanged are recognized in the results based on the consumption pattern of the miles or points effectively exchanged by customers. The Company uses statistical models to estimate the probability of exchange, which is based on historical patterns and projections.

2.20. Leases

The Company recognizes contracts that meet the definition of a lease as a right of use asset and a lease liability on the date when the underlying asset is available for use.

Right of use assets are measured at cost including the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- Lease payment made at or before commencement date;
- Initial direct costs, and
- Restoration costs.

The right of use assets are recognized in the statement of financial position in Property, plant and equipment.

Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following payments:

- Fixed payments including in substance fixed payment.
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- The exercise price of a purchase option, if it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The discount rate that LATAM Airlines Group S.A. uses is the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. This is the rate of interest that causes the present value of (a) lease payments and (b) the

unguaranteed residual value to equal the sum of (i) the fair value of the underlying asset and (ii) any initial direct costs of the lessor.

LATAM Airlines Group S.A. uses its incremental borrowing rate if the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined.

Lease liabilities are recognized in the statement of financial position under "Other financial liabilities, current or non-current".

Interest accrued on financial liabilities is recognized in the consolidated statement of income in "Financial costs".

Principal and interest are present in the consolidated cash flow as "Payments of lease liability" and "Interest paid", respectively, within financing cash flows.

Payments associated with short-term leases without purchase options and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis in profit or loss at the time of accrual. Those payments are presented within operating cash flows.

The Company analyzes the financing agreements of aircraft, mainly considering characteristics such as:

(a) That the Company initially acquired the aircraft or took an important part in the process of direct acquisition with the manufacturers.
 (b) Due to the contractual conditions, it is virtually certain that the Company will execute the purchase option of the aircraft at the end of the lease term.

Since these financing agreements are "substantially purchases" and not leases, the related liability is considered as a financial debt classified under IFRS 9 and continues to be presented within the "Other financial liabilities" described in Note 18. On the other hand, the aircraft are presented in Property, Plant and Equipment, as described in Note 16, as "own aircraft".

The Group qualifies as sale and lease transactions, operations that lead to a sale according to IFRS 15. More specifically, a sale is considered as such if there is no option to purchase the goods at the end of the lease term.

If the sale by the seller-lessee is classified as a sale in accordance with IFRS 15, the underlying asset is derecognized, and a right-of-use asset equal to the portion retained proportionally of the amount of the asset is recognized.

If the sale by the seller-lessee is not classified as a sale in accordance with IFRS 15, the transferred assets are kept in the financial statements and a financial liability equal to the sale price is recognized (received from the buyer-lessor).

2.21. Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as assets held for sale are shown at the lesser of their book value and the fair value less costs to sell.

2.22. Maintenance

The costs incurred for scheduled heavy maintenance of the aircraft's fuselage and engines are capitalized and depreciated until the next maintenance. The depreciation rate is determined on technical grounds, according to the use of the aircraft expressed in terms of cycles and flight hours.

In case of aircraft include in property, plant and equipment, these maintenance cost are capitalized as Property, plant and equipment, while in the case of aircraft on right of use, a liability is accrued based on the use of the main components is recognized, since a contractual obligation with the lessor to return the aircraft on agreed terms of maintenance levels exists. These are recognized as Cost of sales.

Additionally, some contracts that comply with the definition of lease establish the obligation of the lessee to make deposits to the lessor as a guarantee of compliance with maintenance and return conditions. These deposits, often called maintenance reserves, accumulate until a major maintenance is performed; and once done, recovery is requested to the lessor. At the end of the contract period, there is comparison between the reserves

that have been paid and required return conditions, and compensation between the parties are made if applicable.

The unscheduled maintenance of aircraft and engines, as well as minor maintenance, are charged to results as incurred.

2.23. Environmental costs

Disbursements related to environmental protection are charged to results when incurred or accrue.

NOTE 3 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1. Financial risk factors

The Company is exposed to different financial risks: (a) market risk, (b) credit risk, and (c) liquidity risk. The risk management of the Company aims to minimize the adverse effects of financial risks affecting the company.

(a) Market risk

Due to the nature of its operations, the Company has exposure to market factors such as: (i) fuel-price risk, (ii) exchange -rate risk (FX), and (iii) interest -rate risk.

The Company has developed manuals and procedures to manage the market risk, which goal is to identify, quantify, monitor and mitigate the adverse effects of changes in market factors mentioned above.

For the foregoing, Management monitors the evolution of fuel price levels, exchange rates and interest rates, quantifies their exposures and their risk, and develops and executes hedging strategies.

(i) Fuel-price risk

Exposure:

For the execution of its operations, the Company purchases a fuel called Jet Fuel grade 54 USGC, which is subject to the fluctuations of international fuel prices.

Mitigation:

To hedge the fuel-price risk exposure, the Company operates with derivative instruments (swaps and options) whose underlying assets may be different from Jet Fuel, such as West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude, Brent ("BRENT") crude and distillate Heating Oil ("HO"), which may have a high correlation with Jet Fuel and greater liquidity.

Fuel Hedging Results:

During the period ended March 31, 2024, the Company recognized gains of US\$19.1 million for fuel hedging net of premiums in the costs of sales for the year. During the period ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized gains of US\$0.8 million for fuel hedging net of premiums in the costs of sales for the year.

As of March 31, 2024, the market value of the fuel positions amounted to US\$37.20 million (positive). At the end of December 2023, this market value was US\$22.1 million (positive).

The following tables show the level of hedge for different periods:

Positions as of March 31, 2024 (*) (Unaudited)	Maturities				
	Q224	Q324	Q424	Q125	Total
Percentage of coverage over the expected volume of consumption	32 %	30 %	30 %	3 %	24 %

Positions as of December 31, 2023 (*)	Maturities				
	Q124	Q224	Q324	Q424	Total
Percentage of coverage over the expected volume of consumption	35 %	32 %	30 %	22 %	30 %

(*) The percentage shown in the table considers all the hedging instruments (swaps and options).

Sensitivity analysis

A drop in fuel price positively affects the Company through a reduction in costs. However, also negatively affects contracted positions as these are acquired to protect the Company against the risk of a rise in price. Therefore, the policy is to maintain a hedge-free percentage in order to be competitive in the event of a drop in price.

The current hedge positions are booked as cash flow hedge contracts, so a variation in the fuel price has an impact on the Company's net equity.

The following table shows the sensitivity of financial instruments according to reasonable changes in the price of fuel and their effect on equity.

The calculations were made considering a parallel movement of US\$ 5 per barrel in the underlying reference price curve at the end of March 2024 and the end of December 2023. The projection period was defined until the end of the last fuel hedging contract in force, being the last business day of the second half of 2025.

Benchmark price (US\$ per barrel)	Positions as of March 31, 2024 effect on Equity (MUS\$)	Positions as of December 31, 2023 effect on Equity (MUS\$)
	Unaudited	
+5	+10.2	+10.8
-5	-12.7	-10.7

Given the fuel hedging structure for the year 2024, which considers a portion free of hedges, a vertical drop of 5 dollars in the JET reference price (considered as the monthly daily average), would have meant an impact of approximately US\$ 34.2 million lower fuel cost. For the same period, a vertical rise of 5 dollars in the JET reference price (considered as the monthly daily average), would have meant an approximate impact of US\$ 40.2 million in higher fuel costs.

(ii) Foreign exchange rate risk:

Exposure:

The functional currency of the financial statements of the Parent Company is the US dollar, so that the risk of the Transactional and Conversion exchange rate arises mainly from the Company's business, strategic and accounting operating activities that are expressed in a monetary unit other than the functional currency.

The subsidiaries of LATAM are also exposed to foreign exchange risk whose impact affects the Company's Consolidated Income.

The largest operational exposure to LATAM's exchange risk comes from the concentration of businesses in Brazil, which are mostly denominated in Brazilian real (R\$), and are actively managed by the Company.

At a lower concentration, the Company is also exposed to the fluctuation of other currencies, such as: Euro, Pound sterling, Australian dollar, Colombian peso, Chilean peso, Argentine peso, Paraguayan guarani, Mexican peso, Peruvian Sol and New Zealand dollar.

Mitigation:

The Company mitigates currency risk exposures by contracting hedging or non-hedging derivative instruments or through natural hedges or execution of internal operations.

Exchange Rate Hedging Results (FX):

As of March 31, 2024, the Company recognized losses of US\$1.4 million for FX hedging derivatives net of premiums reflected in the cost of sale. At the end of March of 2023, the Company recognize gains for US\$1.9 million for FX hedging derivatives cost of sales.

As of March 31, 2024, the market value of hedging FX derivative positions is US\$2.9 million (positive). As of December 31, 2023, the market value of the hedging FX derivative positions was US\$ 1.5 million (negative). As of March 31, 2024, the Company has current hedging FX derivatives for US\$160 million. As of December 31, 2023, the Company holds current hedging FX derivatives of US\$414 million.

Sensitivity analysis:

A depreciation of the R\$/US\$ exchange rate, negatively affects the Company's operating cash flows, however, also positively affects the value of the positions of derivatives contracted.

The following table shows the sensitivity of current hedging FX derivative instruments according to reasonable changes in the exchange rate and its effect on equity.

Appreciation (depreciation) of R\$/US\$	Effect on equity as of March 31, 2024 (MUS\$)	Effect on equity as of December 31, 2023 (MUS\$)
	Unaudited	
-10%	-11.1	-10.0
+10%	+11.2	+19.0

Impact of Exchange rate variation in the Consolidated Income Statements (Foreign exchange gains/losses).

In the case of TAM S.A., whose functional currency is the Brazilian real, a large part of its liabilities is expressed in US dollars. Therefore, when converting financial assets and liabilities, from US dollar to Brazilian reais, they have an impact on the result of TAM S.A., which is consolidated in the Company's Income Statement.

In order to reduce the impact on the Company's result caused by appreciations or depreciations of R\$/US\$, the Company carries out internal operations to reduce the net exposure in US\$ for TAM S.A.

The following table shows the impact of the Exchange Rate variation on the Consolidated Income Statement when the R\$/US\$ exchange rate appreciates or depreciates by 10%:

Appreciation (depreciation) of R\$/US\$	Effect on Income Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 (MUS\$)	Effect on Income Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 (MUS\$)
	Unaudited	Unaudited
-10%	-15.1	+44.1
+10%	+15.1	-44.1

Impact of the exchange rate variation in the Equity, from translate the subsidiaries financial statements into US Dollars (Cumulative Translate Adjustment).

Since the functional currency of TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries is the Brazilian real, the Company presents the effects of the exchange rate fluctuations in Other comprehensive income (Cumulative Translation Adjustment) by converting the Statement of financial position and Income statement of TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries from their functional currency to the U.S. dollar, which is the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statement of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries.

The following table shows the impact on the Cumulative Translation Adjustment included in Other comprehensive income recognized in Total equity in the case of an appreciation or depreciation of 10% in the exchange rate R\$/US\$:

Appreciation (depreciation) of R\$/US\$	Effect at March 31, 2024 MUS\$	Effect at December 31, 2023 MUS\$
	Unaudited	
-10%	+335.42	+327.01
+10%	-274.44	-267.56

(iii) Interest -rate risk:

Exposure:

The Company has exposure to fluctuations in interest rates affecting the future cash flows of the assets, and current and future financial liabilities.

The Company is mainly exposed to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") and other less relevant interest rates such as Brazilian Interbank Certificates of Deposit ("CDI"). Due to the fact that the publication of LIBOR ceased by June 30th 2023, the company has effectively migrated to SOFR as an alternative rate, which was fully materialized on September 30th 2023.

Of the company's financial debt subject to variable rates, all of the contracts maintain exposure to the SOFR reference rate.

Mitigation:

Currently, 50% (50% as of December 31, 2023) of the debt has fixed rate. The variable debt is indexed to the reference rate based on SOFR.

Likewise, most of the company's liquidity is denominated in dollars and indexed to a return rate similar and with alike fluctuation to the SOFR rate, which helps reduce exposure.

Rate Hedging Results:

During the period ended March 31, 2024, the Company did not recognized any losses for premiums paid. As of March 31, 2023, losses of US\$1.3 million (negative) were recognized corresponding to the recognition in profit for premiums paid.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company has no interest rate derivatives outstanding, at the end of December 2023 the Company did not have interest rate derivatives outstanding.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company did not recognize a decrease in the right-of-use asset due to the expiration of derivatives associated with some aircraft leases. On this same date, a lower depreciation expense of the right-of-use asset for US\$ 0.5 million (positive) is recognized. At the end of December 2023, the Company recognized US\$ 0.2 million for this same concept.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company did not settle any derivatives associated with hedges of leased aircraft.

Sensitivity analysis: The following table shows the sensitivity of changes in financial obligations that are not hedged against interest-rate variations. These changes are considered reasonably possible, based on current market conditions each date.

Increase (decrease) of future curve SOFR rate	Positions as of March 31, 2024 effect on Income (Loss) before taxes (MUS\$)	Positions as of December 31, 2023 effect on Income (Loss) before tax (MUS\$)
	Unaudited	Unaudited
+100 basis points	-19.99	-20.27
-100 basis points	+19.99	+20.27

A large part of the derivatives of current rates are recorded as cash flow hedge contracts, therefore, a variation in interest rates has an impact on the market value of the derivatives, whose changes affect the equity of the entity.

The calculations were made by vertically increasing (decreasing) 100 base points of the interest rate curve, both scenarios being reasonably possible according to historical market conditions.

The sensitivity calculation hypothesis must assume that the forward curves of interest rates will not necessarily reflect the real value of the compensation of the flows. In addition, the interest rate structure is dynamic over time.

During the periods presented, the Company did not record any losses for ineffectiveness in the consolidated income statement for this type of coverage.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk occurs when the counterparty does not comply with its obligations to the Company under a specific contract or financial instrument, resulting in a loss in the market value of a financial instrument (only financial assets, not liabilities). The customer portfolio as of March 31, 2024 has experienced an increased by 6% compared to the balance as of December 31, 2023, mainly due to an increase in passenger transportation operations (travel agencies and corporate) that increased by 20% in its sales, mainly affecting the payment methods credit card 23%, and cash sales 15%. In relation to the cargo business, it presented a decrease in its operations of 7% compared to December 2023. There was special consideration for the Expected Credit Loss calculation for the clients with balance at the year end that management considered risky. The Expected Credit Loss at the end of March 2024 had a decrease 8% compared to the end of December 2023, as a result of the decrease in the portfolio due to collection, and due to the application of write-offs.

The Company is exposed to credit risk due to its operational activities and its financial activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, investments in other types of instruments, exchange rate transactions and derivatives contracts. To reduce the credit risk related to operational activities, the company has implemented credit limits to limit the exposure of its debtors, which are permanently monitored for the LATAM network, when deemed necessary, agencies have been blocked for cargo and passenger businesses.

(i) Financial activities

Cash surpluses that remain after the financing of assets necessary for the operation are invested according to credit limits approved by the Company's Board, mainly in time deposits with different financial institutions, private investment funds and short-term mutual funds. These investments are booked as Cash and cash equivalents and other current financial assets.

In order to reduce counterparty risk and to ensure that the risk assumed is known and managed by the Company, investments are diversified among different banking institutions (both local and international). The Company evaluates the credit standing of each counterparty and the levels of investment, based on (i) its credit rating, and (ii) investment limits according to the Company's level of liquidity. According to these two parameters, the Company chooses the most restrictive parameter of the previous two and based on this, establishes limits for operations with each counterparty.

The Company has no guarantees to mitigate this exposure.

(ii) Operational activities

The Company has four large sales "clusters": travel agencies, cargo agents, airlines and credit-card administrators. The first three are governed by International Air Transport Association ("IATA"), international organization comprising most of the airlines that represent over 90% of scheduled commercial traffic and one of its main objectives is to regulate the financial transactions between airlines and travel agents and cargo. When an agency or airline does not pay their debt, it is excluded from operating with IATA's member airlines. In the case of credit-card administrators, they are fully guaranteed by 100% by the issuing institutions.

The exposure consists of the term granted, which fluctuates between 1 and 45 days.

One of the tools the Company uses for reducing credit risk is to participate in global entities related to the industry, such as IATA, Business Sales Processing ("BSP"), Cargo Account Settlement Systems ("CASS"), IATA Clearing House ("ICH") and banks (credit cards). These institutions fulfill the role of collectors and distributors between airlines and travel and cargo agencies. In the case of the Clearing House, it acts as an offsetting entity between airlines for the services provided between them. A reduction in term and implementation of guarantees has been achieved through these entities.

The sales invoicing of TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. related with cargo agents for domestic transportation in Brazil is done directly by TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.

Credit quality of financial assets

The external credit evaluation system used by the Company is provided by IATA. Internal systems are also used for particular evaluations or specific markets based on trade reports available on the local market. The internal classification system is complementary to the external one, i.e. for agencies or airlines not members of IATA, the internal demands are greater.

To reduce the credit risk associated with operational activities, the Company has established credit limits to mitigate the exposure of their debtors which are monitored permanently (mainly in case of operational activities of TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. with travel agents). The bad-debt rate in the principal countries where the Company has a presence is insignificant.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Company does not have sufficient funds to pay its obligations.

Due to the cyclical nature of its business, the operation and investment needs, along with the need for financing, the Company requires liquid funds, defined as Cash and cash equivalents plus other short-term financial assets, to meet its payment obligations.

The balance of liquid funds, future cash generation and the ability to obtain financing, provide the Company with alternatives to meet future investment and financing commitments.

As of March 31, 2024, the balance of liquid funds is US\$1,851 million ((US\$ 1,715 million as of December 31, 2023), which are invested in short-term instruments through financial entities with a high credit rating classification.

As of March 31, 2024, LATAM maintains two Revolving Credit Facility for a total of US\$1,100 million, one for an amount of US\$600 million and another for an amount of US\$500 million, which are fully available. The first of these lines is secured by and subject to the availability of certain collateral (i.e. aircraft, engines and spare parts). The second one, is secured by certain intangibles assets of the Company, which are shared with other Chapter 11 exit financing debt.

Class of liability for the analysis of liquidity risk ordered by date of maturity as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) Debtor: LATAM Airlines Group S.A. Tax No. 89.862.200-2 Chile.

				Up to	More than 90 days	More than one to	More than three to	More than				Anr	nual
Tax No.	Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	Total	Nominal value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Bank loans													
0-E	GOLDMAN												
	SACHS	U.S.A.	US\$	43,843	129,838	314,827	1,158,315	_	1,646,823	1,086,250	Quarterly	20.24	14.97
011° - 6	14 A 11												
97.036.000-	vith the public SANTANDER	Chile	UF										
97.036.000- K	SANTANDER	Chile	UF	_	2,912	5,772	5,772	164,495	178,951	144,291	To the expiration	2.00	2.00
0-E	WILMINGTON	U.S.A.	US\$								1		
	TRUST COMPANY			76,906	76,906	307,625	697,438	793,625	1,952,500	1,150,000	To the expiration	15.00	13.38
97.036.000-	SANTANDER	Chile	US\$	70,700	70,700	507,025	077,450	175,025	1,752,500	1,150,000	to the expiration	15.00	15.56
K				—	_	_	_	6	6	3	To the expiration	1.00	1.00
Guaranteed o 0-E	BNP PARIBAS	U.S.A.	US\$	5,853	17,525	43,006	41,319	116,416	224,119	168,792	Quarterly	6.92	6.92
0-E 0-E	WILMINGTON	U.S.A. U.S.A.	US\$ US\$	3,633	17,525	43,000	41,519	110,410	224,119	106,792	Quarterry	0.92	0.92
θE	TRUST	0.5.71.	050										
	COMPANY			5,902	17,142	42,745	40,781	47,801	154,371	127,409	Quarterly/Monthly	8.73	8.73
	teed obligation												
0-E	EXIM BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	444	6,351	43,524	43,488	11,231	105,038	99,109	Quarterly	2.29	2.05
0-E	MUFG	U.S.A.	US\$	12,770	37,754	4,218	_		54,742	52,335	Quarterly	7.11	7.11
0-Е	CREDIT AGRICOLE	France	US\$	13,661	26,027	75,003	238,441	_	353,132	266,768	To the expiration	9.39	9.39
				- ,	- ,		,				r i r i r		
Financial leas	20												
0-E	NATIXIS	France	US\$	10,469	30,704	75,073	71,001	87,580	274,827	206,865	Quarterly	7.54	7.54
0-Е	US BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	17,193	42,018	6,573	_	_	65,784	64,524	Quarterly	4.51	3.20
0-E	EXIM BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	3,193	42,550	200,756	143,197	60,588	450,284	413,072	Quarterly	4.12	3.30
0-E	BANK OF UTAH	U.S.A.	US\$	5,896	17,724	47,679	58,688	107,262	237,249	170,008	Monthly	10.71	10.71
Others loans													
0-E	OTHERS (*)	Chile	US\$	99					99	99	To the expiration	_	_
	TOTAL			196,229	447,451	1,166,801	2,498,440	1,389,004	5,697,925	3,949,525			

(•) Obligation with creditors for executed letters of credit.

Class of liability for the analysis of liquidity risk ordered by date of maturity as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) Debtor: TAM S.A. Tax No. 02.012.862/0001-60, Brazil.

				Up to	More than 90 days	More than one to	More than three to	More than				Anr	nual
Tax No.	Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	Total	Nominal value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Financial le	eases												
0-E	NATIXIS	France	US\$	510	1,530	4,080	9,886	—	16,006	16,006	Quarterly		
	TOTAL			510	1,530	4,080	9,886		16,006	16,006			
					· · · ·	,	. ,		-,	.,			

Class of liability for the analysis of liquidity risk ordered by date of maturity as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited) Debtor: LATAM Airlines Group S.A. Tax No. 89.862.200-2, Chile.

				Up to	More than 90 days	More than one to	More than three to	More than				Anı	nual
Tax No.	Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	Total	Nominal value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Lease Liat	bility												
	AIRCRAFT	OTHERS	US\$	144,478	436,400	1,154,914	961,011	1,780,072	4,476,875	3,017,820	—	_	—
	OTHER ASSETS	OTHERS	US\$	2,532	7,578	20,101	20,620	61,531	112,362	62,149	_	_	_
			CLP	17	52	67	_		136	134	_	_	_
			UF	405	1,142	2,601	2,205	4,361	10,714	10,705	_	_	_
			COP	122	234	243	128	_	727	564	_	_	_
			EUR	30	84	120	16		250	240	_	_	_
			BRL	2,318	6,835	14,830	14,505	24,084	62,572	34,924	—	—	—
			MXN	104	295	211	—		610	608	—	_	—
Trade and	other accounts pa	yables											
-	OTHERS	OTHERS	US\$	990,209	8,117	—	—	—	998,326	709,933	—	_	—
			CLP	31,647	1,857	_	—	—	33,504	64,317	—	—	—
			BRL	296,091	7,282	_	—	—	303,373	409,474	—	—	—
			Other currency	136,528	2,089			—	138,617	118,189	—	_	_
Accounts j	payable to related	parties curre	ents										
Foreign	Qatar Airways	Qatar	US\$	—	4,895	—	—	—	4,895	4,895	—	_	_
Foreign	Delta Air Lines, Inc.	USA	US\$	_	7,396	_	_	_	7,396	7,396	_	_	
	Total			1,604,481	484,256	1,193,087	998,485	1,870,048	6,150,357	4,441,348			
	Total consolidated			1,801,220	933,237	2,363,968	3,506,811	3,259,052	11,864,288	8,406,879			

Class of liability for the analysis of liquidity risk ordered by date of maturity as of December 31, 2023 Debtor: LATAM Airlines Group S.A. Tax No. 89.862.200-2 Chile.

Tax No. Creditor country Currency days year years years years Total value Amortization rate	minal rate % 15.04 2.00
Bank loans 97.023.000-9 GOLDMAN U.S.A. US\$ SACHS 44,721 127,878 302,953 1,192,355 — 1,667,907 1,089,000 Quarterly 20.31	15.04
97.023.000-9 GOLDMAN U.S.A. US\$ SACHS 44,721 127,878 302,953 1,192,355 — 1,667,907 1,089,000 Quarterly 20.31	
SACHS 44,721 127,878 302,953 1,192,355 — 1,667,907 1,089,000 Quarterly 20.31	
Obligations with the public	2.00
	2.00
97.030.000-7 SANTANDER Chile UF — 3,230 6,409 6,409 182,647 198,695 160,214 At Expiration 2.00	
0-E WILMINGTON U.S.A. US\$ TRUST	
COMPANY – 153,813 307,625 697,438 793,625 1,952,501 1,150,000 At Expiration 15.00	13.38
97.036.000-K SANTANDER Chile US\$ 6 6 3 At Expiration 1.00	1.00
Guaranteed obligations	
0-E BNP PARIBAS U.S.A. US\$ 5,940 17,082 41,319 40,578 120,730 225,649 171,704 Quarterly 6.98	6.98
0-E WILMINGTON U.S.A. US\$	
TRUST Quarterly / COMPANY 5,948 16,928 42,098 40,736 54,056 159,766 132,585 Monthly 8.76	8.76
Other guaranteed obligation	
0-E EXIM BANK U.S.A. US\$ 452 1,348 43,531 43,494 16,665 105,490 99,109 Quarterly 2.29	2.05
0-E MUFG U.S.A. US\$ 12,919 37,926 16,649 — — 67,494 64,102 Quarterly 7.11	7.11
0-E CREDIT France US\$ AGRICOLE 6,451 33,576 75,714 243,842 — 359,583 266,768 At Expiration 9.43	9.43
Financial lease	
0-E NATIXIS France US\$ 10,653 30,443 73,474 70,443 94,995 280,008 215,357 Quarterly 7.58	7.58
0-E US BANK U.S.A. US\$ 17,984 50,411 17,681 86,076 84,177 Quarterly 4.41	3.16
0-E PK AIRFINANCE U.S.A. US\$ Quarterly -	_
0-E EXIM BANK U.S.A. US\$ 3,262 9,389 216,015 148,582 75,118 452,366 413,072 Quarterly 4.13	3.31
0-E BANK OF UTAH U.S.A. US\$ 5,891 17,705 47,590 54,357 117,597 243,140 172,582 Monthly 10.71	10.71
Others loans	
0-E OTHERS (*) Chile US\$ 104 104 104 At Expiration -	_
TOTAL 114,325 499,729 1,191,058 2,538,234 1,455,439 5,798,785 4,018,777	

(•) Obligation with creditors for executed letters of credit.

Class of liability for the analysis of liquidity risk ordered by date of maturity as of December 31, 2023 Debtor: TAM S.A. Tax No. 02.012.862/0001-60, Brazil.

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			Un to				More than				Anr	nual
Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	Total	Nominal value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
			ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
leases												
NATIXIS	France	US\$	1,020	1,530	4,080	9,376	_	16,006	16,006	Semiannual/Quarterly	_	_
TOTAL			1,020	1,530	4,080	9,376	<u> </u>	16,006	16,006			
	eases NATIXIS	Creditor country eases NATIXIS France	Creditor country Currency eases NATIXIS France US\$	Creditor country Currency days rhUS\$ ThUS\$ seases NATIXIS France US\$ 1,020	CreditorCreditor countryCurrencyUp to 90 days ThUS\$90 days to one yearreasesNATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,530	CreditorCreditor countryCurrencyUp to 90 days90 days to one yearone to three yearsreasesThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$NATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,5304,080	CreditorCreditor countryCurrencyUp to 90 days90 days to one yearone to three to five yearsthree to five yearsreasesThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$NATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,5304,0809,376	CreditorCreditor countryCurrencyUp to 90 days90 days to one yearone to three yearsthree to five yearsMore than five yearsreasesThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$NATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,5304,0809,376—	CreditorCreditor countryCurrencyUp to 90 days90 days to one yearone to three yearsthree to five yearsMore than five yearsCreditorCurrencyMore than daysThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$reasesNATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,5304,0809,376—16,006	CreditorCreditor countryCurrencyUp to 90 days mass90 days to one yearone to three yearsthree to five yearsMore than five yearsNominal valuereasesThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$ThUS\$NATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,5304,0809,376—16,00616,006	CreditorCreditor countryUp to 90 days90 days to one yearone to three yearsthree to five yearsMore than five yearsNominal valueNominal valueAmortizationreasesNATIXISFranceUS\$1,0201,5304,0809,376—16,00616,006Semiannual/Quarterly	Up to Creditor 90 days bo one days one to to one days three to three years More than five years Nominal years Nominal value Amore Amore value Creditor country Currency 00 days days one to year three to years More than five years Nominal value Amore value Amore trate reases ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ % NATIXIS France US\$ 1,020 1,530 4,080 9,376 — 16,006 16,006 Semiannual/Quarterly —

Class of liability for the analysis of liquidity risk ordered by date of maturity as of December 31, 2023 Debtor: LATAM Airlines Group S.A. Tax No. 89.862.200-2, Chile.

				Up to	More than 90 days	More than one to	More than three to	More than				Ann	ual
Tax No.	Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	Total	Nominal value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Lease Lia	bility												
	AIRCRAFT	OTHERS	US\$	139,599	419,554	1,116,682	928,238	1,685,262	4,289,335	2,894,195	_	_	_
	OTHER ASSETS	OTHERS	US\$	2,523	7,276	14,863	846	1,404	26,912	25,680	_	_	_
			CLP	19	57	94	_	_	170	135	_	_	_
			UF	557	1,255	2,906	2,426	5,099	12,243	11,097	_	_	_
			COP	122	308	266	148	_	844	667	_	_	_
			EUR	63	101	172	23	_	359	296	_	_	_
			BRL	2,314	6,871	15,177	14,438	25,742	64,542	35,841	_	_	_
			MXN	24	71	8	_	_	103	84	_	_	_
Trade and	l other accounts pay	ables											
	OTHERS	OTHERS	US\$	846,541	7,063	—	_	_	853,604	709,933	—	_	_
			CLP	44,593	8,072	_	_	_	52,665	64,317	_	_	_
			BRL	309,999	7,671	_	_	_	317,670	409,474	_	_	_
			Other currency	178,740	5,522	_	_	_	184,262	118,189	_	_	_
Accounts	payable to related p	arties currents											
Foreign	Qatar Airways	Qatar	US\$	_	2,312	_	_	_	2,312	2,312	_	_	_
Foreign	Delta Air Lines, Inc.	USA	US\$	_	5,132	_	_	_	5,132	5,132	_	_	_
	Total			1,525,094	471,265	1,150,168	946,119	1,717,507	5,810,153	4,277,352			
	Total consolidated			1,640,439	972,524	2,345,306	3,493,729	3,172,946	11,624,944	8,312,135			

The Company has fuel, interest rate and exchange rate hedging strategies involving derivatives contracts with different financial institutions.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company maintains guarantees for US\$6.6 million corresponding to derivative transactions. The decrease is due to: i) Increase in the number of hedging contracts and ii) changes in fuel prices, exchange rates and interest rates. At the end of 2023, the Company had guarantees for US\$ 11 million corresponding to derivative transactions.

3.2. Capital risk management

The objectives of the Company, in relation to capital management are: (i) to meet the minimum equity requirements and (ii) to maintain an optimal capital structure.

The Company monitors contractual obligations and regulatory requirements in the different countries where the group's companies are domiciled to ensure faithful compliance with the minimum equity requirement, the most restrictive limit of which is to maintain positive liquid equity.

Additionally, the Company periodically monitors the short and long term cash flow projections to ensure that it has sufficient cash generation alternatives to meet future investment and financing commitments.

The Company's international credit rating is the result of its ability to meet its long-term financial commitments. As of March 31, 2024, The Company has a national scale rating of BBB with stable outlook by Fitch, a rating of BBB with stable outlook by ICR and a rating of BBB-with stable outlook by Feller. On an international scale, it has a rating of B+ with a positive outlook by Standard & Poor's and a rating of B1 with a stable outlook by Moody's.

3.3. Estimates of fair value.

At March 31, 2024, the Company maintained financial instruments that should be recorded at fair value. These are grouped into two categories:

1. Derivative financial instruments:

This category includes the following instruments:

- Fuel derivative contracts,
- Currency derivative contracts.
- 2. Financial Investments:

This category includes the following instruments:

- Investments in short-term Mutual Funds (cash equivalent).

The Company has classified the fair value measurement using a hierarchy that reflects the level of information used in the assessment. This hierarchy consists of 3 levels (I) fair value based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, (II) fair value calculated through valuation methods based on inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) and (III) fair value based on inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets, such as investments acquired for trading, is based on quoted market prices at the close of the period using the current price of the buyer. The fair value of financial assets not traded in active markets (derivative contracts) is determined using valuation techniques that maximize use of available market information. Valuation techniques generally used by the Company are quoted market prices of similar instruments and / or estimating the present value of future cash flows using forward price curves of the market at period end.

The following table shows the classification of financial instruments at fair value, depending on the level of information used in the assessment:

		As of Marc	h 31, 2024			As of Decem	ber 31, 2023	
			e measuremer ues considere			Fair value measurements using values considered as		
	Fair value	Level I	Level II	Level III	Fair value	Level I	Level II	Level III
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
		Unau	dited					
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	58,608	58,608			89,706	89,706		—
Short-term mutual funds	58,608	58,608		_	89,706	89,706	_	
Other financial assets, current	40,309		40,309	_	22,136	_	22,136	
Fair value of fuel derivatives	37,177	—	37,177		22,136	—	22,136	—
Fair value of foreign currency derivative	3,132	_	3,132	_	_	_	—	_
Liabilities								
Other financial liabilities, current Fair value of foreign currency	247		247	_	1,544	—	1,544	_
derivatives	247	—	247	_	1,544	—	1,544	—

Additionally, at March 31, 2024, the Company has financial instruments which are not recorded at fair value. In order to meet the disclosure requirements of fair values, the Company has valued these instruments as shown in the table below:

	As of March 31, 2024 As of D		As of Decemb	December 31, 2023	
-	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	
-	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaud	lited			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,792,765	1,792,765	1,625,055	1,625,055	
Cash on hand	3,006	3,006	2,019	2,019	
Bank balance	657,917	657,917	552,187	552,187	
Overnight	29,865	29,865	75,236	75,236	
Time deposits	1,101,977	1,101,977	995,613	995,613	
Other financial assets, current	138,016	138,016	152,683	152,683	
Other financial assets	138,016	138,016	152,683	152,683	
Trade debtors, other accounts receivable and Current accounts receivable	1,369,166	1,369,166	1,385,910	1,385,910	
Accounts receivable from entities related, current	7	7	28	28	
Other financial assets, non-current	39,260	39,260	34,485	34,485	
Accounts receivable, non-current	12,371	12,371	12,949	12,949	
Other current financial liabilities	676,391	905,500	594,519	867,791	
Accounts payable for trade and other accounts payable, current	1,742,214	1,742,214	1,765,279	1,765,279	
Accounts payable to entities related, current	12,291	12,291	7,444	7,444	
Other financial liabilities, non current	6,400,346	6,260,143	6,341,669	6,174,294	
Accounts payable, non current	435,147	435,147	418,587	418,587	

The book values of accounts receivable and payable are assumed to approximate their fair values, due to their short-term nature. In the case of cash on hand, bank balances, overnight, time deposits and accounts payable, non-current, fair value approximates their carrying values.

The fair value of other financial liabilities is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate for similar financial instruments (Level II). In the case of Other financial assets, the valuation was performed according to market prices at period end. The book value of Other financial liabilities, current or non-current, do not include lease liabilities.

NOTE 4 - ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Company has used estimates to value and record some of the assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and commitments. Basically, these estimates refer to:

(a) Impairment of Intangible asset with indefinite useful life

Management conducts an impairment test annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate potential impairment. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount.

Management's value-in-use calculations included significant judgments and assumptions relating to revenue growth rates, exchange rates, discount rates, inflation rates, fuel price. The estimation of these assumptions requires significant judgment by management as these variables are inherently uncertain; however, the assumptions used are consistent with the Company's forecasts approved by management. Therefore, management evaluates and updates the estimates as necessary in light of conditions that affect these variables. The main assumptions used as well as the corresponding sensitivity analyses are shown in Note 15.

(b) Depreciation expense and impairment of Properties, Plant and Equipment

The depreciation of assets is calculated based on a straight-line basis, except for certain technical components depreciated on cycles and hours flown. These useful lives are reviewed on an annual basis according to the Company's future economic benefits associated with them.

Changes in circumstances such as: technological advances, business model, planned use of assets or capital strategy may result in a useful life different from what has been estimated. When it is determined that the useful life of property, plant, and equipment must be reduced, as may occur in line with changes in planned usage of assets, the difference between the net book value and estimated recoverable value is depreciated, in accordance with the revised remaining useful life.

The residual values are estimated according to the market value that the assets will have at the end of their life. The residual value and useful life of the assets are reviewed, and adjusted if necessary, once a year. When the value of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, its value is immediately reduced to its recoverable amount.

The Company has concluded that the Properties, Plant and Equipment cannot generate cash inflows to a large extent independent of other assets, therefore the impairment assessment is made as an integral part of the only Cash Generating Unit maintained by the Company, Air Transport. The Company checks when there are signs of impairment, whether the assets have suffered any impairment losses at the Cash Generated Unit level.

(c) Recoverability of deferred tax assets

Management records deferred taxes on the temporary differences that arise between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets on tax losses are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future tax benefits will be available to offset temporary differences.

The Company applies significant judgment in evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets. In determining the amounts of the deferred tax asset to be accounted for, management considers tax planning strategies, historical profitability, projected future taxable income (considering assumptions such as: growth rate, exchange rate, discount rate and fuel price consistent with those used in the impairment analysis of the group's cash-generating unit) and the expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences.

(d) Air tickets sold that will not be finally used.

The Company records the sale of air tickets as deferred revenue. Ordinary revenue from the sale of tickets is recognized in the statement of income when the passenger transportation service is provided or expires due to non-use. The Company evaluates the probability of expiration of air tickets on a monthly basis, based on the history of use. A change in this probability could impact revenue in the year in which the change occurs and in future years.

As of March 31, 2024, deferred revenues associated with air tickets sold amount to ThUS\$1,837,179 (ThUS\$2,009,242 as of December 31, 2023). A hypothetical change of one percentage point in the probability of expiration of up to ThUS\$9,792 per month (ThUS\$10,150 as of December 31, 2023).

(e) Valuation of the miles and points awarded to the holders of the loyalty programs, pending use.

As of March 31, 2024, deferred revenue associated with the LATAM Pass loyalty program from Spanish-speaking countries increased to ThUS\$1,058,870 (ThUS\$1,099,580 as of December 31, 2023). An hypothetical change of one percentage point in the probability of redemption would translate into a cumulative impact of ThUS\$31,965 on the results of 2024 (ThUS\$as of March 31, 2023). Deferred revenue associated with the LATAM Pass Brazil loyalty program increased to ThUS\$202,806 as of March 31, 2024 (ThUS\$179,151 as of December 31, 2023). An hypothetical change of one percentage point in the exchange probability would result in an accumulated impact of ThUS\$4,998 on the results of 2023 (ThUS\$3,728 as of March 31, 2023).

The company, in conjunction with an external consultant, estimates the probability of non-use based on a predictive model, according to the redemption behaviors and validity of miles and points using significant judgments and critical assumptions which consider the historical use activity and the expected use pattern.

(f) Legal Contingencies

In the case of known contingencies, the Company records a provision when it has a present obligation, whether legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation amount can be made. The assessment of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and estimates of the outcome of future events, the likelihood of loss being incurred and when determining whether a reliable estimate of the loss can be made. The Company assesses its liabilities and contingencies based upon the best information available, uses the knowledge, experience and professional judgment to the specific characteristics of the known risks. This process facilitates the early assessment and quantification of potential risks in individual cases or in the development of contingent matters. If we are unable to reliably estimate the obligation or conclude no loss is probable but it is reasonably possible that a loss may be incurred, no provision is recorded but the contingency is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Company recognized as the present obligation under an onerous contract as a provision when a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

(g) Leases

In year 2022, as a result of the arrival of new aircraft and the significant change in the flows of many current contracts, the Company evaluated the relevance in the current scenario of continuing to use the implicit rate, a methodology used in recent years, or whether it should in instead use a different approximation for calculating the rate. It was concluded that the implicit rate was not being able to reflect the economic environment in which the company operates, therefore it was not accurately representing the Company's indebtedness conditions. Because of this, all new contracts entered into from 2022 and all contracts that were modified from 2022 used the incremental rate. Existing contracts that remained unchanged continued using the original implicit discount rate.

(i) Discount rate

To determine the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the implicit rate in the contracts when it is easily determinable. Otherwise, it uses the lessee's estimated incremental borrowing rate, which is derived from the information available at the lease commencement date. We consider our recent debt issuances as well as publicly available data for instruments with similar characteristics when calculating our incremental borrowing rates. A one percentage point decrease in our estimate of the rates used in determining the current lease liabilities for the registered fleet as of March 31, 2024, would increase the lease liability by approximately US\$116 million (US\$111 million as of December 31, 2023).

(ii) Lease term

In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option are considered. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if it is reasonably certain that the lease will be extended (or not terminated). This is reviewed if a significant event or significant change in circumstances occurs that affects this assessment and is within the lessee's control.

In any case, it is possible that events that may take place in the future make it necessary to modify them in future periods, which would be done prospectively.

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

As of March 31, 2024, the Company considers that it has a single operating segment, Air Transport. This segment corresponds to the route network for air transport and is based on the way in which the business is managed, according to the centralized nature of its operations, the ability to open and close routes, as well as reassignment (airplanes, crew, personnel, etc.) within the network, which implies a functional interrelation between all of them, making them inseparable. This segment definition is one of the most common in the worldwide airline industry.

The Company's revenues by geographic area are as follows:

	For the period ende	ed at March 31,
	2024	2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudi	ted
Peru	269,152	217,290
Argentina	74,829	73,506
U.S.A.	323,692	289,986
Europe	244,908	230,860
Colombia	170,625	133,800
Brazil	1,418,423	1,090,692
Ecuador	93,417	80,105
Chile	501,787	492,877
Asia Pacific and rest of Latin America	170,366	162,526
Income from ordinary activities	3,267,199	2,771,642
Other operating income	54,134	33,816

The Company allocates revenues by geographic area based on the point of sale of the passenger ticket or cargo. Assets are composed primarily of aircraft and aeronautical equipment, which are used throughout the different countries, so it is not possible to assign a geographic area.

The Company has no customers that individually represent more than 10% of sales.

NOTE 6 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Cash on hand	3,006	2,019
Bank balances (1)	657,917	552,187
Overnight	29,865	75,236
Total Cash	690,788	629,442
Cash equivalents		
Time deposits	1,101,977	995,613
Mutual funds	58,608	89,706
Total cash equivalents	1,160,585	1,085,319
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,851,373	1,714,761

(1) As of March 31, 2024, within the item bank balances are ThUS\$513,865 related to banks accounts that pay interest to the Company for the daily or monthly balances (ThUS\$391,966 as of December 31, 2023)

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

Currency	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Argentine peso	4,990	3,438
Brazilian real	452,055	520,796
Chilean peso	27,520	47,933
Colombian peso	29,910	36,326
Euro	20,445	25,329
US Dollar	1,257,907	1,020,467
Pound Sterling	7,203	5,073
Mexican peso	6,276	8,159
R.P. Chinese Yuan	24,500	20,801
Other currencies	20,567	26,439
Total	1,851,373	1,714,761

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments by category

As of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Assets	Measured at amortized cost	At fair value with changes in results	Hedge derivatives	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,792,765	58,608	—	1,851,373
Other financial assets, current	138,016	—	40,309	178,325
Trade and others accounts receivable, current	1,369,166	—	—	1,369,166
Accounts receivable from related entities, current	7	—	—	7
Other financial assets, non current	39,260	—	—	39,260
Accounts receivable, non current	12,371	—	—	12,371
Total	3,351,585	58,608	40,309	3,450,502

Liabilities	Measured at amortized cost	At fair value with changes in results	Hedge derivatives	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Other financial liabilities, current	676,391	_	247	676,638
Trade and others accounts payable, current	1,742,214	_	_	1,742,214
Accounts payable to related entities, current	12,291	_	_	12,291
Other financial liabilities, non-current	6,400,346	_	_	6,400,346
Accounts payable, non-current	435,147	—	—	435,147
Total	9,266,389		247	9,266,636

As of December 31, 2023

Assets	Measured at amortized cost	At fair value with changes in results	Hedge derivatives	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,625,055	89,706	—	1,714,761
Other financial assets, current	152,683	—	22,136	174,819
Trade and others accounts receivable, current	1,385,910	—	—	1,385,910
Accounts receivable from related entities, current	28	—	—	28
Other financial assets, non current	34,485	—	—	34,485
Accounts receivable, non current	12,949	—	—	12,949
Total	3,211,110	89,706	22,136	3,322,952

Liabilities	Measured at amortized cost	At fair value with changes in results	Hedge derivatives	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Other financial liabilities, current	594,519	_	1,544	596,063
Trade and others accounts payable, current	1,765,279	_	_	1,765,279
Accounts payable to related entities, current	7,444		_	7,444
Other financial liabilities, non-current	6,341,669	_	_	6,341,669
Accounts payable, non-current	418,587	—	—	418,587
Total	9,127,498		1,544	9,129,042

NOTE 8 - TRADE AND OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE CURRENT, AND NON-CURRENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Trade accounts receivable	1,258,820	1,185,792
Other accounts receivable	182,119	277,845
Total trade and other accounts receivable	1,440,939	1,463,637
Less: Expected credit loss	(59,402)	(64,778)
Total net trade and accounts receivable	1,381,537	1,398,859
Less: non-current portion – accounts receivable	(12,371)	(12,949)
Trade and other accounts receivable, current	1,369,166	1,385,910

The fair value of trade and other accounts receivable does not differ significantly from the book value.

To determine the expected credit losses, the Company groups accounts receivable for passenger and cargo transportation depending on the characteristics of shared credit risk and maturity.

	I	As of March 31, 2024	1	А	s December 31, 202	3
Portfolio maturity	Expected loss rate (1)	Gross book value (2)	Impairment loss Provision	Expected loss rate (1)	Gross book value (2)	Impairment loss Provision
	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
		Unaudited				
Up to date	1%	1,101,148	(13,183)	1%	1,022,845	(12,672)
From 1 to 90 days	1%	101,376	(1,470)	3%	102,977	(2,989)
From 91 to 180 days	28%	10,219	(2,842)	25%	8,350	(2,048)
From 181 to 360 days	39%	6,515	(2,561)	44%	7,868	(3,491)
Over 360 days	99%	39,562	(39,346)	100%	43,752	(43,578)
Total		1,258,820	(59,402)		1,185,792	(64,778)

(1) Corresponds to the consolidated expected rate of accounts receivable.
 (2) The gross book value represents the maximum credit risk value of trade accounts receivables.

Currency	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Argentine Peso	13,057	13,827
Brazilian Real	923,317	825,749
Chilean Peso	75,847	75,050
Colombian Peso	10,669	12,720
Euro	88,249	90,699
US Dollar	233,528	344,347
Australian Dollar	6,288	5,097
Japanese Yen	3,880	4,695
Pound Sterling	2,952	3,390
Peruvian Sol	9,527	7,640
Korean Won	7,428	5,882
Other Currencies	6,795	9,763
Total	1,381,537	1,398,859

Currency balances composition of Trade and other accounts receivable and non-current accounts receivable are as follow:

Movements of the expected credit losses of Trade accounts receivables are as follows:

	Opening balance	Write-offs	(Increase) Decrease	Closing balance
Periods	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(67,232)	3,091	6	(64,135)
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(64,135)	4,031	(4,674)	(64,778)
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	(64,778)	4,966	410	(59,402)

Once pre-judicial and judicial collection efforts are exhausted, the assets are written off against the allowance. The Company only uses the allowance method rather than direct write-off, to ensure control.

The historical and current renegotiations are not significant, and the policy is to analyze case by case to classify them according to the existence of risk, determining they need to be reclassified to pre-judicial collection accounts.

The maximum credit-risk exposure at the date of presentation of the information is the fair value of each one of the categories of accounts receivable indicated above.

	As of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)			As of December 31, 2023		
	Gross exposure according to balance	Gross impaired exposure	Exposure net of risk concentrations	Gross exposure according to balance	Gross Impaired exposure	Exposure net of risk concentrations
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Trade accounts receivable	1,258,820	(59,402)	1,199,418	1,185,792	(64,778)	1,121,014
Other accounts receivable	182,119		182,119	277,845	—	277,845

There are no relevant guarantees covering credit risk and these are valued when they are settled; no materially significant direct guarantees exist. Existing guarantees, if appropriate, are made through IATA.

NOTE 9 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM/PAYABLE TO RELATED ENTITIES

(a) Accounts Receivable

Related party	Relationship	Country of origin	Currency	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$
				Unaudited	
Parque de Chile S.A.	Related director	Chile	CLP	2	2
Inversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA.	Related director	Chile	CLP	5	25
Inversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A.	Related director	Argentina	ARS	_	1
Total current assets				7	28
	Parque de Chile S.A. Inversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA. Inversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A.	Parque de Chile S.A. Related director Inversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA. Related director Inversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A. Related director	Related party Relationship origin Parque de Chile S.A. Related director Chile Inversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA. Related director Chile Inversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A. Related director Argentina	Related partyRelationshiporiginCurrencyParque de Chile S.A.Related directorChileCLPInversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA.Related directorChileCLPInversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A.Related directorArgentinaARS	Related party Relationship origin Currency March 31, 2024 ThUS\$ ThUS\$ Unaudited Parque de Chile S.A. Related director Chile CLP 2 Inversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA. Related director Chile CLP 5 Inversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A. Related director Argentina ARS

(b) Accounts payable

					Current l	iabilities
Tax No.	Related party	Relationship	Country of origin	Currency	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$
					Unaudited	
Foreign	Qatar Airways	Indirect shareholder	Qatar	US\$	4,895	2,312
Foreign	Delta Air Lines, Inc.	Shareholder	U.S.A.	US\$	7,396	5,132
	Total current liabilities				12,291	7,444

Transactions between related parties have been carried out on arm's length conditions between interested and duly-informed parties. The transaction terms for the liabilities of the period 2024 correspond from 30 days to 1 year of maturity, and the nature of the settlement of transactions are monetary.

NOTE 10 - INVENTORIES

The composition of Inventories is as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Technical stock (*)	531,475	540,342
Non-technical stock (**)	53,840	52,538
Total	585,315	592,880

(*) Correspond to spare parts and materials that will be used in both own and third-party maintenance services.

(**) Consumption of on-board services, uniforms and other indirect materials

These are valued at their average acquisition cost net of their obsolescence provision according to the following detail:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Provision for obsolescence Technical stock	50,724	45,621
Provision for obsolescence Non-technical stock	3,541	5,228
Total	54,265	50,849

The resulting amounts do not exceed the respective net realization values.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company registered ThUS\$65,247 (ThUS\$47,281 for the period ended March 31, 2023), the income statements, mainly related to on-board consumption and maintenance, which is part of the Cost of sales.

NOTE 11 - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) The composition of other financial assets is as follows:

	Current Assets		Non-curr	ent assets	Total Assets		
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited		
(1) Other financial assets							
Deposits in guarantee (aircraft)	29,252	31,624	14,475	9,736	43,727	41,360	
Guarantees for margins of derivatives	6,595	12,829	—	—	6,595	12,829	
Other investments	_	—	494	494	494	494	
Other guarantees given	102,169	108,230	24,291	24,255	126,460	132,485	
Subtotal of other financial assets	138,016	152,683	39,260	34,485	177,276	187,168	
(2) Hedging derivative asset							
Fair value of foreign currency derivatives	3,132	_	_	_	3,132	_	
Fair value of fuel price derivatives	37,177	22,136			37,177	22,136	
Subtotal of derivative assets	40,309	22,136			40,309	22,136	
Total Other Financial Assets	178,325	174,819	39,260	34,485	217,585	209,304	

The different derivative hedging contracts maintained by the Company are described in Note 18.

(b) The balances composition by currencies of the Other financial assets are as follows:

Type of currency	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Brazilian real	21,251	18,767
Chilean peso	5,698	6,440
Colombian peso	1,454	1,461
Euro	7,265	7,974
U.S.A dollar	179,074	171,852
Other currencies	2,843	2,810
Total	217,585	209,304

NOTE 12 - OTHER NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The composition of other non-financial assets is as follows:

	Current assets		Non-curr	ent assets	Total Assets		
-	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	
-	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited		
(a) Advance payments							
Aircraft insurance and other	20,858	25,992	_	_	20,858	25,992	
Others	3,287	3,740	4,469	5,740	7,756	9,480	
Subtotal advance payments	24,145	29,732	4,469	5,740	28,614	35,472	
(b) Contract assets (1)							
GDS costs	18,203	22,738	_	_	18,203	22,738	
Credit card commissions	34,667	37,200	_	_	34,667	37,200	
Travel agencies commissions	10,772	12,421	_	_	10,772	12,421	
Subtotal advance payments	63,642	72,359			63,642	72,359	
(c) Other assets				· · · ·			
Sales tax	92,598	81,785	10,218	13,753	102,816	95,538	
Other taxes	1,143	1,130	_	_	1,143	1,130	
Contributions to the International Aeronautical Telecommunications Society ("SITA")	258	258	739	739	997	997	
Contributions to Aeronautical Service Companies	_		60	60	60	60	
Judicial deposits	—	-	145,902	148,329	145,902	148,329	
Subtotal other assets	93,999	83,173	156,919	162,881	250,918	246,054	
Total Other Non - Financial Assets	181,786	185,264	161,388	168,621	343,174	353,885	

(1) Movement of Contracts assets:

	Initial balance	Activation	Cumulative translation adjustment	Amortization	Final balance	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	48,567	47,152	(8,020)	(38,341)	49,358	
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	49,358	195,565	10,052	(182,616)	72,359	
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	72,359	60,704	(951)	(68,470)	63,642	

NOTE 13 - NON-CURRENT ASSETS AND DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

Non-current assets and disposal group classified as held for sale at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are detailed below:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Current assets		
Aircraft	100,963	100,658
Engines and rotables	1,900	2,012
Other assets	—	
Total	102,863	102,670

The balances are presented at the lower of book value and fair value less cost to sell. The fair value of these assets was determined based on quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities. This is a level II measurement as per the fair value hierarchy set out in Note 3.3 (2). There were no transfers between levels for recurring fair value measurements during the period.

Assets reclassified from Property, plant and equipment to Non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal classified as held for sale

During 2020, 11 Boeing 767 aircraft were transferred from the Property, plant and equipment, to Non-current assets item or groups of assets for disposal classified as held for sale. During 2021, the sale of 5 aircraft was completed. During the year 2022 the sale of 3 aircraft was finalized and during the year 2023 the sale of 1 aircraft was finalized.

During 2021, associated with the fleet restructuring plan, 3 engines of the Airbus A350 fleet were transferred from the Property, plant and equipment to Non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal classified as held for sale, of which during the same year the sale of 1 engine was finalized. Additionally, during the year 2022, the sale of 1 engine was finalized and some materials and spare parts of this same fleet were transferred to Non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal classified as held for sale. During the year 2023, the sale of 1 engine, some spare parts, and materials was finalized.

During 2022, 28 Airbus A319 family aircraft were transferred from Property, plant and equipment to Non-current assets or asset groups for disposal classified as held for sale. Additionally, adjustments for US\$ 345 million of expenses were recognized within results as part of Other gains (losses) to record these assets at their net realizable value. During 2023, the engines associated with these aircraft were added, generating additional adjustments of US\$39 million, which were recorded in the result as part of Other gains (losses), in order to register these assets at their net realizable value.

During 2022, 6 aircraft and 8 engines of the Airbus A320 family were transferred from Property, plant and equipment to Non-current assets or asset groups for disposal classified as held for sale, and as of December 31, 2022, the sale of 3 aircrafts were finalized and as of December 31, 2023, the sale of 2 aircraft and 8 engines were finalized. During 2022, adjustments for US\$ 25 million of expenses were recognized to record these assets at their net realizable value, and since the fleet restructuring process had already been completed, these adjustments were recorded in results as part of Other expenses by function. During the year 2023, 6 Airbus A320 aircraft were transferred from the Property, Plant, and Equipment category to the Non-current Assets or Asset Groups held for sale category. Additionally, during the year 2023, adjustments of US\$9 million in expenses were recognized to record these assets at their net realizable value. These adjustments were recorded in the results as part of Other expenses by function.

During 2023, 1 Boeing 767 family aircraft was transferred from Property, plant and equipment to Non-current assets or asset groups for disposal classified as held for sale. Additionally, adjustments for US\$ 3 million of expenses were recognized within results as part of Other expenses by function to record these assets at their net realizable value.

The detail of the fleet classified as non-current assets and disposal group classified as held for sale is as follows:

Aircraft Model		As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023		
		Unaudited			
Boeing 767	300F	3	3		
Airbus A320	200	7	7		
Airbus A319	100	28	28		
Total		38	38		

NOTE 14 - INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Investments in subsidiaries

The Company has investments in companies recognized as investments in subsidiaries. All the companies defined as subsidiaries have been consolidated within the financial statements of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries. The consolidation also includes special-purpose entities.

Detail of significant subsidiaries:

			Own	ership
Name of significant subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Functional currency	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
			%	%
			Unaudited	
Latam Airlines Perú S.A.	Peru	US\$	99.81000	99.81000
Lan Cargo S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.89810	99.89810
Línea Aérea Carguera de Colombia S.A.	Colombia	US\$	90.46000	90.46000
Transporte Aéreo S.A.	Chile	US\$	100.00000	100.00000
Latam Airlines Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	US\$	100.00000	100.00000
Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A.	Colombia	COP	99.23168	99.23168
TAM Linhas aéreas S.A.	Brazil	BRL	100.00000	100.00000
ABSA Aerolimhas Brasileiras S.A.	Brazil	US\$	100.00000	100.00000
Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A.	Paraguay	PYG	94.98000	94.98000

The consolidated subsidiaries do not have significant restrictions for transferring funds to the parent company.

Summary financial information of significant subsidiaries

		Statement of	f financial posit	ion as of March	31, 2024		months per	ncome for the 3 riod ended at 31, 2024
Name of significant subsidiary	Total Assets	Current Assets	Non-current Assets	Total Liabilities	Current Liabilities	Non-current Liabilities	Revenue	Net Income/(loss)
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
			Unaud	ited			Una	udited
Latam Airlines Perú S.A.	374,525	355,672	18,853	287,981	283,387	4,594	428,041	37,726
Lan Cargo S.A.	423,771	125,325	298,446	210,954	142,742	68,212	109,184	12,417
Línea Aérea Carguera de Colombia S.A.	198,792	70,791	128,001	75,948	75,661	287	65,747	15,964
Transporte Aéreo S.A.	280,084	37,044	243,040	152,730	120,487	32,243	102,321	(78)
Latam Airlines Ecuador S.A.	135,177	131,602	3,575	119,507	108,582	10,925	76,760	(5,518)
Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A.	136,330	131,216	5,114	143,470	140,594	2,876	139,887	(13,755)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	4,120,183	2,457,053	1,663,130	2,894,320	1,930,149	964,171	1,573,653	166,073
ABSA Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A.	519,627	509,823	9,804	560,394	532,994	27,400	40,553	(1,963)
Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A.	42,679	40,024	2,655	22,640	20,744	1,896	15,123	3,203

Statement of Income for the 3 months period ended at March 31, 2024 Statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023 Total Assets Current Assets Non-current Assets Total Liabilities Current Liabilities Non-current Liabilities Net Income/(loss) Name of significant subsidiary Revenue ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ ThUS\$ Unaudited Latam Airlines Perú S.A. 334,481 312,628 21,853 285,645 281,208 4,437 329,455 (14,356) 391,430 122,877 268,553 189,019 157,003 78,329 (25,684) Lan Cargo S.A. 32,016 166,520 57,240 109,280 59,640 59,344 49,810 (76) Línea Aérea Carguera de Colombia S.A. 296 Transporte Aéreo S.A. 280,117 37,436 242,681 151,066 117,121 33,945 110,248 17,092 Latam Airlines Ecuador S.A. 4,033 152,676 149,155 3,521 131,488 120,917 10,571 61,164 Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. 191,878 186,612 5,266 185,799 182,923 2,876 100,032 (11,223) TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. 4,119,149 2,417,115 1,702,034 3,024,805 2,061,406 963,399 1,228,158 28,873 538,982 (25,297) ABSA Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A. 500,177 490,548 9,629 510,978 28,004 37,756 Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A. 49,713 46,976 2,737 26,772 24,833 1,939 12,893 1,795

(b) Non-controlling interests

Equity	Tax No.	Country of origin	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
			%	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
			Unaudited		Unaudited	
Latam Airlines Perú S.A.	Foreign	Peru	0.19000	0.19000	164	93
Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A.	Foreign	Colombia	0.77400	0.77400	(5,152)	(5,049)
Linea Aérea Carguera de Colombia S.A.	Foreign	Colombia	9.54000	9.54000	(6,898)	(8,421)
Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A.	Foreign	Paraguay	5.02000	5.02000	1,006	1,152
Lan Cargo S.A. and Subsidiaries	93.383.000-4	Chile	0.10196	0.10196	217	198
Total					(10,663)	(12,027)

			For the period ended At March 31,		For the per At Mar	
Incomes	Tax No.	Country of origin	2024	2023	2024	2023
			%	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
				Unau	udited	
Latam Airlines Perú S.A	Foreign	Peru	0.19000	0.19000	72	(726)
Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A.	Foreign	Colombia	0.77400	0.78236	(106)	(88)
Linea Aérea Carguera de Colombia S.A.	Foreign	Colombia	9.54000	9.54000	1,523	_
Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A.	Foreign	Paraguay	5.02000	5.02000	161	90
Lan Cargo S.A. and Subsidiaries	93.383.000-4	Chile	0.10196	0.10196	26	(17)
Other companies					_	(3)
Total					1,676	(744)
					:	

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL

The details of intangible assets are as follows:

		tangible assets net)	Classes of intangible assets (gross)		
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		Unaudited		
Airport slots	638,520	658,949	638,520	658,949	
Loyalty program	212,826	219,636	212,826	219,636	
Computer software	140,789	156,337	594,308	597,164	
Developing software	131,864	117,010	131,864	117,010	
Other assets	54	54	1,369	1,369	
Total	1,124,053	1,151,986	1,578,887	1,594,128	

a) Movement in Intangible assets other than goodwill:

	Computer software and	Destation	A Torre and	T 14	
	others Net	Developing software	Airport slots	Loyalty program (1)	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as January 1, 2023	143,575	107,652	625,368	203,791	1,080,386
Additions	—	8,672	—		8,672
Transfer software and others	34,826	(34,830)	—	_	(4)
Foreign exchange	919	172	15,877	5,508	22,476
Amortization	(14,447)				(14,447)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	164,873	81,666	641,245	209,299	1,097,083
Opening balance as of April 1, 2023 (Unaudited)	164,873	81,666	641,245	209,299	1,097,083
Additions	298	70,174	—		70,472
Transfer software and others	34,384	(35,098)	—	_	(714)
Foreign exchange	1,693	268	17,704	10,337	30,002
Amortization	(44,857)				(44,857)
Closing balance as of December 31, 2023	156,391	117,010	658,949	219,636	1,151,986
Opening balance as of January 1, 2024	156,391	117,010	658,949	219,636	1,151,986
Additions	—	16,178	—		16,178
Transfer software and others	1,025	(1,127)	—	_	(102)
Foreign exchange	(1,052)	(197)	(20,429)	(6,810)	(28,488)
Amortization	(15,521)				(15,521)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	140,843	131,864	638,520	212,826	1,124,053

The amortization of each period is recognized in the consolidated income statement within administrative expenses. The cumulative amortization of computer software and others as of March 31, 2024 amounts to ThUS\$454,834 (ThUS\$442,142 as of December 31, 2023).

b) Impairment Test Intangible Assets with an indefinite useful life

As of March 31, 2024, the Company maintains only the CGU "Air Transport".

The CGU "Air transport" considers the transport of passengers and cargo, both in the domestic markets of Chile, Peru, Argentina, Colombia, Ecuador and Brazil, as well as in a series of regional and international routes in America, Europe, Africa and Oceania.

As of March 31, 2024, no indications of impairment have been identified for the Air Transport CGU, which require a new impairment test to be carried out.

As of December 31, 2023, in accordance with the accounting policy, the Company performed the annual impairment test.

The recoverable amount of the CGU was determined based on calculations of the value in use. These calculations use projections of 5 years of cash flows after taxes from the financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the budgeted period are extrapolated using growth rates and estimated average volumes, which do not exceed long-term average growth rates.

Management's cash flow projections included significant judgements and assumptions related to annual revenue growth rates, discount rate, inflation rates, the exchange rate and the price of fuel. The annual revenue growth rate is based on past performance and management's expectations of market development in each of the countries in which it operates. The discount rates used for the CGU "Air transport" are determined in US dollars, after taxes, and reflect specific risks related to the relevant countries of each of the operations. Inflation rates and exchange rates are based on the data available from the countries and the information provided by the Central Banks of the various countries where it operates, and the price of fuel is determined based on estimated levels of production, the competitive environment of the market in which they operate and their commercial strategy.

The recoverable values were determined using the following assumptions:

		CGU Air transport
Annual growth rate (Terminal)	%	0.0 - 4.3
Exchange rate	R\$/US\$	5.28 - 5.57
Discount rate based on the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)	%	8.7 - 10.7
Fuel Price	US\$/barrel	100

The result of the impairment test, which includes a sensitivity analysis of its main variables, showed that the recoverable amount exceeded the book value of the cash-generating unit, and therefore no impairment was identified.

The CGU is sensitive to annual growth rates, discounts and exchange rates and fuel price. The sensitivity analysis included the individual impact of changes in critical estimates in determining recoverable amounts, namely:

	Increase WACC Maximum	Decrease rate Terminal growth Minimal	Increase fuel price Maximum US\$/barrel
	%	%	
n CGU	10.7	0	100

In none of the above scenarios an impairment of the cash-generating unit was identified.

NOTE 16 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The composition by category of Property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	Gross Book Value		Accumulated	l depreciation	Net Book Value	
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited	
a) Property, plant and equipment						
Construction in progress (1)	275,171	258,246		_	275,171	258,246
Land	43,606	44,244		_	43,606	44,244
Buildings	127,885	129,036	(61,807)	(61,478)	66,078	67,558
Plant and equipment	10,853,715	10,738,500	(4,670,282)	(4,508,356)	6,183,433	6,230,144
Own aircraft (3)	9,956,696	9,856,365	(4,414,742)	(4,259,729)	5,541,954	5,596,636
Other (2)	897,019	882,135	(255,540)	(248,627)	641,479	633,508
Machinery	28,504	29,092	(27,099)	(27,716)	1,405	1,376
Information technology equipment	163,002	163,382	(145,830)	(146,040)	17,172	17,342
Fixed installations and accessories	183,502	186,179	(131,897)	(131,769)	51,605	54,410
Motor vehicles	49,741	49,560	(44,244)	(44,385)	5,497	5,175
Leasehold improvements	263,104	266,631	(55,774)	(53,201)	207,330	213,430
Subtotal Properties, plant and equipment	11,988,230	11,864,870	(5,136,933)	(4,972,945)	6,851,297	6,891,925
b) Right of use						
Aircraft (3)	5,334,810	5,388,147	(3,052,111)	(3,243,065)	2,282,699	2,145,082
Other assets	275,000	248,614	(183,339)	(194,491)	91,661	54,123
Subtotal Right of use	5,609,810	5,636,761	(3,235,450)	(3,437,556)	2,374,360	2,199,205
Total	17,598,040	17,501,631	(8,372,383)	(8,410,501)	9,225,657	9,091,130

(1) As of March 31, 2024, includes advances paid to aircraft manufacturers for ThUS\$247,780 (ThUS\$242,069 as of December 31, 2023).

(2) Consider mainly rotables and tools.

(3) There were reclassified to Non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal as held for sale the following aircrafts: As of December 31, 2023, 1 Boeing B767 and 6 Airbus A320 (see Note 13).

(a) Movement in the different categories of Property, plant and equipment:

	Construction in progress	Land	Buildings net	Plant and equipment net	Information technology equipment net	Fixed installations & accessories net	Motor vehicles net	Leasehold improvements net	Property, Plant and equipment net
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as January 1, 2023	388,810	44,349	68,996	6,304,848	16,609	37,072	423	160,027	7,021,134
Additions	3,185	_		139,859	1,246	_	_	2,283	146,573
Disposals	_	_	_	(8,807)	_	_	_	_	(8,807)
Retirements	_	—	_	(23,533)	_	(1)	_	—	(23,534)
Depreciation expenses	_	—	(1,024)	(166,070)	(1,402)	(1,852)	(17)	(2,464)	(172,829)
Foreign exchange	1,131	535	375	7,538	164	611	—	3,807	14,161
Other increases (decreases) (*)	9,921			30,211	59	64		4,768	45,023
Changes, total	14,237	535	(649)	(20,802)	67	(1,178)	(17)	8,394	587
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	403,047	44,884	68,347	6,284,046	16,676	35,894	406	168,421	7,021,721
Opening balance as of April 1, 2023 (Unaudited)	403,047	44,884	68,347	6,284,046	16,676	35,894	406	168,421	7,021,721
Additions	5,650	_		730,781	4,548	4,246	_	46,583	791,808
Disposals	—	_	_	6,106	(1)	_	(16)	—	6,089
Retirements	(83)	_	_	(64,119)	(12)	(1)	_	_	(64,215)
Depreciation expenses	—	_	(3,080)	(550,520)	(4,516)	(6,937)	(51)	(7,721)	(572,825)
Foreign exchange	(405)	910	1,130	16,307	372	665	12	7,690	26,681
Other increases (decreases) (*)	(149,963)	(1,550)	1,161	(186,257)	275	20,543	_	(1,543)	(317,334)
Changes, total	(144,801)	(640)	(789)	(47,702)	666	18,516	(55)	45,009	(129,796)
Closing balance as of December 31, 2023	258,246	44,244	67,558	6,236,344	17,342	54,410	351	213,430	6,891,925
Opening balance as of January 1, 2024	258,246	44,244	67,558	6,236,344	17,342	54,410	351	213,430	6,891,925
Additions	1,977			187,933	1,575	143		119	191,747
Disposals		_	_	(4)	(8)	_	_	_	(12)
Retirements	_	_	_	(10,452)	_	(5)	_	_	(10,457)
Depreciation expenses	_	_	(1,019)	(183,457)	(1,458)	(2,247)	(16)	(2,730)	(190,927)
Foreign exchange	(287)	(638)	(461)	(13,641)	(221)	(1,831)	_	(5,551)	(22,630)
Other increases (decreases)	15,235	_	_	(26,723)	(58)	1,135	_	2,062	(8,349)
Changes, total	16,925	(638)	(1,480)	(46,344)	(170)	(2,805)	(16)	(6,100)	(40,628)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	275,171	43,606	66,078	6,190,000	17,172	51,605	335	207,330	6,851,297

(*) This Amount included the following aircrafts reclassified to Non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal as held for sale: As of December 31, 2023, 1 Boeing B767 ThUS\$(21,578) and 6 Airbus A320 ThUS\$(36,326).

	Aircraft	Others	Net right of use assets
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as January 1, 2023	1,326,821	63,706	1,390,527
Additions		1,099	1,099
Depreciation expense	(37,800)	(4,029)	(41,829)
Cumulative translate adjustment	23	623	646
Other increases (decreases)	(15,792)	(2,094)	(17,886)
Total changes	(53,569)	(4,401)	(57,970)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	1,273,252	59,305	1,332,557
Opening balance as of April 1, 2023 (Unaudited)	1,273,252	59,305	1,332,557
Additions	1,013,314	1,889	1,015,203
Depreciation expense	(140,770)	(10,787)	(151,557)
Cumulative translate adjustment	33	2,728	2,761
Other increases (decreases)	(747)	988	241
Total changes	871,830	(5,182)	866,648
Closing balance as of December 31, 2023	2,145,082	54,123	2,199,205
Opening balance as of January 1, 2024	2,145,082	54,123	2,199,205
Additions	121,003	556	121,559
Depreciation expense	(61,789)	(2,778)	(64,567)
Cumulative translate adjustment	(6)	(774)	(780)
Other increases (decreases)	78,409	40,534	118,943
Total changes	137,617	37,538	175,155
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	2,282,699	91,661	2,374,360

(c) Fleet composition

		in Property	Aircraft included in Property, plant and equipment		ncluded ghts assets	Total fleet		
Aircraft	Model	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	
		Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited		
Boeing 767	300ER	11 (3)	11 (3)	_	_	11	11	
Boeing 767	300F	16 (2) (3)	16 (2) (3)	1	1	17	17	
Boeing 777	300ER	4	4	6	6	10	10	
Boeing 787	8	4	4	6	6	10	10	
Boeing 787	9	2	2	25	24	27	26	
Airbus A319	100	11 (2)	11	1	1	12	12	
Airbus A320	200	85 (2)	83 (2)	44	46	(1) 129	129	
Airbus A320	NEO	1	1	23	23	24	24	
Airbus A321	200	19	19	30	30	49	49	
Airbus A321	NEO	_	_	9	7	9	7	
Total		153	151	145	144	298	295	

(1) Include one aircraft with a short-term lease, which was excluded from the right of use..
 (2) Some aircraft of these fleets were reclassified to non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal as held for sale, (see Note 13).
 (3) Considers the conversions from Boeing 767-300ER to Boeing 767-300F Aircraft.

(d) Method used for the depreciation of Property, plant and equipment:

			e (years)
	Depreciation method	minimum	maximum
Buildings	Straight line without residual value	20	50
Plant and equipment	Straight line with residual value of 20% in the short-haul fleet and 36% in the long-haul fleet. (*)	5	30
Information technology equipment	Straight line without residual value	5	10
Fixed installations and accessories	Straight line without residual value	10	10
Motor vehicle	Straight line without residual value	10	10
Leasehold improvements	Straight line without residual value	5	8
Assets for rights of use	Straight line without residual value	1	25

(*) Except in the case of Boeing 767-300ER, Airbus A320 Family and Boeing 767-300F fleets which consider a lower residual value, due to the extension of their useful life to 22, 25 and 30 years respectively. Additionally, certain technical components are depreciated based on cycles and hours flown.

(e) Additional information regarding Property, plant and equipment:
 (i) Property, plant and equipment pledged as guarantee:
 Description of Property, plant and equipment pledged as guarantee:

			As of March 31,	2024	As of December 31, 2023		
Guarantee agent (1)	Creditor company	Committed Assets	Fleet	Existing Debt	Book Value	Existing Debt	Book Value
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
				Unaudi	ted		
Wilmington Trust	MUFG	Aircraft and engines	Airbus A319	2,227	12,018	2,703	12,326
Company			Airbus A320	9,397	119,414	17,441	151,873
			Boeing 767	16,664	139,125	20,427	143,281
			Boeing 777	127,409	141,784	132,585	144,186
Credit Agricole	Credit Agricole	Aircraft and engines	Airbus A319	3,413	3,375	3,413	3,752
			Airbus A320	190,001	136,506	190,001	142,075
			Airbus A321	6,007	4,280	6,007	4,393
			Boeing 767	8,849	22,038	8,849	23,018
			Boeing 787	58,499	38,147	58,499	38,971
Bank Of Utah	BNP Paribas	Aircraft and engines	Boeing 787	168,792	205,503	171,704	208,601
Total direct guarantee				591,258	822,190	611,629	872,476

1. For syndicated loans, given their own characteristics, the guarantee agent is the representative of the creditors.

The amounts of the current debts are presented at their nominal value. The net book values correspond to the assets granted as collateral.

Additionally, there are indirect guarantees associated with assets booked within Property, Plant and Equipment whose total debt as of March 31, 2024, amounts to ThUS\$873,017 (ThUS\$898,166 as of December 31, 2023). The book value of the assets with indirect guarantees as of March 31, 2024, amounts to ThUS\$1,910,744 (ThUS\$1,925,069 as of December 31, 2023).

As of March 31, 2024, the Company keeps valid letters of credit related to right of use assets according to the following detail:

Creditor Guarantee	Debtor	Туре	Value ThUS\$	Release date
GE Capital Aviation Services Ltd.	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	Three letters of credit	5,544	Dec 6, 2024
Empreendimentos Imobiliarios LTDA	Tam Linhas Aéreas S.A.	One letter of credit	25,820	Apr 29, 2024
			31,364	

(ii) Commitments and others

Fully depreciated assets and commitments for future purchases are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Gross book value of fully depreciated property, plant and equipment still in use	290,948	288,454
Commitments for the acquisition of aircraft (*)	15,700,000	15,700,000

(*) According to the manufacturer's price list.

Aircraft purchase commitments:

	Year of delivery						
Manufacturer	2024	2025	2026	2027-2030	Total		
Airbus S.A.S.							
A320neo Family	3	11	9	65	88		
The Boeing Company							
Boeing 787-9		-	-	5	5		
Total	3	11	9	70	93		

As of March 31, 2024, as a result of the different aircraft purchase contracts signed with Airbus S.A.S., 88 Airbus aircraft of the A320 family remain to be received with deliveries between 2024 and 2030. The approximate amount, according to manufacturer list prices, is ThUS\$13,800,000.

As of March 31, 2024, as a result of the different aircraft purchase contracts signed with The Boeing Company, 5 Boeing aircraft of the 787 Dreamliner remain to be received with deliveries between 2027 and 2028. The approximate amount, according to manufacturer list prices, is ThUS\$1,900,000.

The delivery dates of some of these aircraft could be modified as a result of the continuous discussions that are held with suppliers in the context of the current manufacturers' supply chain.

Aircraft operational lease commitments:

As of March 31, 2024, as a result of the different aircraft operating lease contracts signed with AerCap Holdings N.V., 3 Airbus aircraft of the Airbus A320neo family with delivery between 2024 and 4 Boeing 787 Dreamliner aircraft with delivery dates within 2025 remain to be received.

As of March 31, 2024, as a result of the different aircraft operating lease contracts signed with Air Lease Corporative, 1 Airbus aircraft of the A320neo family with delivery dates within 2024 remain to be received.

As of March 31, 2024, as a result of the different aircraft operating lease contracts signed with Avolon Aerospace Leasing Limited, 1 Airbus aircraft of the A320neo family with delivery date within 2024 remain to be received.

As of March 31, 2024, as a result of the different aircraft operating lease contracts signed with Air Lease Corporation, 5 Airbus A321XLR family aircraft with delivery dates between 2026 and 2027 remain to be received.

(iii) Capitalized interest costs with respect to Property, plant and equipment.

		For the perio At Marc	
		2024 2023	
		Unaudi	ted
Average rate of capitalization of capitalized interest costs	%	10.73	8.45
Costs of capitalized interest	ThUS\$	5,635	6,268

NOTE 17 - CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXES

In the year ended March 31, 2024, the income tax provision was calculated and recorded, applying the semi-integrated tax system and a rate of 27%, based on the provisions of the Law. No. 21,210, published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Chile, dated February 24, 2020, which updates the Tax Legislation.

The net result for deferred tax corresponds to the variation of the period, of the assets and liabilities for deferred taxes generated by temporary differences and tax losses.

For the permanent differences that give rise to a book value of assets and liabilities other than their tax value, no deferred tax has been recorded since they are caused by transactions that are recorded in the financial statements and that will have no effect on income tax expense.

(a) Current taxes

(a.1) The composition of the current tax assets is the following:

	Current assets		Non-current assets		Total assets	
	As of As of December 31, March 31, 2024 2023		As of December 31, March 31, 2024 2023		As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited	
Provisional monthly payments (advances)	41,439	18,982	_		41,439	18,982
Other recoverable credits	25,837	28,048	_		25,837	28,048
Total current tax assets	67,276	47,030			67,276	47,030

(a.2) The composition of the current tax liabilities are as follows:

	Current liabilities		Non-current liabilities		Total liabilities	
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024 ThUS\$	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited	
Income tax provision	2,658	2,371	—		2,658	2,371
Total current tax liabilities	2,658	2,371			2,658	2,371

(b) Deferred taxes

The balances of deferred tax are the following:

	Assets			Liabilities	
Concept	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		Unaudited		
Properties, Plants and equipment	(911,318)	(941,136)	71,474	70,745	
Assets by right of use	(629,100)	(585,957)	38	54	
Lease Liabilities	835,482	792,781	(33)	(74)	
Amortization	(111,321)	(112,002)		10	
Provisions	182,354	222,409	80,887	81,091	
Revaluation of financial instruments	4,844	(889)		—	
Tax losses	617,497	613,264	(87,107)	(86,320)	
Intangibles		—	291,055	300,359	
Other	15,936	16,312	16,134	16,494	
Total	4,374	4,782	372,448	382,359	

The balance of deferred tax assets and liabilities are composed primarily of temporary differences to be reversed in the long term.

Movements of Deferred tax assets and liabilities

(b.1) From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

	Opening balance Assets/(liabilities)	Recognized in consolidated income	Recognized in comprehensive income	Exchange rate variation	Ending balance Asset (liability)
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Property, plant and equipment	(1,088,140)	11,142	—	—	(1,076,998)
Assets for right of use	(367,182)	15,553	—		(351,629)
Lease Liabilities	586,993	(10,945)	—	—	576,048
Amortization	(88,182)	1,162	—	_	(87,020)
Provisions	(60,386)	14,106	70	—	(46,210)
Revaluation of financial instruments	2,438	(2,343)	(97)	_	(2)
Tax losses (*)	946,659	(35,535)	—	—	911,124
Intangibles	(270,512)	(436)	—	(6,988)	(277,936)
Others	(398)	38		—	(360)
Total	(338,710)	(7,258)	(27)	(6,988)	(352,983)

(b.2) From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

	Opening balance Assets/(liabilities)	Recognized in consolidated income	Recognized in comprehensive income	Exchange rate variation	Ending balance Asset (liability)
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Property, plant and equipment	(1,076,998)	65,117	—	—	(1,011,881)
Assets for right of use	(351,629)	(234,382)	—	—	(586,011)
Lease Liabilities	576,048	216,807		—	792,855
Amortization	(87,020)	(24,992)	—	—	(112,012)
Provisions	(46,210)	186,847	681	—	141,318
Revaluation of financial instruments	(2)	(4,588)	3,701	—	(889)
Tax losses (*)	911,124	(211,540)	—	—	699,584
Intangibles	(277,936)	(5,771)	—	(16,652)	(300,359)
Others	(360)	178			(182)
Total	(352,983)	(12,324)	4,382	(16,652)	(377,577)

(b.3) From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

	Opening balance Assets/(liabilities)	Recognized in consolidated income	Recognized in comprehensive income	Exchange rate variation	Ending balance Asset (liability)
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Property, plant and equipment	(1,011,881)	29,089	—	_	(982,792)
Assets for right of use	(586,011)	(43,127)	—	_	(629,138)
Lease Liabilities	792,855	42,660	—	—	835,515
Amortization	(112,012)	691	—	_	(111,321)
Provisions	141,318	(40,445)	594	_	101,467
Revaluation of financial instruments	(889)	5,733	—	_	4,844
Tax losses (*)	699,584	5,020	_	_	704,604
Intangibles	(300,359)	146	_	9,158	(291,055)
Others	(182)	(16)			(198)
Total	(377,577)	(249)	594	9,158	(368,074)

(*) Unrecognized deferred tax assets:

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be generated in the future. In total the Company has not recognized deferred tax assets for ThUS\$3,483,065 at March 31, 2024 (ThUS\$3,572,528 as of December 31, 2023) which include deferred tax assets related to negative tax results of ThUS\$12,097,966 at March 31, 2024 (ThUS\$12,206,634 at December 31, 2023).

(Expenses) / Income from deferred taxes and income tax:

	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024 2023		
	ThUS\$ ThUS\$		
	Unaudi	ted	
Current tax (expense) benefit	(14,894)	14,137	
Adjustments to the current tax of the previous year			
Total current tax (expense) benefit	(14,894)	14,137	
(Expense)/benefit for deferred tax recognition for tax losses	_	_	
Deferred income for relative taxes to the creation and reversal of temporary			
differences	(249)	(7,258)	
Total deferred income tax	(249)	(7,258)	
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(15,143)	6,879	

Income tax (expense) / Income benefit:

	For the period ende	ed at March 31,
	2024	2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudi	ted
Current tax (expense) benefit, foreign	(14,322)	14,393
Current tax (expense) benefit, domestic	(572)	(256)
Total current tax (expense) benefit	(14,894)	14,137
Foreign Deferred tax (expense) benefit, for tax losses compensation		
Deferred tax (expense) benefit, foreign	(215)	(1,040)
Deferred tax (expense) benefit, domestic	(34)	(6,218)
Total deferred tax (expense)benefit	(249)	(7,258)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(15,143)	6,879

Income before tax from the Chilean legal tax rate (27% as of March 31, 2024 and 2023)

	For the 3 months At Marc		For the 3 months At March	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	%	%
		Unauc	lited	
Income tax benefit/(expense) using the legal tax rate	(74,276)	(30,828)	(27.00)	(27.00)
Tax effect by change in tax rate				_
Tax effect of rates in other jurisdictions	(13,318)	1,762	(4.84)	1.54
Tax effect of non-taxable income	10,261	1,564	3.73	1.37
Tax effect of disallowable expenses	(8,201)	(1,670)	(2.98)	(1.46)
Other increases (decreases):				
Derecognition of deferred tax liabilities for early termination of aircraft financing	10,179	13,608	3.70	11.92
Derecognition of deferred tax assets not recoverable	—	—	—	—
Deferred tax asset not recognized	67,789	22,141	24.64	19.39
Other increases (decreases)	(7,577)	302	(2.75)	0.26
Total adjustments to tax expense using the legal rate	59,133	37,707	21.50	33.02
Income tax benefit/(expense) using the effective rate	(15,143)	6,879	(5.50)	6.02

Deferred taxes related to items charged to equity:

	For the 3 month At Mar	ns period ended rch 31,
	2024	2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unau	dited
Aggregate deferred taxation of components of other comprehensive income	594	(27)

NOTE 18 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The composition of other financial liabilities is as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Current		
(a) Interest bearing loans	365,002	292,982
(b) Lease Liability	311,389	301,537
(c) Hedge derivatives	247	1,544
Total current	676,638	596,063
Non-current		
(a) Interest bearing loans	3,584,591	3,675,212
(b) Lease Liability	2,815,755	2,666,457
Total non-current	6,400,346	6,341,669

(a) Interest bearing loans

Obligations with credit institutions and debt instruments:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Current		
Bank loans (2)	52,277	53,141
Guaranteed obligations (4)	29,101	28,697
Other guaranteed obligations (1)	72,345	67,005
Subtotal bank loans	153,723	148,843
Obligation with the public (3)	76,370	34,731
Financial leases	134,810	109,304
Other loans	99	104
Total current	365,002	292,982
Non-current		
Bank loans (2)	980,032	976,293
Guaranteed obligations (4)	266,813	275,225
Other guaranteed obligations (1)	346,386	363,345
Subtotal bank loans	1,593,231	1,614,863
Obligation with the public (3)	1,252,184	1,268,107
Financial leases	739,176	792,242
Total non-current	3,584,591	3,675,212
Total obligations with financial institutions	3,949,593	3,968,194

(1) The committed "Revolving Credit Facility (RCF)" is guaranteed by collateral composed of aircraft, engines and spare parts, which was fully drawn until November 3, 2022. Once emerged from Chapter 11, the line was fully paid and of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, it is available to be used.

(2) The "Term Loan B Facility" of US\$ 1,100 million (US\$ 1,086 million outstanding as of March 31, 2024), includes a minimum liquidity restriction, requiring us to maintain a minimum liquidity, measured at the consolidated Company (LATAM Airlines Group S.A.) level, of US\$ 750 million. If these covenant criteria is not fulfilled at any point in time, then the obligations may be accelerated into short-term obligations, at the lenders request. As of March 31, 2024, the Company complies with the aforementioned minimum liquidity covenant.

(3) The 13.375% senior secured notes due 2027 for an aggregate principal amount of US\$ 450 million and the 13.375% senior secured notes due 2029 for and aggregate principal amount of MUS\$ 700 include a minimum liquidity restriction, requiring us to maintain a minimum liquidity, measured at the consolidated Company (LATAM Airlines Group S.A.) level, of US\$ 750 million. If these covenant criteria is not fulfilled at any point in time, then the obligations may be accelerated into short-term obligations, at the lenders request. As of March 31, 2024, the Company complies with the aforementioned minimum liquidity covenant.

(4) The "Spare Engine Facility" of US\$ 275 million (US\$ 267 million outstanding as of March 31, 2024), includes a minimum liquidity restriction, requiring us to maintain a minimum liquidity, measured for the consolidated Company (LATAM Airlines Group S.A.) level, of US\$ 750 million. This in addition to another liquidity restriction measured individually for LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. with a minimum level of US\$ 400 million. If these covenants criteria is not fulfilled at any point in time, then the obligations may be accelerated into short-term obligations, at the lenders request. As of March 31, 2024, the Company complies with the aforementioned minimum liquidity covenants.

Balances by currency of interest bearing loans are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
Currency	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Chilean peso (U.F.)	145,478	160,730
US Dollar	3,804,115	3,807,464
Total	3,949,593	3,968,194

Interest-bearing loans due in installments to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Debtor: LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries, Tax No. 89.862.200-2, Chile.

							Nominal value	s					Accounting valu					
Tax No.	Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	Up to 90 days	More than 90 days to one year	More than one to three years	More than three to five years	More than five years	Total nominal value	Up to 90 days	More than 90 days to one year	More than one to three years	More than three to five years	More than five years	Total accounting value	Amortization	An Effective rate	nual Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Bank loans																		
0-E	GOLDMAN SACHS	U.S.A.	US\$	2,750	8,250	22,000	1,053,250	_	1,086,250	44,027	8,250	22,000	958,032	_	1,032,309	Quarterly	20.24	14.97
Obligations with the public																		
97.036.000-K	SANTANDER	Chile	UF	_	_	_	-	144,291	144,291	_	1,187	_	_	144,291	145,478	At Expiration	2.00	2.00
97.036.000-K	SANTANDER	Chile	US\$	_	_	_	_	3	3	_	_	_	_	3	3	At Expiration	1.00	1.00
0-E	WILMINGTON TRUST COMPANY	U.S.A.	US\$	_	_	_	450,000	700,000	1,150,000	75,183	_	_	434,204	673,686	1,183,073	At Expiration	15.00	13.38
Guaranteed obligations																		
0-E	BNP PARIBAS	U.S.A.	US\$	3,001	9,393	27,054	29,216	100,128	168,792	3,999	9,393	26,409	28,827	99,810	168,438	Quarterly	6.92	6.92
0-E	WILMINGTON TRUST COMPANY	U.S.A.	US\$	3,874	11,767	32,534	34,271	44,963	127,409	3,942	11,767	32,533	34,271	44,963	127,476	Quarterly/Monthly	8.73	8.73
Other guaranteed obligations																		
0-E	CITIBANK	U.S.A.	US\$	_	_	-	-	-	_	34	-	-	_	-	34	Quarterly	1.00	1.00
0-E	JP MORGAN CHASE	U.S.A.	US\$	_	_	—	-	-	_	17	—	_	—	_	17	Quarterly	0.63	0.63
0-E	CREDIT AGRICOLE	France	US\$	7,333	7,333	29,334	222,768	-	266,768	11,465	7,333	26,154	221,973	_	266,925	At Expiration	9.39	9.39
0-E	MUFG	U.S.A.	US\$	11,872	36,308	4,155	_	_	52,335	11,903	36,308	4,155	_	_	52,366	Quarterly	7.11	7.11
0-E	EXIM BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	—	5,005	40,842	42,307	10,955	99,109	280	5,005	40,842	42,307	10,955	99,389	Quarterly	2.29	2.05
Financial leases																		
0-E	NATIXIS	France	US\$	6,559	19,891	54,754	54,754	70,907	206,865	8,235	20,698	54,427	57,079	70,278	210,717	Quarterly	7.54	7.54
0-E	US BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	16,743	41,260	6,521	-	-	64,524	17,153	41,261	5,301	—	_	63,715	Quarterly	4.51	3.20
0-E	EXIM BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	_	32,988	184,716	136,646	58,722	413,072	1,891	32,988	183,253	136,645	58,763	413,540	Quarterly	4.12	3.30
0-E	BANK OF UTAH	U.S.A.	US\$	2,643	7,391	24,322	42,408	93,244	170,008	2,643	7,391	24,322	42,408	93,244	170,008	Monthly	10.71	10.71
Others loans																		
0-E	Various (*)		US\$	99	-				99	99					99	At Expiration	-	_
	Total			54,874	179,586	426,232	2,065,620	1,223,213	3,949,525	180,871	181,581	419,396	1,955,746	1,195,993	3,933,587			

(*) Obligation to creditors for executed letters of credit.

Interest-bearing loans due in installments to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)
Debtor: TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries, Tax No. 02.012.862/0001-60, Brazil

						Nomir	nal values					Accounti	ng values					
				Up to	More than 90 days	More than one to	More than three to	More than	Total	Up to	More than 90 days	More than one to	More than three to	More than	Total		Ann	ual
	Tax No.	Creditor Country	Currency	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	nominal value	90 days	to one year	three years	five years	five years	accounting value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Financial lease																		
0-E	NATIXIS	France	US\$	1,020	1,530	4,080	9,376	_	16,006	1,020	1,530	4,080	9,376	_	16,006	Quarterly	_	_
	Total			1,020	1,530	4,080	9,376	_	16,006	1,020	1,530	4,080	9,376	-	16,006			
	Total consolidated			55,894	181,116	430,312	2,074,996	1,223,213	3,965,531	181,891	183,111	423,476	1,965,122	1,195,993	3,949,593			

Interest-bearing loans due in installments to December 31, 2023

Debtor: LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries, Tax No. 89.862.200-2, Chile.

						Nomi	nal values					Account	ting values				An	ual
Tax No.	Creditor	Creditor country	Currency	Up to 90 days	More than 90 days to one year	More than one to three years	More than three to five years	More than five years	Total nominal value	Up to 90 days	More than 90 days to one year	More than one to three years	More than three to five years	More than five years	Total accounting value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
				ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Bank loans																		
0-E	SANTANDER	Spain	US\$												_	Quarterly	-	_
0-E Obligations with the public	GOLDMANSACHS	U.S.A.	US\$	2,750	8,250	22,000	1,056,000	_	1,089,000	44,891	8,250	22,000	954,293	_	1,029,434	Quarterly	20.31	15.04
97.036.000- K	SANTANDER	Chile	UF	_	_	_	_	160,214	160,214	_	516	_	_	160,214	160,730	At Expiration	2.00	2.00
97.036.000- K	SANTANDER	Chile	US\$	_	_	_	_	3	3	_	_	_	_	3	3	At Expiration	1.00	1.00
0-E	WILMINGTON TRUST COMPANY	U.S.A.	US\$	_	_	_	450,000	700,000	1,150,000	_	34,215	_	434,204	673,686	1,142,105	At Expiration	15.00	13.38
Guaranteed obligations																		
0-E	BNP PARIBAS	U.S.A.	US\$	2,912	9,168	26,772	28,945	103,907	171,704	3,936	9,168	26,121	28,553	103,541	171,319	Quarterly	6.98	6.98
0-E	WILMINGTON TRUST COMPANY	U.S.A.	US\$	3,854	11,693	32,356	34,083	50,599	132,585	3,900	11,693	32,356	34,083	50,571	132,603	Quarterly/Monthly	8.76	8.76
Other guaranteed obligations																		
0-E	CITIBANK	U.S.A.	US\$	—	—	_	_	—	_	33	—	—	_	—	33	Quarterly	1.00	1.00
0-E	JP MORGAN CHASE	U.S.A.	US\$	_	_	_	_	_	_	17	_	_	_	_	17	Quarterly	0.63	0.63
0-E	CREDIT AGRICOLE	France	US\$	_	14,667	29,333	222,768	_	266,768	4,241	14,667	26,154	221,708	_	266,770	At Expiration	9.43	9.43
0-E	MUFG	U.S.A.	US\$	11,768	35,960	16,374	_	_	64,102	11,805	35,960	16,374	_	_	64,139	Quarterly	7.11	7.11
0-E Financial	EXIM BANK	U.S.A.	US\$	_	_	40,662	42,122	16,325	99,109	282	_	40,662	42,122	16,325	99,391	Quarterly	2.29	2.05
leases 0-E	NATIXIS	France	US\$	(5)(19,779	54,443	56,972	77 (47	215 257	0.550	10.770	64.117	56,754	77.666	216 764	Oversteele	7.58	7.58
0-E 0-E			US\$ US\$	6,516				77,647	215,357	8,559	19,779	54,117		77,555	216,764	Quarterly		3.16
0-E 0-E	US BANK EXIM BANK	U.S.A. U.S.A.	USS	17,374	49,311	17,492 197,499	141,169	74.404	84,177 413,072	17,905 1,933	49,311	15,731 195,741	141.169	74,404	82,947 413,247	Quarterly Ouarterly	4.41 4.13	3.16
0-E 0-E	BANK OF UTAH	U.S.A. U.S.A.	USS	2.575	7,202	23,637	37.304	101,864	172,582	2,575	7,202	23,637	37.304	101,864	413,247	Monthly	4.13	10.71
Other loan	DAIX OF UTAH	0.3.A.	0.53	2,373	7,202	23,037	57,504	101,004	172,382	2,373	7,202	23,037	57,504	101,004	1/2,382	wontiny	10.71	10.71
0-E	Various (*)		US\$	104	_	_	_	_	104	104	_	_	_	_	104	At Expiration	_	_
	Total			47,853	156,030	460,568	2,069,363	1,284,963	4,018,777	100,181	190,761	452,893	1,950,190	1,258,163	3,952,188			

(*) Obligation to creditors for executed letters of credit.

Interest-bearing loans due in installments to December 31, 2023 Debtor: TAM S.A. and Subsidiaries, Tax No. 02.012.862/0001-60, Brazil

						Nomi	nal values					Account	ing values				An	nual
	Tax No.	Creditor Country	Currency	Up to 90 days	More than 90 days to one year	More than one to three years	More than three to five years	More than five years	Total nominal value	Up to 90 days	More than 90 days to one year	More than one to three years	More than three to five years	More than five years	Total accounting value	Amortization	Effective rate	Nominal rate
		_		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		%	%
Financial lease																		
0-E	NATIXIS	France	US\$	510	1,530	4,080	9,886	_	16,006	510	1,530	4,080	9,886	-	16,006	Semiannual/Quarterly	_	_
	Total			510	1,530	4,080	9,886	_	16,006	510	1,530	4,080	9,886	_	16,006			
	Total consolidated			48,363	157,560	464,648	2,079,249	1,284,963	4,034,783	100,691	192,291	456,973	1,960,076	1,258,163	3,968,194			

(*) Obligation to creditors for executed letters of credit.

(b) Lease Liability:

The movement of the lease liabilities corresponding to the period reported are as follow:

	Aircraft	Others	Lease Liability Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as January 1, 2023	2,134,972	81,482	2,216,454
New contracts		1,099	1,099
Lease termination	_	(203)	(203)
Renegotiations	(10,887)	(2,737)	(13,624)
Payments	(77,430)	(6,944)	(84,374)
Accrued interest	46,269	2,375	48,644
Exchange differences	1	2,537	2,538
Cumulative translation adjustment	(1)	2,455	2,454
Other increases (decreases)	(258)	_	(258)
Changes	(42,306)	(1,418)	(43,724)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	2,092,666	80,064	2,172,730
Opening balance as of April 1, 2023 (Unaudited)	2,092,666	80,064	2,172,730
New contracts	943,178	1,877	945,055
Lease termination	(13,258)	(1,609)	(14,867)
Renegotiations	3,693	4,956	8,649
Payments	(298,576)	(16,333)	(314,909)
Accrued interest	166,231	7,258	173,489
Exchange differences	(1)	(259)	(260)
Cumulative translation adjustment	7	(2,158)	(2,151)
Other increases (decreases)	258	—	258
Changes	801,532	(6,268)	795,264
Closing balance as of December 31, 2023	2,894,198	73,796	2,967,994
Opening balance as of January 1, 2024	2,894,198	73,796	2,967,994
New contracts	117,607	556	118,163
Lease termination	(1,920)	(8)	(1,928)
Renegotiations	78,844	41,770	120,614
Payments	(139,869)	(5,945)	(145,814)
Accrued interest	68,963	3,531	72,494
Exchange differences	_	(2,605)	(2,605)
Subsidiaries conversion difference	_	(1,775)	(1,775)
Changes	123,626	35,524	159,150
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	3,017,824	109,320	3,127,144

The Company recognizes interest payments related to lease liabilities in the consolidated result under Finance costs (See Note 26(c)). The Average discount rates for calculation of lease liability are as follows.

	Discount rate March 2024	Discount rate December 2023
	Unaudited	
Aircraft	9.18%	9.10%
Others	7.67%	6.43%

(c) Hedge derivatives

	Current liabilities		Non-current liabilities		Total hedge derivatives		
	As of As of December 31, March 31, 2024 2023		As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited		
Fair value of foreign currency							
derivatives	247	1,544	—	—	247	1,544	
Total hedge derivatives	247	1,544			247	1,544	

The foreign currency derivatives correspond to options, forwards and swaps.

Hedging operation

The fair values of net assets/ (liabilities), by type of derivative, of the contracts held as hedging instruments are presented below:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Fuel options (1)	37,177	22,136
Foreign currency derivative R\$/BRL\$ (2)	2,885	(1,544)

- (1) Hedge significant variations in cash flows associated with market risk implicit in the changes in the price of future fuel purchases. These contracts are recorded as cash flow hedges.
- (2) Hedge significant variations in expected cash flows associated with the market risk implicit in changes in exchange rates, particularly the US\$/BRL. These contracts are recorded as cash flow hedge contracts.

The Company only maintains cash flow hedges. In the case of fuel and currency hedges, the cash flows subject to said hedges will occur and will impact results in the next 12 months from the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

All hedging operations have been performed for highly probable transactions, except for fuel hedge. See Note 3.

See Note 24 (f) for reclassification to profit or loss for each hedging operation and Note 17 (b) for deferred taxes related.

NOTE 19 - TRADE AND OTHER ACCOUNTS PAYABLES

The composition of Trade and other accounts payables is as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Current		
(a) Trade and other accounts payables	1,473,820	1,408,201
(b) Accrued liabilities	268,394	357,078
Total trade and other accounts payables	1,742,214	1,765,279

(a) Trade and other accounts payable:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Trade creditors	1,227,779	1,176,985
Other accounts payable	246,041	231,216
Total	1,473,820	1,408,201

The details of Trade and other accounts payables are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Boarding Fees	250,930	249,291
Maintenance	213,265	167,466
Airport charges and overflight	153,284	138,901
Handling and ground handling	144,492	133,114
Suppliers technical purchases	142,048	126,302
Aircraft Fuel	103,590	94,878
Other personnel expenses	93,514	96,351
Leases, maintenance and IT services	91,644	100,842
Professional services and advisory	76,939	63,756
Services on board	56,740	58,365
Marketing	27,945	51,035
Crew	21,831	25,936
Air companies	17,439	26,371
Agencies sales commissions	7,053	16,899
Aircraft Insurance	5,122	12,256
Others	67,984	46,438
Total trade and other accounts payables	1,473,820	1,408,201

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Aircraft and engine maintenance	34,621	129,473
Accrued personnel expenses	114,650	97,733
Accounts payable to personnel (1)	92,289	114,769
Others accrued liabilities	26,834	15,103
Total accrued liabilities	268,394	357,078

(1) Participation in profits and bonuses (Note 22 letter b).

NOTE 20 - OTHER PROVISIONS

Liabilities accrued:

(b)

	Current liabilities		Non-curren	t liabilities	Total Liabilities	
	As of December 31, March 31, 2024 2023 M		As of December 31, March 31, 2024 2023		As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited	
Provision for contingencies (1)						
Tax contingencies	3,343	7,003	621,527	614,882	624,870	621,885
Civil contingencies	5,788	7,702	153,379	142,305	159,167	150,007
Labor contingencies	402	367	194,883	155,501	195,285	155,868
Other	_		11,541	11,571	11,541	11,571
Provision for European						
Commission investigation (2)	—	—	2,419	2,477	2,419	2,477
Total other provisions (3)	9,533	15,072	983,749	926,736	993,282	941,808

(1) Provisions for contingencies:

The tax contingencies correspond to litigation and tax criteria related to the tax treatment applicable to direct and indirect taxes, which are found in both administrative and judicial stage.

The civil contingencies correspond to different demands of civil order filed against the Company. The labor contingencies correspond to different demands of labor order filed against the Company.

Provisions are recognized in the consolidated income statement in administrative expenses or tax expenses, as appropriate.

The Company maintains other judicial processes, individually and cumulatively, do not have a significant impact on these financial statements

- (2) Provision made for proceedings brought by the European Commission for possible breaches of free competition in the freight market.
- (3) Total other provision as of March 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, include the fair value of the contingencies arising at the time of the business combination with TAM S.A and subsidiaries, with a probability of loss under 50%, which are not recognized in the normal course of IFRS Accounting

Standards application and which only in the context of a business combination should be recognized under IFRS Accounting Standards.

Movement of provisions:

overheid of provisions.			
	Legal	European Commission	T . 1
	claims (1)	Investigation (1)	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as January 1, 2023	940,140	2,397	942,537
Increase in provisions	96,150	_	96,150
Provision used	(8,921)	_	(8,921)
Difference by subsidiaries conversion	14,734	_	14,734
Reversal of provision	(90,077)	_	(90,077)
Exchange difference	(9,429)	35	(9,394)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	942,597	2,432	945,029
Opening balance as of April 1, 2023 (Unaudited)	942,597	2,432	945,029
Increase in provisions	353,256	_	353,256
Provision used	(61,923)	_	(61,923)
Difference by subsidiaries conversion	(84,297)	_	(84,297)
Reversal of provision	(220,041)	_	(220,041)
Exchange difference	9,739	45	9,784
Closing balance as of December 31, 2023	939,331	2,477	941,808
Opening balance as of January 1, 2024	939,331	2,477	941,808
Increase in provisions	150,466		150,466
Provision used	(20,214)		(20,214)
Difference by subsidiaries conversion	(21,707)		(21,707)
Reversal of provision	(56,345)		(56,345)
Exchange difference	(668)	(58)	(726)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	990,863	2,419	993,282

(1) See details of litigation and government investigations with a material impact in Note 30.

NOTE 21 - OTHER NON-FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	Current liabilities		Non-current liabilities		Total Liabilities	
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of December 31, March 31, 2024 2023		As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited	
Deferred revenue (1)(2)	2,905,696	3,044,664	298,051	348,936	3,203,747	3,393,600
Sales tax	12,404	17,801	_	_	12,404	17,801
Retentions	50,552	48,649	_	_	50,552	48,649
Other taxes	5,314	6,892	_	_	5,314	6,892
Dividends payable	252,032	174,549	_	_	252,032	174,549
Other sundry liabilities	16,242	9,351		—	16,242	9,351
Total other non-financial liabilities	3,242,240	3,301,906	298,051	348,936	3,540,291	3,650,842

Deferred Revenue Movement

			Deferred revenue					
	Initial balance	(1) Recognition	Use	Loyalty program (Award and redeem)	Expiration of tickets	Translation Difference	Others provisions	Final balance
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	2,953,289	3,350,319	(3,249,507)	43,131	(92,526)	22,314	(6,876)	3,020,144
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	3,020,144	10,888,640	(10,255,989)	(25,451)	(299,472)	62,674	3,054	3,393,600
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	3,393,600	3,778,075	(3,826,388)	(17,055)	(91,890)	(33,684)	1,089	3,203,747

(1) The balance includes mainly, deferred revenue for services not provided as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and for the frequent flyer LATAM Pass program.

LATAM Pass is LATAM's frequent flyer program that allows rewarding the preference and loyalty of its customers with multiple benefits and privileges, through the accumulation of miles or points that can be exchanged for tickets or for a varied range of products and services. Clients accumulate miles or points LATAM Pass every time they fly in LATAM and other airlines associated with the program, as well as by buying in stores or use the services of a vast network of companies that have agreements with the program around the world.

(2) As of March 31, 2024, Deferred Income includes Th US\$40,500 related to the compensation from Delta Air Lines, Inc., which is recognized in the income statement based on the estimation of income differentials until the implementation of the strategic alliance.

NOTE 22 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Retirements payments	70,277	57,785
Resignation payments	7,091	11,537
Other obligations	62,477	53,296
Total liability for employee benefits	139,845	122,618

(a) The movement in retirements, resignations and other obligations:

	Opening balance	Increase (decrease) current service provision	Benefits paid	Actuarial (gains) losses	Currency translation	Closing balance
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
From January 1 to March 31, 2023	93,488	12,715	(579)	(5,777)	4,948	104,795
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	104,795	45,721	(6,122)	(15,421)	(6,355)	122,618
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	122,618	42,637	(1,270)	(15,295)	(8,845)	139,845

The main assumptions used in the calculation of the provision in Chile are presented below:

	For the period At March 3	ended 31,	
Assumptions	2024	2023	
	Unaudited		
Discount rate	5.85 %	5.37 %	
Expected rate of salary increase	3.00 %	3.00 %	
Rate of turnover	2.96 %	5.02 %	
Mortality rate	RV-2020	RV-2014	
Inflation rate	3.23 %	3.46 %	
Retirement age of women	60	60	
Retirement age of men	65	65	

The discount rate is based on the bonds issued by the Central Bank of Chile with a maturity of 20 years. The RV-2020 and RV-2014 mortality tables correspond to those established by the Commission for the Financial Market of Chile. The inflation rates are based on the yield curves of the long term nominal and inflation adjusted bonds based on BCU and BCPs issued by the Central Bank of Chile.

The calculation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation is sensitive to the variation of some actuarial assumptions such as discount rate, salary increase, rotation and inflation.

The sensitivity analysis for these variables is presented below:

	Effect on t	the liability
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Discount rate		
Change in the accrued liability an closing for increase in 100 b.p.	(5,171)	(3,913)
Change in the accrued liability an closing for decrease of 100 b.p.	5,902	4,369
Rate of wage growth		
Change in the accrued liability an closing for increase in 100 b.p.	5,487	4,133
Change in the accrued liability an closing for decrease of 100 b.p.	(4,983)	(3,811)

(b) The liability for short-term:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Profit-sharing and bonuses (*)	92,289	114,769

(*) Accounts payables to employees (Note 19 letter b)

The participation in profits and bonuses related to an annual incentive plan for achievement of certain objectives.

(c) CIP (Corporate Incentive Plan)

With the aim of incentivizing the retention of talent among the executives of the Company and in response to the exit of the Chapter 11 Procedure, it was agreed to grant an extraordinary and exceptional incentive called Corporate Incentive Plan (hereinafter also "CIP"), which will be enforceable and paid subject to compliance with the terms, clauses and conditions approved at the Board meeting dated April 25, 2023. In summary, the CIP contemplates three categories oriented to three different groups or categories of employees, whether they are hired by the Company directly, or in other companies of the LATAM group. These categories are as follows: Non-Executive Employees; Executives Not part of the Global Executive Meeting o "GEM"; and GEM Executives. Employees in each of these groups are only eligible for the CIP that corresponds to their respective category. The terms of each of these CIP categories were communicated to the respective employees between the months of January to December 2023.

Below are more background on each of the different categories of the CIP. Additionally, in Note 33 describes in more detail the main terms and conditions of the last two categories of the CIP (i.e., Non-GEM Executives; and GEM Executives):

 Non-Executive Employees: The first subprogram was aimed at non-executive employees who, while hired in LATAM as of December 31, 2020, were still in their position as of April 30, 2023, which includes a fixed and guaranteed payment in cash on certain dates, depending on the country where the employee is hired.

This subprogram is available to those employees who were unable to qualify for one of the two categories below, or who were able to do so, chose not to participate in them.

ii) Executives Not part of the GEM: The second subprogram applies to senior executives not part of the GEM (Global Executive Meeting – Senior Managers, Managers, Assistant Managers). This program contemplates the creation of remuneration synthetic Units (hereinafter, simply "Units") that, by reference, are considered as equivalent to the price of one share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A., and consequently, in case they become effective, they grant the worker the right to receive the payment in cash that results from multiplying the number of Units that become effective by the value per share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. that should be considered in accordance with CIP.

In this context, this program contemplates two different bonuses: (1) a withholding bonus, consisting of the amount in cash resulting from Units that are assigned to the respective employee, these Units being paid at 20% at month 15 and 80% at month 24, in each case, counted from the exit date of Chapter 11 Procedure (i.e., November 3, 2022) (the "Exit Date"). This is consequently a guaranteed payment for these employees; and (2) a bonus associated with the certain financial indicators of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and its subsidiaries, which is reflected in Note 19 (b), becoming effective 20% at month 15 and 80% at month 24, in each case, from the Exit Date. Consequently, this is an eventual payment that is only made if these indicators are reached.

iii) GEM Executives: The third subprogram applies to the Company's GEM executives (Global Executive Meeting) (CEO and employees whose job description is "vice presidents" or "directors"). This program, in essence, contemplates the creation of remuneration synthetic Units that, by referential means, are considered as equivalent to the price of one share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and consequently, in case they become effective, they grant the worker the right to receive the payment in cash that results from multiplying the number of Units that become effective by the value per share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. that must be considered according to the CIP.

These Units are divided into:

(1) Units associated with the employee's permanence in the Company ("RSUs" – Retention Shares Units); and (2) Units associated with both the employee's permanence in the Company and the performance of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. ("PSUs" – Performance Shares Units). This performance is ultimately measured according to the share price of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. in the terms and conditions of the CIP.

Both the RSUs and the PSUs are consequently associated with the passage of time, becoming effective by partialities according to the calendar contemplated by the CIP. For the case of RSUs, having a vesting guaranteed by partialities as explained in more detail in Note 33. On the other hand, the PSUs also consider the market value of the share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. considering a liquid market. However, as long as there is no such liquid market, the share price will be determined on the basis of representative transactions. As explained in more detail in Note 33, PSUs constitute a contingent and non-guaranteed payment.

In addition, some GEM Executives will also be entitled to receive a fixed and guaranteed cash payment ("MPP" – Management Protection Plan) on certain dates according to the CIP. Those employees who are eligible for this MPP will also be eligible for a limited number of additional MSUs ("MPP Based RSUs").

In all cases, the respective employees must have remained as such in the Company at the corresponding accrual date to qualify for these benefits.

During the year of 2024 until the month of March, the amount accrued related to this CIP was MUS\$ 20.71, which is recorded in the "Administrative expenses" line of the Consolidated Statement of Income by Function. As of March 31, 2024, the amount of this plan recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position is MUS\$ 131.28.

(d) Employment expenses are detailed below:

For the period ende	d at March 31,
2024	2023
ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Unaudi	ted
335,635	294,437
56,278	34,946
33,839	30,482
425,752	359,865
	ThUS\$ Unaudi 335,635 56,278 33,839

NOTE 23 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE, NON-CURRENT

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Aircraft and engine maintenance	369,992	348,578
Fleet (JOL)	40,000	40,000
Airport and Overflight Taxes	8,361	11,337
Provision for vacations and bonuses	16,633	18,518
Other sundry liabilities	161	154
Total accounts payable, non-current	435,147	418,587

NOTE 24 - EQUITY

(a) Capital

The Company's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of capitalization that enables it to ensure access to the financial markets for carrying out its medium and long-term objectives, optimizing the return for its shareholders and maintaining a solid financial position.

The paid capital of the Company at March 31, 2024, amounts to ThUS\$5,003,534 divided into 604,437,877,587 common stock of a same series (ThUS\$5,003,534 divided into 604,437,877,587 shares as of December 31, 2023), a single series nominative, ordinary character with no par value. The total number of authorized shares of the Company as of March 31, 2024, corresponds to 604,441,789,335 shares. There are no special series of shares and no privileges. The form of its stock certificates and their issuance, exchange, disablement, loss, replacement and other similar circumstances, as well as the transfer of the shares, is governed by the provisions of the Corporate Law and its regulations.

At the Company's Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 20, 2023, it was agreed to:

i) A decrease in the Company's capital for an amount of ThUS\$7,501,896, without altering the number and characteristics of the shares into which it is divided, by absorbing the Company's accumulated losses as of December 31, 2022 for the same amount;

ii) Others decrease of the Company's capital for an amount of ThUS\$178, without altering the number and characteristics of the shares into which it is divided, through the absorption of the equity account of "Treasury Shares" as of December 31, 2022 for the same amount, produced on the occasion of the January 2013 reduction of capital stock by operation of law that took place in accordance with the provisions of Article 27 of the Corporations Law.

iii) Deduction of the Company's capital the account "Costs of issuing shares and new convertible notes, for an amount of ThUS\$810,279.

On September 6, 2023, by public deed granted at the Notary of Santiago of Mr. Eduardo Diez Morello, under repertoire number 15,327-2023 entitled "Declaración de Colocación y Vencimiento Plazo de Colocación Bonos Convertibles "Series G", "Series H" and "Series I" and Reducción de Capital de Pleno Derecho", it was realized that on September 5, 2023 the maturity of the placement term (the "Placement Term") of Convertible Notes issued on the occasion of the capital increase agreed at the Company's Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on July 5, 2022. Consequently, in accordance with the mentioned in number Four of Clause Six of the respective notes issuance contract (the "Issuance Agreement"), as of that date the amount placed against it remained unchanged, and consequently the Convertible Notes not placed on that date were null and void. For the sake of completeness, it was declared that upon maturity of the Placement Term, 123,605,720 Series G Convertible Notes and 37 Series I Convertible Notes (collectively, the "Unplaced Convertible Notes") remained unplaced, for an amount of US\$ 123,605,720 and US\$37, respectively (hereinafter, together, the "Unplaced Amount"). The conversion option of the Unplaced Convertible Notes was backed by 1,965,903,665 shares as equity.

Likewise, in the aforementioned deed it was realized that since all the Unplaced Convertible Bonds have been terminated, since they have been null and void, they cannot be converted into shares of the issuer, consequently reducing the Company's Capital Share by an amount equal to the Unplaced Amount.

Therefore, as of September 6, 2023, the amount of the Share Capital was reduced by law in the amount of ThUS\$123,606, equivalent to 1,965,903,665 shares. As of that date, the total statutory share capital of the Company was reduced by law from the amount of ThUS\$5,127,182, divided into 606,407,693,000 shares, of the same and unique series, without par value, to the amount of ThUS\$5,003,576, divided into 604,441,789,335 shares, of which MUS\$ 5,003,534, equivalent to 604,437,877,587 shares, are fully paid. To date, the balance of MUS\$42, equivalent to 3,911,748 shares, are pending of subscription and payment and are intended exclusively to respond to the conversion of 42,398 Series H Convertible Notes.

(b) Movement of authorized shares

The following table shows the movement of the authorized, fully paid shares and back-up shares to be delivered in the event that the respective conversion option is exercised under the convertible notes currently issued by the Company:

	As of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)			Unaudited) As of December 31, 2023				
	N° of authorized shares	N° of Subscribed of shares and paid or delivered pursuant to the exercise of the conversion option	N° of convertible notes back-up shares pending to place	N° of shares to subscribe or not used	N° of authorized shares	N° of Subscribed of shares and paid or delivered pursuant to the exercise of the conversion option	N° of convertible notes back-up shares pending to place	N° of shares to subscribe or not used
Opening Balance	604,441,789,335	604,437,877,587	3,911,748		606,407,693,000	604,437,584,048	4,205,287	1,965,903,665
Convertible Notes H	_	_	_	—	_	293,539	(293,539)	_
Reduction of full right (*)	_	_	—	—	(1,965,903,665)	_	—	(1,965,903,665)
Subtotal	_				(1,965,903,665)	293,539	(293,539)	(1,965,903,665)
Closing Balance	604,441,789,335	604,437,877,587	3,911,748		604,441,789,335	604,437,877,587	3,911,748	_

(*) See letter (a) above, in the same Note.

(c) Share capital

The following table shows the movement of share capital:

	Paid- in Capital
	ThUS\$
Initial balance as of January 1, 2023	13,298,486
Placement during the conversion options period - Convertible Notes G	17,401
Absorption of Accumulated Losses as of December 31, 2022 (2)	(7,501,896)
Absorption of treasury shares (2)	(178)
Deduction of issuance and placement costs of shares and bonds convertible into shares (2)	(810,279)
Subtotal	(8,294,952)
Ending balance as of December 31, 2023	5,003,534
Initial balance as of January 1, 2024	5,003,534
There were no movements during the period	
Ending balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	5,003,534

(1) It only includes Convertible Notes bonds delivered as payment of debts recognized in Chapter 11.

(2) As explained in letter a) of this Note, at the Company's Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 20, 2023, it was agreed to absorb retained losses and reduce the Company's capital.

(d) Treasury stock

At March 31, 2024, the Company held no treasury stock. The remaining of ThUS\$(178) corresponds to the difference between the amount paid for the shares and their book value, at the time of the full right decrease of the shares which held in its portfolio. As explained in letter a) of this same Note, at the Company's Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 20, 2023, an absorption of the Company's capital was agreed for an amount of ThUS\$178.

(e) Other equity- Value of conversion right - Convertible Notes

(e.1) Notes subscription

The Convertible Notes were issued to be place in exchange for a cash contribution, in exchange for settlement of Chapter 11 Proceeding or a combination of both. Convertible Notes issued in exchange for cash were valued at fair value (the cash received). Notes issued in exchange for settlement of Chapter 11 claims were valued considering the discount that each group of liabilities settled on at the emergence date. The table below shows the 3 Convertible Notes at their nominal values, the adjustment, if any, to arrive at their fair values and the amount of transaction costs. The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. The equity portion is recognized under Other equity at the time the Convertible Notes are issued.

	As of December 31, 2023						
Concepts	Convertible Notes G	Convertible Notes H	Convertible Notes I	Total Convertible Notes			
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$			
Face Value	17,401	—	—	17,401			
Adjustment to fair value Convertible Notes at the date of issue	(14,401)	—	—	(14,401)			
Subtotal	(14,401)	—	_	(14,401)			
Fair Value of Notes	3,000	—		3,000			
Equity component at the date of issue	3,000			3,000			

During the period ended March 31, 2024, there was no subscription of convertible bonds.

(e.2) Conversion of notes into shares

As of December 31, 2023, the following notes have been converted into shares:

		As of December 31, 2023					
Concepts	Convertible Notes G	Convertible Notes H	Convertible Notes I	Total Convertible Notes			
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$			
Conversion percentage	100.000 %	99.997 %	100.000 %				
Conversion option of convertible notes exercised	1,133,397	1,372,798	6,863,427	9,369,622			
Total Converted Notes	1,133,397	1,372,798	6,863,427	9,369,622			

As of March 31, 2024, no bonds have been converted into shares.

The conversion option from the issuance of convertible notes classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument (i.e. convertible notes) as a whole. This is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to share capital. To the date of issuance of these financial statements, the portion not converted into equity corresponds to ThUS\$39.

(e.3) The Convertible Notes

The contractual conditions of the G, H and I Convertible Notes consider the delivery of a fixed number of shares of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. at the time of settlement of the conversion option of each of them. The foregoing determined the classification of convertible notes as equity instruments, with the exception of Bond

H, which considers, in addition to the delivery of a fixed number of shares, the payment of 1% annual interest with certain conditions for its payment and its accrual from 60 days after the exit Date. The payment of this interest gives rise to the recognition of a liability component for the class H convertible notes.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component in the amount of ThUS\$102,031 was estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments.

Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortized over the period of the convertible notes using the effective interest method.

(f) Reserve of share- based payments

Movement of Reserves of share- based payments:

Periods	Opening balance	Stock option plan	Closing balance
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	37,235	_	37,235
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	37,235	_	37,235
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	37,235	—	37,235

These reserves are related to share based payment plans that expired during the first quarter of 2023. No equity instruments were issued and no amounts were paid associated with these plans.

(g) Other sundry reserves

Movement of Other sundry reserves:

Periods	Opening balance	Transactions with non-controlling interest	Legal reserves	Other sundry reserves	Others increases (Decreases)	Closing balance
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(1,972,651)	_	_	(4,076)	_	(1,976,727)
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(1,976,727)	16,648		(10,325)	800,388	(1,170,016)
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	(1,170,016)	-	_	_	_	(1,170,016)

Balance of Other sundry reserves comprise the following:

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Higher value for TAM S.A. share exchange (1)	2,665,692	2,665,692
Reserve for the adjustment to the value of fixed assets (2)	2,620	2,620
Transactions with non-controlling interest (3)	(211,582)	(211,582)
Adjustment to the fair value of the New Convertible Notes (4)	(3,624,871)	(3,624,871)
Others	(1,875)	(1,875)
Total	(1,170,016)	(1,170,016)

(1) Corresponds to the difference between the value of the shares of TAM S.A., acquired by Sister Holdco S.A. (under the Subscriptions) and by Holdco II S.A. (by virtue of the Exchange Offer), which is recorded in the

declaration of completion of the merger by absorption, and the fair value of the shares exchanged by LATAM Airlines Group S.A. as of June 22, 2012.

(2) Corresponds to the technical revaluation of the fixed assets authorized by the Commission for the Financial Market in the year 1979, in Circular No. 1529. The revaluation was optional and could be made only once; the originated reserve is not distributable and can only be capitalized.

(3) The balance corresponds to the loss generated by: Lan Pax Group S.A. e Inversiones Lan S.A. in the acquisition of shares of Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. for ThUS\$(3,480) and ThUS\$(20), respectively; the acquisition of TAM S.A. of the minority interest in Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A. for ThUS\$(885), the acquisition of Inversiones Lan S.A. of the minority participation in Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. for an amount of ThUS\$(2) and the acquisition of a minority stake in Aerolane S.A. by Lan Pax Group S.A. for an amount of ThUS\$(21,526) through Holdco Ecuador S.A. (3) The loss due to the acquisition of the minority interest of Multiplus S.A. for ThUS\$(184,135) (see Note 1), (4) and the acquisition of a minority stake in LATAM Airlines Perú S.A. through LATAM Airlines Group S.A for an amount of ThUS\$(3,225) and acquisition of the minority stake in LAN Argentina S.A. and Inversora Cordillera through Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A. for an amount of ThUS\$(3,383). The movements during 2023 was the following: (5) acquisition of the non-controlling interest of Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. for an amount of ThUS\$(2,30, and (6) amendment of articles in the legal statutes of association related to premiums for the issuance of shares in the subsidiaries Aerovías de Integración Regional S.A. for a total amount of ThUS\$(5,097.

(4) The adjustment to the fair value of the Convertible Notes delivered in exchange for settlement of Chapter 11 claims was valued considering the discount that each group of liabilities settled on at the emergence date. These relate to: gain on the haircut for the accounts payable and other accounts payable for ThUS\$2,564,707 as of December 31, 2023, gain on the haircut for the financial liabilities for ThUS\$420,436 as of December 31, 2023,and gain on the haircut of lease liabilities which is booked against the right of use asset for ThUS\$639,728 as of December 31, 2023.

(h) Reserves with effect in other comprehensive income.

Movement of Reserves with effect in other comprehensive income:

	Currency translation reserve	Cash flow hedging reserve	Gains (Losses) on change on value of time value of options	Actuarial gain or loss on defined benefit plans reserve	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as of January 1, 2023	(3,805,560)	36,542	(21,622)	(28,117)	(3,818,757)
Change in fair value of hedging instrument recognized in OCI	—	(30,725)	16,364	_	(14,361)
Reclassified from OCI to profit or loss	—	(1,833)	5,598	—	3,765
Deferred tax	—	(97)	—	_	(97)
Actuarial reserves by employee benefit plans	—	_	—	(5,776)	(5,776)
Deferred tax actuarial IAS by employee benefit plans	—	_	—	70	70
Translation difference subsidiaries	(5,646)	1,849	(5)	—	(3,802)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(3,811,206)	5,736	335	(33,823)	(3,838,958)
Increase (decrease) due to application of new accounting standars		_			_
Opening balance as of April 1, 2023 (Unaudited)	(3,811,206)	5,736	335	(33,823)	(3,838,958)
Change in fair value of hedging instrument recognized in OCI	_	(2,133)	9,370	_	7,237
Reclassified from OCI to profit or loss	_	(24,735)	23,220	_	(1,515)
Reclassified from OCI to the value of the hedged asset	_	(11,112)	_	_	(11,112)
Deferred tax	_	3,701	_	_	3,701
Actuarial reserves by employee benefit plans	_	_	—	(15,416)	(15,416)
Deferred tax actuarial IAS by employee benefit plans	_	_	_	680	680
Translation difference subsidiaries	(19,405)	(10,135)	22	—	(29,518)
Closing balance as of December 31, 2023	(3,830,611)	(38,678)	32,947	(48,559)	(3,884,901)
Opening balance as of January 1, 2024	(3,830,611)	(38,678)	32,947	(48,559)	(3,884,901)
Change in fair value of hedging instrument recognized in OCI	(5,050,011)	72,299	(28,589)	(40,557)	43,710
Reclassified from OCI to profit or loss		(26,406)	8,812	_	(17,594)
Actuarial reserves by employee benefit plans		(20,100)		(15,291)	(15,291)
Deferred tax actuarial IAS by employee benefit plans				594	594
Translation difference subsidiaries	(43,750)	(12)	(38)	_	(43,800)
Closing balance as of March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	(3,874,361)	7,203	13,132	(63.256)	(3,917,282)
	(3,077,301)	7,205	15,152	(05,250)	(3,717,202)

(h.1) Cumulative translate difference

These are originated from exchange differences arising from the translation of any investment in foreign entities (or Chilean investments with a functional currency different to that of the parent), and from loans and other instruments in foreign currency designated as hedges for such investments. When the investment (all or part) is sold or disposed and a loss of control occurs, these reserves are shown in the consolidated statement of income as part of the loss or gain on the sale or disposal. If the sale does not involve loss of control, these reserves are transferred to non-controlling interests.

(h.2) Cash flow hedging reserve

These are originated from the fair value valuation at the end of each period of the outstanding derivative contracts that have been defined as cash flow hedges. When these contracts expire, these reserves should be adjusted, and the corresponding results recognized.

(h.3) Reserves of actuarial gains or losses on defined benefit plans

Correspond to the increase or decrease in the present value obligation for defined benefit plans due to changes in actuarial assumptions, and experience adjustments, which are the effects of differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and the actual events that have occurred.

(i) Retained earnings/(losses)

Movement of Retained earnings/(losses):

Periods	Opening balance	Result for the period	Dividends	Others increase (decreases) (1)	Closing balance
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
From January 1 to March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(7,501,896)	121,801	57,129	_	(7,322,966)
From April 1 to December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	(7,322,966)	460,030	(231,678)	7,559,025	464,411
From January 1 to March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)	464,411	258,279	(77,483)	_	645,207

(1) The detail of Other increases (decreases) is as follows:

	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$
Absorption accumulated losses (*)	7,501,896
Reversal of dividends	57,129
Total	7,559,025

(*) See letter a) under this same Note.

(j) Dividends per share

Description of dividend	Minimum mandatory dividend 2024	Minimum mandatory dividend 2023
Amount of the dividend (ThUS\$)	77,483 (*)	174,549,000 (**)
Number of shares among which the dividend is distributed	604,437,877,587	604,437,877,587
Dividend per share (US\$)	0.000128	0.000289

(*) It corresponds to mandatory minimum dividend provision charged to equity related to the net income for the year 2024. In the event of a net income for the year 2024, the proposed minimum dividend must be approved by the Board of Directors when appropriate in accordance with the applicable regulations.

(**) See Note 36.

NOTE 25 - REVENUE

The detail of revenues is as follows:

For the period ended	For the period ended at March 31,		
2024	2023		
ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Unaudite	ed		
2,897,842	2,394,352		
369,357	377,290		
3,267,199	2,771,642		
	·		

NOTE 26 - COSTS AND EXPENSES BY NATURE

(a) Costs and operating expenses

The main operating costs and administrative expenses are detailed below:

	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024 2022 ThUS\$ ThUS		
	Unaudite	ited	
Aircraft fuel	(1,024,373)	(1,059,759)	
Other rentals and landing fees	(387,659)	(297,345)	
Aircraft maintenance	(194,231)	(137,603)	
Aircraft rental (*)	(1,233)	(23,732)	
Commissions	(61,732)	(49,980)	
Passenger services	(76,131)	(63,133)	
Other operating expenses	(376,637)	(272,953)	
Total	(2,121,996)	(1,904,505)	

(*) Aircraft Lease Contracts include lease payments based on Power by the Hour (PBH) at the beginning of the contract and fixed-rent payments later on. For these contracts that contain an initial period based on PBH and then a fixed amount, a right of use asset and a lease liability was recognized at the date of modification of the contract. These amounts continue to be amortized over the contract term on a straight-line basis starting from the modification date of the contract. Therefore, as a result of the application of the lease accounting policy, the expenses for the year include both the lease expense for variable payments (Aircraft Rentals) as well as the expenses resulting from the amortization of the right of use assets (included in the Depreciation line included in b) below) and interest from the lease liability (included in Lease Liabilities letter c) below)

	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudi	ted	
Payments for leases of low-value assets	(5,645)	(5,138)	
Total	(5,645)	(5,138)	

(b) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization are detailed below:

	For the period ende	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024	2023		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
	Unaudit	ed		
Depreciation (*)	(317,301)	(263,607)		
Amortization	(15,521)	(14,447)		
Total	(332,822)	(278,054)		

(*) Included within this amount is the depreciation of the Property, plant and equipment (See Note 16 (a)) and the maintenance of the aircraft recognized as right of use assets. The maintenance cost amount included in the depreciation line at March 31, 2024 is ThUS\$155,463 (ThUS\$129,045 for the same period in 2023).

(c) Financial costs

The detail of financial costs is as follows:

	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$ Th		
	Unaudited		
Bank loan interests	(100,010)	(98,197)	
Financial leases	(13,156)	(15,168)	
Lease liabilities	(73,283)	(49,285)	
Other financial instruments	(4,936)	(1,514)	
Total	(191,385) (164		

Costs and expenses by nature presented in this note plus the Employee expenses disclosed in Note 22, are equivalent to the sum of cost of sales, distribution costs, administrative expenses, other expenses and financing costs presented in the consolidated statement of income by function.

NOTE 27 - OTHER INCOME, BY FUNCTION

Other income, by function is as follows:

	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		
Tours	15,064	11,176	
Customs and warehousing	7,201	6,197	
Maintenance	1,064	998	
Income from non-airlines products LATAM Pass	12,694	4,865	
Other miscellaneous income	18,111	10,580	
Total	54,134	33,816	

NOTE 28 - FOREIGN CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE RATE DIFFERENCES

The functional currency of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. is the US dollar, LATAM has subsidiaries whose functional currency is different to the US dollar, such as the chilean peso, argentine peso, colombian peso, brazilian real and guaraní.

The functional currency is defined as the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates. For each entity and all other currencies are defined as a foreign currency.

Considering the above, the balances by currency mentioned in this note correspond to the sum of foreign currency of each of the entities that are part of the LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries.

Following are the current exchange rates for the US dollar, on the dates indicated:

		As of Decem	ber 31,
	As of March 31,	2023	2022
	Unaudited		
Argentine peso	857.42	807.98	177.12
Brazilian real	5.00	4.85	5.29
Chilean peso	981.71	877.12	855.86
Colombian peso	3,857.86	3,872.49	4,845.35
Euro	0.92	0.90	0.93
Australian dollar	1.53	1.46	1.47
Boliviano	6.86	6.86	6.86
Mexican peso	16.61	16.91	19.50
New Zealand dollar	1.67	1.58	1.58
Peruvian Sol	3.71	3.70	3.81
Paraguayan Guarani	7,377.0	7,270.6	7,332.20
Uruguayan peso	37.35	38.81	39.71

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Foreign currency

The foreign currency detail of balances of monetary items in current and non-current assets is as follows:

Current assets	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited	
Cash and cash equivalents	335,432	386,216
Argentine peso	2,982	1,808
Brazilian real	4,114	7,108
Chilean peso	27,488	47,907
Colombian peso	13,465	8,968
Euro	20,445	25,329
U.S. dollar	209,411	237,251
Other currency	57,527	57,845
Other financial assets, current	12,418	14,659
Chilean peso	2,998	4,367
Euro	3,633	3,722
U.S. dollar	5,184	5,971
Other currency	603	599
Other non - financial assets, current	45,066	36,654
Chilean peso	12,036	12,354
Euro	4,151	5,310
U.S. dollar	7,608	10,735
Other currency	21,271	8,255
Trade and other accounts receivable, current	285,960	279,586
Argentine peso	12,681	12,831
Chilean peso	70,763	69,588
Colombian peso	1,672	1,453
Euro	88,249	90,699
U.S. dollar	75,957	68,893
Other currency	36,638	36,122
Accounts receivable from related entities, current	7	27
Chilean peso	7	27
Tax current assets	22,306	17,258
Chilean peso	2,999	2,202
Colombian peso	5,139	6,084
Peruvian sun	11,837	7,108
Other currency	2,331	1,864

As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Unaudited	
701,189	734,400
15,663	14,639
4,114	7,108
116,291	136,445
20,276	16,505
116,478	125,060
298,160	322,850
130,207	111,793
	<u>March 31, 2024</u> ThUS\$ Unaudited 701,189 15,663 4,114 116,291 20,276 116,478 298,160

	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Non ourmont occuts	Unaudited	
Non-current assets		
Other financial assets, non-current	15,202	15,375
Brazilian real	3,690	3,807
Chilean peso	2,700	2,073
Euro	3,632	4,252
U.S. dollar	1,983	2,071
Other currency	3,197	3,172
Other non - financial assets, non-current	10,116	9,856
Brazilian real	10,034	9,789
Other currency	82	67
Accounts receivable, non-current	4,155	4,732
Chilean peso	4,155	4,732
Deferred tax assets	701	1,048
Colombian peso	507	859
U.S. dollar	148	144
Other currency	46	45
Total non-current assets	30,174	31,011
Brazilian real	13,724	13,596
Chilean peso	6,855	6,805
Colombian peso	507	1,700
Euro	3,632	4,252
U.S. dollar	2,131	2,230
Other currency	3,325	2,428
	- ,- ==	,•

	Up to 9	90 days	91 days	to 1 year
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited	
Current liabilities				
Other financial liabilities, current	4,768	4,331	1,842	1,010
Chilean peso	1,615	1,364	1,265	702
U.S. dollar	2,618	2,510	_	
Other currency	535	457	577	308
Trade and other accounts payables, current	542 447	616 022	6,574	0 583
Argentine peso	542,447 4,349	616,032 2,074	135	9,583 132
Brazilian real	13,088	13,401	757	922
Chilean peso	100,698	128,838	1,857	1,560
Euro	33,741	54,744	1,057	7
U.S. dollar	344,356	350,635	199	1,797
Peruvian sol	38,985	42,347	3,585	4,994
Mexican peso	745	2,019		
Pound sterling	3,667	17,379	1	11
Uruguayan peso	1,076	706	4	39
Other currency	1,742	3,889	26	121
Accounts payable to related entities,				
current	6,431	5,154		
U.S. dollar	6,431	5,154	_	
Other provisions, current	17	16	6,889	12,429
Chilean peso			4	4
Other currency	17	16	6,885	12,425
<u>Current liabilities</u>			-,	,
Other non-financial liabilities, current	22,440	15,634	5,149	6,099
Argentine peso	1,500	836	757	445
Chilean peso	12,694	4,338	2,181	4,026
Colombian peso	864	1,456	809	1,066
U.S. dollar	6,268	7,305	465	416
Other currency	1,114	1,699	937	146
Total current liabilities	576,103	641,167	20,454	29,121
Argentine peso	5,849	2,910	892	577
Brazilian real	13,088	13,401	757	922
Chilean peso	115,007	134,540	5,307	6,292
Colombian peso	864	1,456	809	1,066
Euro	33,741	54,744	10	1,000
U.S. dollar	359,673	365,604	664	2,213
Other currency	47,881	68,512	12,015	18,044
2	,	,	, -	,

The foreign currency detail of balances of monetary items in current liabilities and non-current is as follows:

	More than 1 to 3 years		More than 3 to 5 years		More than 5 years	
	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
	Unaudited		Unaudited		Unaudited	
Non-current liabilities						
Other financial liabilities, non-						
current	24,663	32,867	7,215	2,871	149,857	165,511
Chilean peso	9,229	17,020	6,935	2,500	149,301	164,942
U.S. dollar	13,585	14,110		—		
Other currency	1,849	1,737	280	371	556	569
Accounts payable, non-current	64,258	72,783				_
Chilean peso	14,902	16,774		—		
U.S. dollar	47,772	54,441	_	_	_	_
Other currency	1,584	1,568			—	—
Other provisions, non-current	48,837	49,427	_	_	_	_
Argentine peso	4,059	3,570		_		_
Brazilian real	41,248	42,244	_	_		_
Colombian peso	389	395		_		_
Euro	2,978	3,053		_		_
U.S. dollar	163	165			—	—
Provisions for employees benefits,						
non-current	88,836	79,749		—		_
Chilean peso	84,230	76,247		—		—
U.S. dollar	4,606	3,502	—	—	—	—
Total non-current liabilities	226,594	234,826	7,215	2,871	149,857	165,511
Argentine peso	4,059	3,570	_	_		_
Brazilian real	41,248	42,244		_		_
Chilean peso	108,361	110,041	6,935	2,500	149,301	164,942
Colombian peso	389	395		_	_	_
Euro	2,978	3,053	_	_	_	_
U.S. dollar	66,126	72,218	_	_	_	_
Other currency	3,433	3,305	280	371	556	569

	As of March 31, 2024 ThUS\$	As of December 31, 2023
	Unaudited	ThUS\$
General summary of foreign currency:	Onaudited	
General summary of foleign currency.		
Total assets	731,363	765,411
Argentine peso	15,663	14,639
Brazilian real	17,838	20,704
Chilean peso	123,146	143,250
Colombian peso	20,783	18,205
Euro	120,110	129,312
U.S. dollar	300,291	325,080
Other currency	133,532	114,221
Total liabilities	980,223	1,073,496
Argentine peso	10,800	7,057
Brazilian real	55,093	56,567
Chilean peso	384,911	418,315
Colombian peso	2,062	2,917
Euro	36,729	57,804
U.S. dollar	426,463	440,035
Other currency	64,165	90,801
Net position		
Argentine peso	4,863	7,582
Brazilian real	(37,255)	(35,863)
Chilean peso	(261,765)	(275,065)
Colombian peso	18,721	15,288
Euro	83,381	71,508
U.S. dollar	(126,172)	(114,955)
Other currency	69,367	23,420

NOTE 29 – EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

	For the period	d ended at	March 31,	
-	2024		2023	
-		Unaudit	ed	
Basic earnings per share				
Income attributable to owners of the parent (ThUS\$)	258,279		121,801	
Weighted average number of shares, basic	604,437,877,587	(*)	604,437,844,972	(*)
Basic earnings per share (US\$)	0.000427		0.000202	
	For the period	ended at N	March 31	
—	2024	ended at 1	2023	
		Unaudit	ed	
Diluted earnings per share Income attributable to owners of the parent				
(ThUS\$)	258,279		121,801	
Weighted average number of shares, diluted	604,441,789,335	(**)	606,407,693,000	(**)
Diluted earnings per share (US\$)	0.000427		0.000201	

- (*) As of March 31, 2024, the weighted average number of shares considers 604,437,877,587 shares outstanding from January 1, 2024 to March 31, 2024. As of March 31, 2023, the number of weighted basic shares considers 604,437,584,048 outstanding shares from January 1, 2023 to March 31, 2023. From January 10 to March 31, 2023, the number of shares outstanding increased due to the partial conversion of the Convertible Note H.
- (**) As of March 31, 2024, the number of weighted diluted shares considers 604,437,877,587 shares outstanding and 3,911,748 shares outstanding from January 1, 2024 until March 31, 2024, assuming the full conversion of the Convertibles Notes that were issued on the date of exit from Chapter 11 (See movement of shares in Note 24). As of March 31, 2023, the number of weighted diluted shares considers 604,437,584,048 shares from January 1, 2023 to March 31, 2023, and 1,970,108,952 shares outstanding from January 1 to 31. March 2023, assuming the full conversion of the convertible bonds that were issued on the date of exit from Chapter 11.

NOTE 30 – CONTINGENCIES

I. Lawsuits

1) Lawsuits filed by LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries

Company	Court Case Ori		Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
LATAM Finance Limited	Grand Court of the Cayman Islands	-	Request for a provisional bankruptcy process.	On May 26, 2020, LATAM Finance Limited submitted a request for a provisional liquidation in the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, covered in the reorganization proceeding filed before the Bankruptcy Court of the United States of America, which was accepted on May 27, 2020 by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. On September 28, 2020, LATAM Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation. On October 9, 2020, the Grand Court of Cayman Islands accepted the petition and extended the status of temporary liquidation for a period of 6 months. On May 13, 2021, LATAM Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation. On May 18, 2021, the Grand Court of Cayman Islands accepted the petition and extended the status of temporary liquidation until October 9, 2021. On December 1, 2021, LATAM Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation until October 9, 2021. On December 1, 2021, LATAM Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation, which was accepted by the Grand Court of Cayman Islands. This extended the status of the provisional liquidation through April 9, 2022. On August 22, 2022, LATAM Finance Limited petitioned for a suspension of the liquidation, which was granted by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. The provisional liquidation was extended to October 9, 2022 and the process continues in effect. That petition was sustained by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands on October 4, 2022. On September 30, 2022, LATAM Finance Limited filed an application for validation of security obligations arising in connection with the DIP to Exit and new DIP facilities. On October 04, 2022, the Grand Court made an Order validating such application. Currently the proceeding remains open.	ThUS\$ -0-

Company	Court Case Origin		Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
Peuco Finance Limited	Grand Court of the Cayman Islands	_	Request for a provisional bankruptcy process.	On May 26, 2020, Peuco Finance Limited submitted a request for a provisional liquidation in Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, covered in the reorganization proceeding filed before the Bankruptcy Court of the United States of America, which was accepted on May 27, 2020 by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. On September 28, 2020, Peuco Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation. On October 9, 2020, the Grand Court of Cayman Islands accepted the petition and extended the status of temporary liquidation for a period of 6 months. The lawsuit continues to be active. On May 13, 2021, Peuco Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation. On May 18, 2021, the Grand Court of Cayman Islands accepted the petition and extended the status of temporary liquidation until October 9, 2021. On December 1, 2021, Peuco Finance Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation, which was accepted by the Grand Court of Cayman Islands. This extended the status of the provisional liquidation through April 9, 2022. On August 22, 2022, Peuco Finance Limited petitioned for a suspension of the liquidation, which was granted by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. The provisional liquidation was extended to October 9, 2022 and the process continues in effect. That petition was sustained by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands on October 4, 2022. On September 30, 2022, Peuco Finance Limited filed an application for validation of security obligations arising in connection with the DIP to Exit and new DIP facilities. On October 04, 2022, the Grand Court made an Order validating such application. Currently the proceeding remains open.	ThUS\$ -0-

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
Piquero Leasing Limited	Grand Court of the Cayman Islands		Request for a provisional bankruptcy process.	On July 08, 2020, Piquero Leasing Limited submitted a request for a provisional liquidation in Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, covered in the reorganization proceeding filed before the Bankruptcy Court of the United States of America, which was accepted on July 10, 2020, by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. Piquero Leasing Limited entered a motion to suspend the liquidation on September 28, 2020. On October 9, 2020 the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands granted the motion and extended the provisional liquidation status for 6 months. On May 13, 2021,	ThUS\$ -0-
				Piquero Leasing Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation. On May 18, 2021, the Grand Court of Cayman Islands accepted the petition and extended the status of temporary liquidation until October 9, 2021. On December 1, 2021, Piquero Leasing Limited filed a petition to suspend the liquidation, which was accepted by the Grand Court of Cayman Islands. This extended the status of the provisional liquidation through April 9, 2022. On August 22, 2022, Piquero Leasing Limited petitioned for a suspension of the liquidation, which was granted by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands. The provisional liquidation was extended to October 9, 2022 and the process continues in effect. Currently the proceeding remains open.	

2) Lawsuits received by LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries.

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
LATAM Airlines Group S.A. y Lan Cargo S.A.	Comisión Europea		Investigation of alleged infringements to free competition of cargo airlines, especially fuel surcharge. On December 26th, 2007, the General Directorate for Competition of the European Commission notified Lan Cargo S.A. and LATAM Airlines Group S.A. the instruction process against twenty five cargo airlines, including Lan Cargo S.A., for alleged breaches of competition in the air cargo market in Europe, especially the alleged fixed fuel surcharge and freight.	On April 14th, 2008, the notification of the European Commission was replied. The appeal was filed on January 24, 2011. On May 11, 2015, we attended a hearing at which we petitioned for the vacation of the Decision based on discrepancies in the Decision between the operating section, which mentions four infringements (depending on the routes involved) but refers to Lan in only one of those four routes; and the ruling section (which mentions one single conjoint infraction). On November 9th, 2010, the General Directorate for Competition of the European Commission notified Lan Cargo S.A. and LATAM Airlines Group S.A. the imposition of a fine in the amount of ThUS\$8,838 (68.220.000 Euros) This fine is being appealed by Lan Cargo S.A. and LATAM Airlines Group S.A. On December 16, 2015, the European Court of Justice revoked the Commission's decision because of discrepancies. The European Commission did not appeal the decision, but presented a new one on March 17, 2017 reiterating the imposition of the same fine on the eleven original airlines. The fine totals €776,465,000 Euros. It imposed the same fine as before on Lan Cargo and its parent, LATAM Airlines Group S.A., and LATAM Airlines Group S.A., filed a petition with the General Court of the European Union seeking vacation of this decision. We presented our defense in December 2017. On July 12, 2019, we attended a hearing and lowered the amount of our fine from KUS\$8,838 (68,220,000 Euros) to KUS\$2,419 (€2,240,000 Euros). This ruling was appealed by LAN Cargo S.A. and LATAM on June 9, 2022. The other eleven airlines also appealed the Cummission's arguments on November 11, 2022. Finally, the European Commission replied to our defense in January 2023. On February 13, 2023, LAN Cargo, S.A. and LATAM requested the European Comt is of sergender 7, 2022. Lan Cargo S.A. and LATAM requested the European Commission's arguments on November 11, 2022. Finally, the European Commission's arguments on November 11, 2022. Finally, the European Comtision's arguments on November 11,	ThUS\$ 2,419

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
Lan Cargo S.A. y LATAM Airlines Group S.A.			European airlines by users of freight services in private lawsuits as a result of the investigation into alleged breaches of competition of cargo airlines, especially fuel surcharge. Lan Cargo	The two cases still pending, in Norway and the Netherlands, are in the evidence confirmation stage. The Norway case has been inactive since January 2014, but there has been judicial activity in the Netherlands case. In the Netherlands, most of the airlines involved in this case have been forced to withdraw their claim against LATAM and Lan Cargo after their previous claims in the Chapter 11 proceedings before the New York Court were dismissed. So, Lufthansa, Lufthansa Cargo, British Airways, Air France, KLM, Martinair and Singapore have withdrawn their claims and now only the Thai Airways claim is still ongoing against LATAM and Lan Cargo.	ThUS\$ -0-
Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A.	Justicia Federal.	0008285- 53.2015.403.6105	quash a decision and petitioning for early protection in order to obtain a revocation of the penalty imposed by the Brazilian Competition Authority (CADE) in the investigation of cargo airlines alleged fair trade violations, in	This action was filed by presenting a guaranty – policy – in order to suspend the effects of the CADE's decision regarding the payment of the following fines: (i) ABSA: ThUS\$10,438; (ii) Norberto Jochmann: ThUS\$201; (iii) Hernan Merino: ThUS\$ 102; (iv) Felipe Meyer:ThUS\$ 102. The action also deals with the affirmative obligation required by the CADE consisting of the duty to publish the condemnation in a widely circulating newspaper. This obligation had also been stayed by the court of federal justice in this process. Awaiting CADE's statement. ABSA began a judicial review in search of an additional reduction in the fine amount. The Judge's decision was published on March 12, 2019, and we filed an appeal against it on March 13, 2019	10,850

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A.	Justicia Federal.	0001872- 58.2014.4.03.6105	with a motion for preliminary injunction,	The statement was authenticated on January 29, 2016. A new insurance policy was submitted on March 30, 2016 with the change to the guarantee requested by PGFN. On 05/20/2016 the process was sent to PGFN, which was manifested on 06/03/2016. The Decision denied the company's request in the lawsuit. The court (TRF3) made a decision to eliminate part of the debt and keep the other part (already owed by the Company, but which it has to pay only at the end of the process: ThUS\$3.850 – R\$ 19.252.271,21 - probable y MUS\$8.659 – R\$ 43299802,03 - possible). We must await a decision on the Treasury appeal.	ThUS\$ 12,510
Tam Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Tribunal Regional Federal da 2a Região.	2001.51.01.012530- 0 (vinculado a este proceso los Pas 19515.721154/2014- 71, 19515.002963/2009- 12)	Ordinary judicial action brought for the purpose of declaring the nonexistence of legal relationship obligating the company to collect the Air Fund.	Unfavorable court decision in first instance. Currently expecting the ruling on the appeal filed by the company. In order to suspend chargeability of Tax Credit a Guaranty Deposit to the Court was delivered for R\$ 260.223.373,10-original amount in 2012/2013, which currently equals ThUS\$82.473 (R\$412.369.986,27). The court decision requesting that the Expert make all clarifications requested by the parties in a period of 30 days was published on March 29, 2016. The plaintiffs' submitted a petition on June 21, 2016 requesting acceptance of the opinion of their consultant and an urgent ruling on the dispute. No amount additional to the deposit that has already been made is required if this case is lost. A ruling is currently pending on the company's appeal.	82,473
Tam Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Secretaria da Receita Federal do Brasil.	10880.725950/2011- 05	brought for the purpose of declaring the nonexistence of legal relationship obligating	The objection (manifestação de inconformidade) filed by the company was rejected, which is why the voluntary appeal was filed. The case was assigned to the 1st Ordinary Group of Brazil's Administrative Council of Tax Appeals (CARF) on June 8, 2015. TAM's appeal was included in the CARF session held August 25, 2016. An agreement that converted the proceedings into a formal case was published on October 7, 2016. The company has received the results of the due diligence and presented a claim. We must wait for an administrative decision.	36,404

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
Tam Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Secretaria da Receita Federal do Brasil.	10880.722.355/2014-52	the Federal Tax Service issued a notice of violation stating that compensation credits Program (PIS) and the Contribution for the Financing of Social Security COFINS by TAM are not directly		ThUS\$ 11,365
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	10 ^a Vara das Execuções Fiscais Federais de São Paulo	0061196- 68.2016.4.03.6182	TaxEnforcementLienNo.0020869-47.2017.4.03.6182onProfit-BasedSocialContributionsfrom2004 to 2007.	on April 18, 2017. At this time, the period is pending	34,684
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Secretaría de Receita Federal	5002912.29.2019.4.03.6100	A lawsuit disputing the debit in the administrative proceeding 16643.000085/2009-47, reported in previous notes, consisting of a notice demanding recovery of the Income and Social Assessment Tax on the net profit (SCL) resulting from the itemization of royalties and use of the TAM trademark	The lawsuit was assigned on February 28, 2019. A decision was rendered on March 1, 2019 stating that no guarantee was required. On 04/06/2020 TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. had a favorable decision (sentence). The National Treasury can appeal. Today, we await the final decision.	10,093
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Delegacía de Receita Federal	10611.720852/2016-58	An improper charge of the Contribution for the Financing of Social Security (COFINS) on an import	There is no predictable decision date because it depends on the court of the government agency. On June 29, 2023, the company decided to propose a composition to the National Treasurer on payment of the debt, but with the legal deductions stipulated in Law 246/2022. We are awaiting a response from the authority.	15,051

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Delegacía de Receita Federal	16692.721.933/2017- 80	The Internal Revenue Service of Brazil issued a notice of violation because TAM applied for credits offsetting the contributions for the Social Integration Program (PIS) and the Social Security Funding Contribution (COFINS) that do not bear a direct relationship to air transport (Referring to 2012).	An administrative defense was presented on May 29, 2018. The process has become a judicial proceeding.	ThUS\$ 30,330
SNEA (Sindicato Nacional das empresas aeroviárias)	União Federal	0012177- 54.2016.4.01.3400	72% increase in airport control fees (TAT-	On January 30th, 2024, SNEA obtained a favorable court decision from the 2nd Instance (TRF1), regarding its appeal. SNEA filed an appeal (motion for clarification) to clarify missing points regarding the deposits made with the court. The company is awaiting the decision.	104,547
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	União Federal	2001.51.01.020420-0	TAM and other airlines filed a recourse claim seeking a finding that there is no legal or tax basis to be released from collecting the Additional Airport Fee ("ATAERO").	A decision by the superior court is pending. The amount is indeterminate because even though TAM is the plaintiff, if the ruling is against it, it could be ordered to pay a fee.	-0-
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal do Brasil	19515- 720.823/2018-11	claim to collect alleged	A defense was presented on November 28, 2018. The Court dismissed the Company's appeal in August 2019. Then on September 17, 2019, Company filed a voluntary appeal (CRSF (Administrative Tax Appeals Board)) that is pending a decision.	122,853

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.938832/2013- 19	the reallocation petition and did not equate the Social	An administrative defense was argued on March 19, 2019. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal to the Brazilian Administrative Council of Tax Appeals (CARF) that is pending a decision.	ThUS\$ 22,080
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.938834/2013- 16		An administrative defense was argued on March 19, 2019. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal to the Brazilian Administrative Council of Tax Appeals (CARF) that is pending a decision.	16,369
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.938837/2013- 41		An administrative defense was argued on March 19, 2019. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal to the Brazilian Administrative Council of Tax Appeals (CARF) that is pending a decision.	21,354
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.938838/2013- 96	the reallocation petition and did not	We presented our administrative defense. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal to the Brazilian Administrative Council of Tax Appeals (CARF) that is pending a decision.	13,753

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
LATAM Airlines Group Argentina, Brasil, Perú, Ecuador, y TAM Mercosur.	Juzgado de 1° Instancia en lo Civil y Comercial Federal N° 11 de la ciudad de Buenos Aires	1408/2017	Coop. Ltda. filed this claim on March 14, 2017 regarding a provision of services. It petitioned for the reimbursement of certain fees or the	trial, which was rejected by the Court due to the lack of	ThUS\$ -0-
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10.880.938842/2013- 54	petition for reassignment and did	We presented our administrative defense. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal to the Brazilian Administrative Council of Tax Appeals (CARF) that is pending a decision.	15,792
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10.880.938844/2013- 43	petition for	We presented our administrative defense. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	14,467
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.938841/2013- 18	The decision denied the petition for	We presented our administrative defense. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	14,250

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10840.727719/2019- 71	Collection of PIS / COFINS tax for the period of 2014.	We presented our administrative defense on January 11, 2020. The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	ThUS\$ 43,655
Latam- Airlines Ecuador S.A.	Tribunal Distrital de lo Fiscal	17509-2014-0088	An audit of the 2006 Income Tax Return that disallowed fuel expenses, fees and other items because the necessary support was not provided, according to Management.	payment. An appeal seeking vacation of this judgment by the Court was filed on September 5th and we are awaiting a decision by the Appellate judges. As of December 31, 2018, the attorneys believed that the probability of recovering this	12,505
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910559/2017- 91	Compensation non equate by Cofins	It is about the non-approved compensation of Cofins. Administrative defense submitted (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	12,414
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910547/2017- 67	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	14,328
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910553/2017- 14	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	13,830
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910555/2017- 11	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	14,564

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
					ThUS\$
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910560/2017- 16	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	12,745
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910550/2017- 81	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	14,748
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910549/2017- 56	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	12,339
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	10880.910557/2017- 01	Compensation non equate by Cofins	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). The Court dismissed the Company's defense in December 2020. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	11,691
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	Receita Federal do Brasil	10840.722712/2020- 05	deals with the collection of	We presented our administrative defense (Manifestação de Inconformidade). A decision is pending. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	34,083
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal do Brasil	10880.978948/2019- 86	compensation/reimbursement	TAM filed its administrative defense on July 14, 2020. A decision is pending. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	18,885
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal do Brasil	10880.978946/2019- 97	compensation/reimbursement	TAM filed its administrative defense on July 14, 2020. A decision is pending. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	11,428
TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	Receita Federal do Brasil	10880.978944/2019- 06	compensation/reimbursement	TAM filed its administrative defense on July 14, 2020. A decision is pending. The Company filed a voluntary appeal (CARF) that is pending a decision.	12,108

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*) ThUS\$
Latam Airlines Group S.A	23° Juzgado Civil de Santiago	C-8498- 2020	filed by the National Corporation of Consumers and Users (CONADECUS) against LATAM Airlines Group S.A. for alleged breaches of the Law on Protection of Consumer Rights due to flight cancellations caused by the COVID- 19 Pandemic, requesting the nullity of possible abusive clauses, the imposition of fines and compensation for damages in defense of the collective interest of consumers. LATAM has hired specialist lawyers	On 06/25/2020 we were notified of the lawsuit. On 04/07/2020 we filed a motion for reversal against the ruling that declared the action filed by CONADECUS admissible, the decision is pending to date. On 07/11/2020 we requested the Court to comply with the suspension of this case, ruled by the 2nd Civil Court of Santiago, in recognition of the foreign reorganization procedure pursuant to Law No. 20,720, for the entire period that said proceeding lasts, a request that was accepted by the Court. CONADECUS filed a remedy of reconsideration and an appeal against this resolution should the remedy of reconsideration be dismissed. The Court dismissed the reconsideration on August 3, 2020, but admitted the appeal. On March 1, 2023, the Court of Appeals resolved to omit the hearing of the case and pronouncement regarding the appeal, in view of the fact that in January 2023 LATAM's request the end of the suspension of the first instance to continue processing. On November 24, 2023, the Court dismissed LATAM'S motion for reversal against the ruling that declared the action filed by CONADECUS admissible. Accordingly, on December 4, 2023, LATAM filed the statement of defense. A reconciliation hearing was held on March 27, 2024, but no agreement was reached. The amount at the moment is undetermined.	-0-

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
Latam Airlines Group S.A.	25° Juzgado Civil de Santiago	C-8903-2020	by AGRECU against LATAM Airlines Group S.A. for alleged breaches of the Law on Protection of Consumer Rights due to flight cancellations caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic, requesting the nullity of possible abusive clauses, the imposition of fines and compensation for damages in defense of the collective interest of consumers. LATAM has hired specialist	dismissed, costs payable by CONADECUS, on November 16, 2020 and November 20, 2020,	ThUS\$ -0-

TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A Receita13074.726429/2021-
Federal deIt is about the non-approved
compensation/reimbursement
of Cofins for the periods
07/2016 to 06/2017.TAM filed its administrative defense. (Manifestação de
Inconformidade). A decision is pending

19,531

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Receita Federal de Brasil	2007.34.00.009919- 3(0009850- 54.2007.4.01.3400)	A lawsuit seeking to review the incidence of the Social Security Contribution taxed on 1/3 of vacations, maternity payments and medical leave for accident.	A decision is pending	ThUS\$ 72,573
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Tribunal del Trabajo de Brasília/DF	0000038- 25.2021.5.10.0017	This civil suit was filed by the National Pilots Union seeking that the company be ordered to pay for meals daily when pilots are on alert status.	The hearing is scheduled for April 15, 2024.	13,933
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	UNIÃO FEDERAL	0052711- 85.1998.4.01.0000	collect a differentiated price from the Federal	The lawsuit began in 1993. In 1998, there was a decision favorable to TAM. The process reached the Court, and in 2019, the decision was against TAM. The company has appealed and a decision is pending.	-0-
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	Tribunal do Trabajo de São Paulo	1000115- 90.2022.5.02.0312	A class action whereby	The instruction hearing is pending in this case, scheduled for 12:02 p.m. on April 25, 2024	15,709
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	Receita Federal	15746.728063/2022- 00	This is an administrative claim regarding alleged irregularities in the payment of Technical Assistance (SAT) in 2018.	The administrative defense has been presented and a decision is pending.	17,749

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	1003320- 78.2023.4.06.3800	Legal action to discuss the debit of the administrative process 10611.720630/2017-16 (fine for violation of incorrect registration in DI- import declaration)	Distributed on January 19, 2023. The company obtained a precautionary measure suspending the collection without the need for a guarantee. Process awaiting response from the National Treasury. The decision was in favor of the company and the debt was canceled. A remedy filed by Fazenda is pending.	ThUS\$ 21,289
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	12585.720017/2012- 84	This is a petition to recover a credit (proportional) in the 3rd quarter of 2010 under the Social Security Financing Contribution program (abbreviated as COFINS in Portuguese).	An administrative defense was presented but was dismissed. The company filed a voluntary remedy before CARF that was also dismissed. A decision on the special remedy is now pending.	10,348
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	10880- 982.487/2020-80	This is a petition to recover a credit (proportional) in the 4rd quarter of 2016 under the Social Security Financing Contribution program (abbreviated as COFINS in Portuguese)	An administrative defense was presented but was dismissed. The company filed a voluntary remedy before CARF. A decision on the special remedy is now pending.	10,169
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	10880- 967.530/2022-49	This is a petition to recover a credit (proportional) in the 1rd quarter of 2018 under the Social Security Financing Contribution program (abbreviated as COFINS in Portuguese).	An administrative defense was presented. A decision is pending.	10,522
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	10880- 967.532/2022-38	This is a petition to recover a credit (proportional) in the 2rd quarter of 2018 under the Social Security Financing Contribution program (abbreviated as COFINS in Portuguese).	An administrative defense was presented and a decision is pending.	11,290

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	10880- 967.533/2022-82	This is a petition to recover a credit (proportional) in the 4rd quarter of 2018 under the Social Security Financing Contribution program (abbreviated as COFINS in Portuguese).	An administrative defense was presented and a decision is pending.	ThUS\$ 19,883
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	19613.725650/2023- 86	A Notice of Violation prepared in the petition by the Social Integration Program (abbreviated as PIS in Portuguese) and by COFINS on taxable events allegedly occurring between May 2018 and December 2018.	An administrative defense was presented and a decision is pending.	13,968
LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	Tribunal de Defensa de la Libre Competencia	445-2022	On May 21, 2022, Agunsa filed a petition to TDLC for a preliminary preparatory measure of exhibition of documents in respect of Aerosan, Depocargo, Sociedad Concesionaria Nuevo Pudahuel and Fast Air in which Agunsa claimed that it was impacted by alleged anti-competition practices on the import cargo warehousing market at the Arturo Merino Benitez International Airport.	Fast Air was served on June 9, 2022 and on June 13, 2022, it lodged opposition against this petition, which was partially sustained by the Antitrust Court (TDLC) on July 19, 2022, in which the new exhibition date was set as August 22nd (the original date set by the court was July 1, 2022). On July 25, 2022, Fast Air requested a reconsideration of this latter court decision and petitioned that the temporary scope of the exhibition be reduced. Fast Air's petition was sustained and the scope of the documents to be revealed was limited even further. On August 12th, Fast Air petitioned that a new date and time be set for the exhibition hearing. The court granted this latter request on August 17th and set the exhibition date as August 31st. Fast Air appeared with 368 files and asked for confidentiality and/or secrecy of all of the information presented. The public versions have already been added to the case file as final versions. Aerosan began a separate, but related, noncontentious inquiry on April 20, 2023 before the Anti-Trust Court (abbreviated as TDLC in Spanish) petitioning that the TDLC decide whether the enforcement of Exempt Resolution #152 of the National Customs Bureau would violate Decree Law 211. Said Resolution #152 granted Agunsa permission to operate as a cargo warehouse at the North Warehouse facility. On January 10, 2024, the Public Hearing of the case was held, which was in state of agreement. For the time being, the amount is indeterminate.	-0-

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	Tribunal de Defensa de la Libre Competencia	489-2023	A preliminary precautionary measure was filed by the Tourism Companies Trade Association of Chile seeking that LATAM's NDC system cease to be implemented or, alternatively, that collection of the Distribution Cost Recovery Fee be suspended and that LATAM be forbidden to limit the inventory of	On May 24, 2023 the preliminary measure was initially rejected. However, after accepting an appeal for reinstatement of ACHET, said resolution was annulled on June 8, 2023, providing instead that partially accepts the precautionary measure only in terms of suspending the Distribution Cost Recovery Fee and prohibiting any unjustified limitation of the inventory of tickets available for the indirect distribution channel. Currently awaiting a final ruling from the Court. The preliminary measure cannot be implemented until such a decision is rendered. For the time being, the amount is indeterminate.	ThUS\$ -0-
LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	23° Juzgado Civil de Santiago	C-8156- 2022	CONADECUS against LATAM Airlines Group	We were served the claim on September 21, 2023. On September 30, 2023, we filed a remedy of reconsideration against the decision that declared the lawsuit filed by CONADECUS admissible, which was dismissed by the Court on November 11, 2023. On November 18, 2023, LATAM filed the statement of defense. For the time being, the amount is undetermined.	-0-

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
					ThUS\$
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	10880.967587/2022- 48	This is about the unaccredited compensation/reimbursement and redress regarding the improper payment of the monthly federal social assistance contribution (Cofins, as abbreviated in Portuguese) made in the third quarter of 2018.	The administrative defense has been presented and a decision is pending.	11,362
LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	Tribunal de Defensa de la Libre Competencia	NC-388-2011	On August 11, 2012, the Civil Aviation Administration ("JAC," as abbreviated in Spanish) filed a petition for clarification with the Anti-Trust Court ("TDLC," as abbreviated in Spanish) regarding Condition VIII.4 of Decision #37/2011 ("Condition VII.4"). The petition seeks to impose a temporary 5 years limitation on 23 frequencies assigned by the JAC to LATAM after Decision #37 was issued.	LATAM filed a brief with the TDLC on August 27, 2023, petitioning that the JAC petition for clarification be dismissed because it was an improper request to change Condition VIII.4. The TDLC dismissed the JAC's petition for clarification on September 13, 2023. The JAC filed an appeal against the TDLC's ruling dismissing its petition for clarification on September 23, 2023. LATAM petitioned that said appeal by the JAC be declared inadmissible on September 30, 2023. The TDLC declared it admissible (it admitted the appeal for processing) on October 2, 2023, and LATAM filed a remedy of reconsideration against that decision on October 7, 2023, accompanied by a legal opinion. The TDLC accepted LATAM's remedy of reconsideration on October 17, 2023 and amended its previous ruling and dismissed the JAC's petition for clarification. On October 23, 2023, the	-0-

case.

JAC presented an appeal to the Supreme Court requesting that the TDLC resolution be annulled and petitioned declared admissible the remedy of reconsideration. On November 3, 2023, LATAM became part of the de facto appeal and requested its rejection. On December 20,

appeal and requested its rejection. On December 20, 2023, the TDLC sent a report to the Supreme Court. On January 6, 2024, the JAC presented a note in relation to the TDLC report. On January 9, 2024, LATAM presented a document in response to the JAC presentation in which it analyzed the TDLC report. The Supreme Court unanimously dismissed the appeal against judgment by the Civil Aviation Board on March 15, 2024. The Board filed a remedy of reconsideration on March 21, 2024

against the Supreme Court's decision dismissing its appeal against judgment. LATAM filed a brief with the Supreme Court on March 26, 2024 petitioning the dismissal of that remedy of reconsideration. The Supreme Court dismissed the Board's remedy of reconsideration on April 12, 2024. There are no appeals pending in this

In a separate but related process, JetSmart filed a noncontentious inquiry on September 26, 2023, in relation to the terms of the future public tender of aviation frequencies on the Santiago-Lima route. JetSmart requested an injunction to suspend the tender and maintain the aviation frequency assignments as currently held until the inquiry has finalized. The TDLC declared the inquiry admissible on October 2, 2023, but only to begin a procedure to determine whether the rules in the terms of the public aviation frequency tender violate Decree Law 211, and dismissed the request for provisional measures. (Continues on the next page)

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Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
ТАМ	União	10880.967612/2022-	This is a petition to	(Continues from the previous page) The JAC became a party to such motions on October 6, 2023 and LATAM became a party to the process on October 10, 2023, and it requested that the motions filed by JetSmart be dismissed. On October 16, 2023, the TDLC took into account the considerations presented by LATAM and rejected the two motions for reconsideration filed by JetSmart. On October 19, 2023 CONADECUS requested to become part of this process and requested the same injuction previously rejected twice by the TDLC. On October 23, 2023 LATAM submitted a brief to the TDLC requesting the rejection of saidinjuction now requested by CONADECUS. On October 23, 2023, a public auction was held by JAC for thirteen international frequencies for the Santiago - Lima route, LATAM won ten of thirteen of these routes. On October 24, 2023, JetSmart once again requested that an injunction be issued regarding the public tender of aviation frequencies on the Santiago-Lima route. On November 2, 2023, the TDLC rejected the request for injunctions submitted by JetSmart and CONADECUS. On December 5, 2023, JetSmart complied with TDLC procedural order and published in the Chilean official newspaper a notice calling interested parties and stakeholders to submit information and opinions regarding JetSmart's inquiry. On December 21, 2023 the FNE requested to be an intervening party in the process and requested to extend the deadline to provide background information. The TDLC accepted the postponement, leaving the deadline for providing information as February 5, 2024. On February 1, 2024, LATAM submitted a brief to TDLC advocating for its position and providing background information regarding JetSmart's inquiry. The Office of the National Economic Prosecutor (FNE), the JAC, the National Consumer Service (SERNAC), Sky Airline and CONADECUS also provided information in January and February 2024. The Civil Aviation Board submitted a petition for clarification to the Antitrust Court on February 13, 2024, asking whether a tender could be convened	ThUS\$
Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Federal	93	recover a credit Cofins in the 1rd quarter of 2019 (proportional)	is pending.	11,205

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A.	Superior Tribunal de Justiça (STJ)	0042711- 61.2007.8.05.0001 (1449899)	Trial involving a commercial representation contract signed directly with the company Gm Serviços Auxiliares de Transporte Aéreo Ltda. alleging the irregular closing of the contract, requesting payment of compensation.	The procedure before the Court of Appeal is pending	ThUS\$ 11,231
LATAM Airlines Group S.A Sucursal Perú	Tribunal Fiscal	12511-2022	Appeal for \$34MM, presented on October 11, 2022, against the Intendencia resolution No. 4070140000100, which declared unfounded the claim filed by the Company on September, 20, 2022, against the Determination Resolutions for alleged omissions of the Income Tax corresponding to the period 2014 and associated fines for the violation typified in numeral 1 of article 178 of the Tax Code. The main objections relate to SUNAT's lack of knowledge of the application of article 8 of the CDI between Peru and Chile regarding: i) Income obtained from the exclusivity contract of the Latam Pass program with the Banco de Crédito del Perú, ii) Income from sale of miles to non-airline partners and associated cost (sale of miles from the Latam Pass program to legal companies).	The resolution is pending.	34,000

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	UNIÃO FEDERAL	1012674- 80.2018.4.01.3400	Legal actions for members to have the right to collect contributions in the payroll collectible on the basis of gross sales.	This claim was filed in 2018. In January 2020, a decision favorable to the Company was rendered so that contributions would be collected on the basis of gross income. The company recently learned that the Superior Courts are rendering decisions unfavorable to contributors. They have ruled against the contributor in a recent decision. In December/2023 the position was withdrawn.	ThUS\$ -0-
LATAM Airlines Perú S.A.	Tribunal Fiscal	Expediente de Apelación N° 2545-2023	Appeal against the resolution of the Intendencia No. 4070140000253 that declared the claim against Determination Resolutions No. 0120030126112 to 0120030126123 and RM No. 0120020037412 to 0120020037423 partially founded. The objections contested through the values indicated above correspond to the taxable base of the IGV for the national interline (domestic national sale).	On September 16, 2022, an appeal was filed against the determination and fine resolutions issued by SUNAT; being that, through Resolution of the Intendencia No. 4070140000253, the claim filed by the company was partially founded and, in addition, (i) it rectified Annexes No. 01, 04, 05 and 06 of RD No. 0120030126112 to No. 0120030126123. , (ii) the Annex to RM N° 0120020037412 to N° 0120020037423, (iii) the balance in favor of the IGV for the tax periods of January and July 2016 contained in RD N° 0120030126112 and 0120030126118; and, (iv) rectified and continued the collection of the tax debt contained in RD No. 0120030126119 to 0120030126123 and RM No. 0120020037412 to 0120020037423. On January 11, 2023, an appeal was filed against the this resolution which has been resolved and notified on April 10, 2024 through RTF 3149-9-2024, through which the Tax Court has decided to revoke RI No. 4070140000253 and proceed to reliquidate the Tax. Currently the file is held by SUNAT for reliquidation.	45,162
LATAM Airlines Perú S.A.	Superintendencia Nacional de Administración Tributaria (SUNAT)	Expediente de Reclamación N° 4070340000412.	Claim against Determination Resolution No. 0120030130232, Fine Resolution No. 0120020038314, notified on 12.22.2022 and Determination Resolution No. 0120030130245 for indirect disposal of income not susceptible to subsequent tax control linked to the objections made to determination of third category net income for fiscal year 2015	On January 26, 2023, the Company filed an appeal against the determination and fine resolutions issued by SUNAT. Through Resolution of the Intendencia No. 4070340000928 dated December 19, 2023, SUNAT declared the appeal filed by the Company founded and, consequently, Determination Resolutions No. 012-003- 0130232, No. 012-003- 0130245 and Fine Resolution No. 012-002-0038314 are void. Currently, the Gerencia de Fiscalización I and the Gerencia de Fiscalización Internacional y de Precios de Transferencia de la Intendencia de Principales Contribuyentes Nacionales of the SUNAT are pending to issue the inspection requirements necessary to correct the invalidity defects declared by the Intendencia Nacional de Impugnaciones.	185,987

Company	Court	Case Number	Origin	Stage of trial	Amounts Committed (*)
TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A	União Federal	10880- 927.871/2023-62	This is a petition to recover Social Security Funding Contributions (Cofins in Portuguese) from the first semester of 2020	The administrative defense has been presented and a decision is pending.	ThUS\$ 12,932
TAM Linhas Aéreas	União Federal	19613.720519/2024- 11	(proportionally). On February 7, 2024, the Brazilian Federal Tax Service issued a tax assessment against TAM Linhas Aéreas (19613.720519/2024- 11) for the amount of ThUS\$52,281 (MR\$253,565) related to certain tax credits on "PIS COFINS" (Federal Social Contributions Taxed on Gross Income) during the 2019/2020 period.	The administrative defense has been presented and a decision is pending.	50,752
LATAM Airlines Group S.A Sucursal Perú.	Superintendencia Nacional de Administración Tributaria (SUNAT)		A claim will be filed against Cost Decisions #012-003-0137152 to #012-003-0137175 and Fines #012-002- 0039543 to 012-002- 0039565 before the legal deadline, which is April 26, 2024.	The objections being challenged through the amounts indicated above pertain to the 2017 fiscal year. The main objections to Income Tax involve the National Customs and Tax Administration Commission of Peru's disregard for the application of Article 8 of the Double- Taxation Treaty between Peru and Chile regarding: i) the income earned under the exclusivity contract between the LATAM Pass program and Banco de Credito del Peru; and ii) the income from the sale of miles to non-aviation partners and the associated cost (sale of LATAM Pass miles to legal entities). The main objections to the General Sales Tax deal with the tax credit for i) booking flights through the LATAM Pass system that were ticketed by LATAM Airlines Peru; ii) the General Agency Service issued by the Lan Cargo Branch (placing transportation services qualified as exports); iii) the General Agency Service provided by LATAM Airlines Peru (sale of tickets and interline flights); and iv) the service of exchanging LATAM Pass prizes issued by Promotick.	50,700

In order to deal with any financial obligations arising from legal proceedings in effect at March 31, 2024, whether civil, tax, or labor, LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries, has made provisions, which are included in Other non-current provisions that are disclosed in Note 20.

The Company has not disclosed the individual probability of success for each contingency in order to not negatively affect its outcome.

(*) The Company has reported the amounts involved only for the lawsuits for which a reliable estimation can be made of the financial impacts and of the possibility of any recovery, pursuant to Paragraph 86 of IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

II. Governmental Investigations.

1) On April 6, 2019, LATAM Airlines Group S.A. received the resolution issued by the National Economic Prosecutor's Office (FNE), which begins an investigation Role No. 2530-19 into the LATAM Pass frequent passenger program. The last activity in this investigation corresponds to request for information received in May 2019.

2) On July 26, 2019, the National Consumer Service of Chile (SERNAC) issued the Ordinary Resolution No. 12,711 which proposed to initiate a collective voluntary mediation procedure on effectively informing passengers of their rights in cases of cancellation of flights or no show to boarding, as well as the obligation to return the respective boarding fees as provided by art. 133 C of the Aeronautical Code. The Company has voluntarily decided to participate in this proceeding, in which an agreement was reached on March 18, 2020, which implies the return of shipping fees from September 1, 2021, with an initial amount of ThUS\$5,165, plus ThUS\$565, as well as information to each passenger who has not flown since March 18, 2020, that their boarding fees are available. On January 18, 2021, the 14th Civil Court of Santiago approved the aforesaid agreement. LATAM published an abstract of the decision in nationwide newspapers in compliance with the law. LATAM began performance of the agreement on September 3, 2021. In April and October 2022, and in April and November 2023 the external auditors presented preliminary reports agreed upon with the National Consumer Service (SERNAC). The implementation of a voluntary class procedure concluded on September 3, 2023. In March 2024, the final report of the external auditors was presented.

3) On October 15, 2019, LATAM Airlines Group S.A. received the resolution issued by the National Economic Prosecuting Authority ("FNE") which begins an investigation Role N°2585-19 into the agreement between LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Delta Air Lines, Inc ("Delta"). On August 13, 2021 FNE, Delta and LATAM reached an out-of-court agreement that put an end to this investigation. On October 28, 2021, the Tribunal de Defensa de la Libre Competencia approved the out-of-court agreement reached by LATAM and Delta with the FNE.

4) LATAM Airlines Group S.A. received a resolution by the National Economic Prosecutor (FNE) on February 1, 2018 beginning Investigation 2484-18 on air cargo carriage. On August 29, 2023, the Office of the National Economic Prosecutor (FNE) decided to separate part of the information from such investigation and created a new Case #2729-23 relative to cargo carriage on charter flights from Santiago to Easter Island during the pandemic. The latest activity in the investigation of Case 2484-18 is an Official Ordinary Letter issued August 28, 2023 in which it requested additional information from LATAM. That letter was answered on September 27, 2023.

5) LATAM Airlines Group S.A. received a resolution by the National Economic Prosecutor (FNE) on August 12, 2021 beginning Investigation N° 2669-21 on compliance with condition VII Res. N° 37/2011 from TDLC related to restrictions as to certain codeshare agreements. On October 2, 2023, the FNE decided to separate part of the information in such investigation. Case #2737-23 will be about the code share agreements between LATAM and Delta that LATAM petitioned be amended; and Case #2669-21 will be about the remaining code share agreements. In relation to the investigation with Role No. 2737-23, dated November 06, 2023, the FNE and LATAM reached an extrajudicial agreement in order to allow certain codeshare agreements between LATAM and Delta to be modified. On December, 7, 2023, TDLC approved the extrajudicial agreement reached by LATAM and the FNE.

6) The competition authority sent an inquiry [or request] to TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. (LATAM Airlines Brasil) with the objective of obtaining information regarding certain pricing issues, which was received by the company on November 27, 2023. LATAM Airlines Brasil is cooperating with the authority and remains committed to transparency and compliance with all applicable rules and regulations.

7) The competition authority sent an official letter [or request] to Tam Linhas Aereas S.A. (LATAM Airlines Brazil) seeking information on the acquisition of other types of aircraft. The company received it on March 22, 2024. LATAM Airlines Brazil is cooperating with the authority and maintains its commitment to transparency and compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

NOTE 31 - COMMITMENTS

(a) Commitments arising from loans

In relation to certain contracts committed by the Company for the financing of the Boeing 777 aircraft, which are guaranteed by the Export – Import Bank of the United States of America, limits have been established for some financial indicators of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. on a consolidated basis. Under no circumstance does non-compliance with these limits generate loan acceleration.

The Company and its subsidiaries do not have credit agreements that impose limits on financial indicators of the Company or its subsidiaries, with the exception of those detailed below:

On October 12, 2022, LATAM Airlines Group S.A., acting through its Florida branch, closed a new four year revolving credit facility ("Exit RCF") of US\$ 500 million with a consortium of five banks led by JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. As of March 31, 2024, this credit facility is undrawn and fully available. In addition, LATAM Airlines Group S.A., together with Professional Airline Services, Inc., a Florida corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of LATAM Airlines Group S.A., issued (i) on October 12, 2022, as modified on November 3, 2022, a five-year term loan facility ("Term Loan B Facility") of US\$ 1,100 million (US\$ 1,086 million outstanding as of March 31, 2024), (ii) on October 18, 2022, a 13.375% senior secured notes due 2027 ("2027 Notes") for an aggregate principal amount of US\$ 450 million and (iii) on October 18, 2022, a 13.375% senior secured notes due 2029 ("2029 Notes", together with the 2027 Notes, the "Notes") for and aggregate principal amount of MUS\$ 700. The Exit RCF, the Term Loan B Facility and the Notes (together, the "Exit Financing") share the same intangible collateral composed mainly of the FFP (LATAM Pass loyalty program) business receivables, Cargo business receivables, certain slots, gates and routes and LATAM's intellectual property and brands. The Exit Financing contains certain covenants limiting us and our restricted subsidiaries' ability to, among other things, make certain types of restricted payments, incur debt or liens, merge or consolidate with others, dispose of assets, enter into certain transactions with affiliates, engage in certain business activities or make certain investments. In addition, the agreements include a minimum liquidity restriction, requiring us to maintain a minimum liquidity, measured at the consolidated Company (LATAM Airlines Group S.A.) level, of US\$ 750 million.

On November 3, 2022, LATAM Airlines Group S.A., acting through its Florida branch, amended and extended the 2016 revolving credit facility ("RCF") with a consortium of thirteen financial institutions led by Citibank, N.A., guaranteed by aircraft, engines and spare parts for a total committed amount of US\$ 600 million. The RCF includes restrictions of minimum liquidity measured at the consolidated Company level (with a minimum level of US\$ 750 million) and measured individually for LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. (with a minimum level of US\$ 400 million). Compliance with these restrictions is a prerequisite for drawing under the line; if the line is used, compliance with said restrictions must be reported periodically, and non-compliance with these restrictions may trigger an acceleration of the loan. As of March 31, 2024, this line of credit is undrawn and fully available.

On November 3, 2022, LATAM Airlines Group S.A., acting through its Florida branch, executed a five year credit facility ("Spare Engine Facility") with, among others, Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank, acting through its New York branch, as facility agent and arranger and guaranteed by spare engines for a principal amount of US\$ 275 million. As of March 31, 2024, the outstanding amount under the Spare Engine Facility is US\$ 266.8 million. The facility includes restrictions of minimum liquidity measured at the consolidated Company level (with a minimum level of US\$ 750 million) and measured individually for LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and TAM Linhas Aéreas S.A. (with a minimum level of US\$ 400 million jointly).

As of March 31, 2024, the Company complies with the aforementioned minimum liquidity covenants.

b) Other commitments

As of March 31, 2024, the Company maintains valid letters of credit, guarantee notes and guarantee insurance policies, according to the following detail:

Creditor Guarantee	Debtor	Quantity	Туре	Value ThUS\$	Release Date
SUPERINTENDENCIA NACIONAL DE ADUANAS Y DE ADMINISTRACION TRIBUTARIA	LATAM Airlines Perú S.A.	49	Letter of Credit	205,849	Apr 14, 2024
SÉTIMA TURMA DO TRIBUNAL REGIONAL FEDERAL DA 1ª REGIÃO - PROCEDIMENTO COMUM CÍVEL - DECEA - 0012177-54.2016.4.01.3400	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	57,597	Apr 20, 2025
ISOCELES	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	2	Letter of Credit	82,000	Oct 30, 2024
UNIÃO FEDERAL (FAZENDA NACIONAL)	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A. ABSA Aerolinhas Brasileiras	1	Guarantee Insurance	33,071	Jul 30, 2024
UNIÃO FEDERAL - PGFN	S.A.	3	Guarantee Insurance	38,901	Feb 22, 2025
UNIÃO FEDERAL - PGFN	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	4	Guarantee Insurance	21,148	Sep 28, 2024
UNIÃO FEDERAL - FAZENDA NACIONAL	ABSA Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A.	2	Guarantee Insurance	2,381	Apr 14, 2025
UNIÃO FEDERAL	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	5	Guarantee Insurance	11,234	Feb 4, 2025
FUNDACAO DE PROTECAO E DEFESA DO CONSUMIDOR PROCON	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	11	Guarantee Insurance	18,499	Apr 2, 2024
VARA DAS EXECUÇÕES FISCAIS ESTADUAIS DE SÃO PAULO - FORO DAS EXECUÇÕES FISCAIS DE SÃO PAULO	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	9,759	Mar 4, 2025
AMERICAN ALTERNATIVE INS. CO. C/O ROANOKE INS. GROUP INC	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	17	Letter of Credit	5,905	Apr 15, 2024
TRIBUNAL DE JUSTIÇA DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO	ABSA Aerolinhas Brasileiras S.A.	2	Guarantee Insurance	7,486	Dec 31, 2999
BBVA	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	1	Letter of Credit	3,800	Jan 23, 2025
1° VARA DE EXECUÇÕES FISCAIS E DE CRIMES CONTRA A ORDEM TRIB DA COM DE FORTALEZA	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	3,203	Dec 31, 2999
ARQUITETURA DE PROTEÇÃO E DEFESA DO CONSUMIDOR DO ESTADO DO RJ	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,423	Dec 31, 2999
BOND SAFEGUARD INSURANCE COMPANY	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	2,700	Jul 20, 2024
COMISÓN EUROPEA	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	1	Letter of Credit	2,598	Mar 29, 2025
UNIAO FEDERAL (FAZENDA NACIONAL)	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	2,806	Nov 16, 2025
17ª VARA CÍVEL DA COMARCA DA CAPITAL DE JOÃO PESSOA/PB	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	2,454	Jun 25, 2028
JFK INTERNATIONAL AIR TERMINAL LLC	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	1	Letter of Credit	2,300	Jan 27, 2025
METROPOLITAN DADE CONTY (MIAMI - DADE AVIATION DEPARTMENT)	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	6	Letter of Credit	2,989	Apr 9, 2024

Creditor Guarantee	Debtor	Quantity	Туре	Value ThUS\$	Release Date
SERVICIO NACIONAL DE ADUANA DEL ECUADOR	LATAM-Airlines Ecuador S.A.	4	Letter of Credit	2,130	May 8, 2024
VARA DE EXECUÇÕES FISCAIS ESTADUAIS DA COMARCA DE SÃO PAULO/SP - EXECUÇÃO FISCAL N.º 1507367- 03.2016.8.26.0014	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,966	Apr 24, 2025
SOCIEDAD CONCESIONARIA NUEVO PUDAHUEL S.A.	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	20	Letter of Credit	1,040	Dec 31, 2024
14ª VARA FEDERAL DA SEÇÃO JUDICIÁRIA DO DISTRITO FEDERAL / TRIBUNAL: 7ª TURMA DO TRIBUNAL REGIONAL FEDERAL DA 1ª REGIÃO - ANULATÓRIA N.º 0007263-25.2008.4.01.3400	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,813	May 29, 2025
FIANÇA TAM LINHAS AÉREAS X JUIZ FEDERAL DE UMA DAS VARAS DA SEÇÃO JUDICIÁRIA DE BRASÍLIA/	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	2,207	Dec 31, 2999
LIMA AIRPORT PARTNERS S.R.L.	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	22	Letter of Credit	2,867	Nov 30, 2024
TRIBUNAL DE JUSTIÇA DO ESTADO DE SÃO PAULO	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,165	Dec 31, 2999
UNIDAD ADMINISTRATIVA BOGOTÁ	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	4	Letter of Credit	1,432	Apr 17, 2024
JUIZO DE DIREITO DA VARA DA FAZENDA PUBLICA ESTADUAL DA COMARCA DA CAPITAL DO ESTADO DO RIO DE JANEIRO	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,537	Dec 31, 2999
MUNICIPIO DO RIO DE JANEIRO	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,479	Dec 31, 2999
AENA AEROPUERTOS S.A	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	2	Letter of Credit	2,370	Nov 15, 2024
CITY OF LOS ANGELES, DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS	LATAM Airlines Group S.A.	3	Letter of Credit	712	Apr 15, 2024
PARQUE DE MAETERIAL AERONAUTICO DO GALEAO - PAMA GL	TAM Linhas Aereas S.A.	1	Guarantee Insurance	1,054	Jun 18, 2024
CORPAC S.A.	LATAM Airlines Perú S.A.	16	Letter of Credit	2,784	Sep 28, 2024
			Total	542,659	

Letters of credit related to right-of-use assets are included in Note 16 Property, plant and equipment letter (d) Additional information Property, plant and equipment, in numeral (i) Property, plant and equipment delivered as collateral.

NOTE 32 - TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

(a) Details of transactions with related parties as follows:

		Nature of relationship with	Country			For the period end 31,	ded At March
Tax No.	Related party	related parties	of origin	Nature of related parties transactions	Currency	2024	2023
-	_					ThUS\$	ThUS\$
						Unaudi	ted
96.810.370-9	Inversiones Costa Verde Ltda. y CPA.	Related director	Chile	Tickets sales	CLP	20	13
Foreign	Inversora Aeronáutica Argentina S.A.	Related director	Argentina	Real estate leases received	ARS	(5)	(25)
				Expense recovery	ARS	—	3
Foreign	Qatar Airways	Indirect shareholder	Qatar	Interlineal received service	US\$	(7,702)	(8,038)
				Interlineal provided service	US\$	11,446	13,719
				Services received of handling	US\$	(5)	—
				Services provided of handling	US\$	206	—
				Services received miles	US\$	(1,837)	(231)
				Services provided miles	US\$	501	—
				Services provided / received others	US\$	121	520
Foreign	Delta Air Lines, Inc.	Shareholder	U.S.A	Interlineal received service	US\$	(73,152)	(45,472)
				Interlineal provided service	US\$	65,450	47,908
				Services received miles	US\$	(7,966)	—
				Services provided miles	US\$	2,011	—
				Services received of handling	US\$	(786)	(188)
				Real estates leases provided	US\$	19	—
				Services provided / received others	US\$	524	319

The balances corresponding to Accounts receivable and accounts payable to related entities are disclosed in Note 9.

Transactions between related parties have been carried out under market conditions and duly informed.

(b) Compensation of key management

The Company has defined for these purposes that key management personnel are the executives who define the Company's policies and macro guidelines and who directly affect the results of the business, considering the levels of Vice-Presidents, Chief Executives and Senior Directors.

	For the period ended at March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unau	dited	
Remuneration	3,399	3,911	
Board compensation	244	152	
Non-monetary benefits	163	163	
Short-term benefits	3,187	3,402	
Termination benefits (*)	521	13	
Total	7,514	7,641	

In accordance with current legislation, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 20, 2023, determined the amount of the annual remuneration for the Board for the period from that date until the next Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting scheduled to take place within the first quarter of 2024. In this context, in addition to the base remuneration, an additional remuneration was approved for each Board member, with an incremental amount based on the following criteria:

(a) During the first year following their appointment, until November 15, 2023, provided that the Director serves continuously in their position, each Director will be entitled to receive an additional amount to the base remuneration, equivalent to 9,226,234 units of remuneration or "URAs."

(b) For the second year following their appointment, covering the period from the end of the first anniversary since their designation until November 15, 2024, under the same condition mentioned previously and approved by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting in the first quarter of 2024, each Director will be entitled to receive another additional amount equivalent to 9,226,234 URAs.

(c) Likewise, each Director who becomes part of the Board Committee will also receive, as additional compensation, a variable amount equivalent to an additional one-third (1/3) calculated on the incremental remuneration that the respective Committee member is entitled to as a Director, in accordance with the resolution of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

For payment purposes, the value of each URA will be considered as referentially equivalent to the price of a company's share. Consequently, URAs will be paid at the weighted average price of stock market transactions of the company's shares during the 10 business days preceding the effective date ("Weighted Average Price"). For the calculation of the Weighted Average Price, transactions on national stock exchanges, as well as those on foreign exchanges recognized at the national level where LATAM's American Depositary Shares may eventually be listed again, will be taken into account.

As of March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, there are no amounts paid for URAs.

NOTE 33 - SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(a) LP3 compensation plans (2020-2023)

The Company implemented a program for a group of executives, which existed until March 2023, with a demand period between October 2020 and March 2023, where the collection percentage was annual and cumulative. The methodology is an estimate of the number of units, where a goal of the value of the action is set.

The benefit is vested if the target of the share price defined in each year is met. In case the benefit accumulates up to the last year the total benefit is doubled (in case the share price is achieved).

This Compensation Plan was finally not executed because the share price required for its collection is below the initial target.

(b) CIP (Corporate Incentive Plan)

As indicated in Note 22, in the context of the exit from Chapter 11 Proceedings, the Company implemented a talent retention program for the Company's employees, which is divided into three categories. The first one (i.e., Non-Executive Employees) simply contemplates guaranteed payments in cash to the respective employees on certain dates depending on the country where the employee is hired. On the other hand, the remaining two categories (i.e., Non-GEM Executives and GEM Executives) contemplated the granting of synthetic units of remuneration (the "Units") that, by reference, are considered as equivalent to the price of one share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and consequently, in case they become effective, grant the worker the right to receive the payment in cash that results from multiplying the number of Units that are pay for the value per share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. that must be considered in accordance with the CIP.

Below are more details of these two categories.

Non-GEM Executives

The first subprogram applies to senior executives not part of the GEM (Global Executive Meeting - Senior Managers, Managers, Deputy Managers). In this context, this program contemplates two different bonuses: (1) a retention bonus, consisting of the amount in money resulting from Units that are assigned to the respective employee and these Units being paid 20% on month 15 and 80% at month 24, in each case, counted from Exit date from the Chapter 11 Procedure (i.e., November 3, 2022) (the "Exit Date"). This is consequently, a guaranteed payment for these employees; and (2) a bonus associated to the performance defined on based on the compliance of certain financial indicators of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and its subsidiaries, which is reflected in Note 19(b), becoming effective 20% at month 15 and 80% at month 15 and 80% at month 24, in each case, from the Exit Date. Consequently, this is a temporary payment that is only made if these indicators are met.

GEM Executives

Applies to senior executives of the Company who are part of the GEM (CEO and employees whose job description is "vice presidents" or "directors"). Employees that participating in this program are eligible to receive cash payments for Units. These Units are as follows:

1. "RSUs" (Retention Shares Units): That is, Units associated with the employee's permanence in the Company, and consequently, are associated with the passage of time. In its totality, the CIP contemplates up to 3,107,603,293 RSUs which are made effective by partialities in the terms indicated below.

As a general rule, RSUs will be eligible to become effective at the rate of one third on each of the following dates: month 24, month 36 and month 42, in each case, counted from the Exit Date. The mentioned above, subject to the occurrence of a trigger event related to the volume of transactions of securities issued by LATAM Airlines Group S.A. in the terms contemplated in the CIP (hereinafter, a "VTE" – Volume Triggering Event). The number of RSUs actually paid will be determined based on the net resources

accumulated as a result of a VTE on the respective determination date (hereinafter, this adjustment will be referred to as the "Pro Rata Factor").

Notwithstanding the mentioned above, the CIP also contemplates a "Minimum Guaranteed Vesting" according to which, the percentage of RSUs indicated below will be effective on each date indicated, even if a VTE has not occurred. The foregoing, net of the RSUs that may eventually have become effective previously.

Minimum Guaranteed Vesting of RSUs				
Percentage of Units become effective				
Month 30 from Exit Date	20%			
Month 42 from Exit Date	30%			
Month 60 from Exit Date	50%			

2. "PSUs" (Performance Shares Units): That is, Units associated with both the employee's permanence in the Company and the performance of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. measured according to the share price. Consequently, like RSUs, these Units are associated with the passage of time. However, PSUs also consider the market value of the share of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. considering a liquid market. However, as long as there is no such liquid market, the share price will be determined on the basis of representative transactions. In its totality, the CIP contemplates up to 4,251,780,158 PSUs which are made effective by partialities in the terms indicated below.

As a general rule, PSUs will be eligible to become effective at the rate of one third on each of the following dates: month 24, month 36 and month 42, in each case, counted from the Exit Date. The foregoing, subject to (i) a VTE having occurred; and (ii) that the quotient (hereinafter, the "Net Price/ERO (Equity Rights offering) Quotient") between the net price of sales originating in a VTE, divided by the price of share at which the shares issued were placed under the capital increase agreed at the extraordinary shareholders' meeting of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. dated July 5, 2022 (that is, US\$ 0.01083865799), is greater than 150%. The number of PSUs that actually becomes effective will be determined according to the Factor Pro Rata and the Quotient Net Price/ERO Price).

From the above it flows that the PSUs constitute an eventual and not guaranteed payment.

In addition, some of the GEM Executives will also be entitled to receive a fixed and guaranteed payment in cash ("MPP" – Management Protection Plan) on certain dates under the Plan, at the rate of 33% in the month 18, 34% in the month 24 and 33% in the 30th month, all from the Exit Date. On the other hand, those employees who are eligible for this MPP will also be eligible for a limited number of additional RSUs ("MPP Based RSUs"). In its totality, the CIP includes 1,438,926,658 MPP based RSUs. As a general rule, MPP Based RSUs will be eligible to become effective on the same terms and conditions as RSUs; however, that they will be eligible to become effective at a rate of one third on each of the following dates: month 18, month 24 and month 30, in each case, from the Exit Date. The valuation of these Units will be equivalent to the value of the Company's share less the ERO Price at the time they become effective.

In all cases, the respective employees must have remained as such in the Company at the corresponding accrual date to qualify for these benefits.

Given the characteristics of this program, it has been recorded in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 2 "Share-based payments" and has been considered as a "cash settlement award" and, therefore, recorded at fair value as a liability that is part of the items Trade and other accounts payables and Provisions for employee benefits, non-current, which is updated at the closing date of each financial statement with effect on profit or loss for the period and classified in the line "Administrative expenses" of the interim Consolidated Statement of Income by function.

The fair value has been determined on the basis of the current share price and the best estimate of the future value of the Company's share, multiplied by the number of underlying units granted. This estimate was made based on the Company's Business Plan and its main indicators such as EBITDAR, adjusted net debt.

The movement of units as of December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Opening balance as of 01.01.2023	Granted during the period	Vested	Exercised during the period	Forfeited during the period	Closing balance as of December 31, 2023
RSU - Retention		3,107,603,293	_		(121,146,360)	2,986,456,933
PSU - Performance	_	4,251,780,158	_	—	(242,192,091)	4,009,588,067
MPPBASEDRSU - Protection	—	1,438,926,658			(192,047,245)	1,246,879,413
Total	—	8,798,310,109	_		(555,385,696)	8,242,924,413

	Opening balance as of 01.01.2024	Granted during the period	Vested	Exercised during the period	Forfeited during the period	Closing balance as of March 31, 2024
						Unaudited
RSU - Retention	2,986,456,933	_	_	(144,875,210)	(34,817,892)	2,806,763,831
PSU - Performance	4,009,588,067	_	_	—	(40,680,938)	3,968,907,129
MPPBASEDRSU - Protection	1,246,879,413	_	_	_	(33,516,713)	1,213,362,700
Total	8,242,924,413			(144,875,210)	(109,015,543)	7,989,033,660

NOTE 34 - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) The Company has carried out the following transactions with non-monetary impact transactions mainly related to financial lease and lease liabilities, which are described in Note 19 Other financial liabilities.

(b) Other inflows (outflows) of cash:

	For the period ended At March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudite	d	
Restricted Advances	_	7,582	
Bank commissions, taxes paid and other	(900)	(382)	
Taxes on financial transactions	(1,970)	(1,078)	
Guarantees	8,220	(5,248)	
Payment for hedging instruments	18,262	5,464	
Court deposits	(1,368)	(5,951)	
Derivative margin guarantees	6,181	(17,322)	
Payment for derivatives premiums	(2,241)	(13,798)	
Total Other inflows (outflows) Operation activities	35,972	(30,733)	
Guarantee deposit received from the sale of aircraft	7,000	_	
Recoveries of credits received	20,589	20,111	
Total Other inflows (outflows) Investment activities	27,589	20,111	
Interest rate derivatives	1,538		
Taxes on financial transactions	—	(2,946)	
Withholding tax	(819)		
Total Other inflows (outflows) Financing activities	719	(2,946)	

(c) Dividends:

	For the period ended At March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaud	lited	
Transportes Aéreos del Mercosur S.A. (*)	(289)		
Total dividends paid	(289)		

(*) Dividends paid to minority shareholders

(d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

		Cash flows		Non cash-Flo	w Movements			
Obligations with financial	As of December 31,	Obtainment	Paym	ent	Interest accrued and		As of	
institutions	2023	Capital (*)	Capital (**)	Interests	others	Reclassifications	March 31, 2024	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
					Unaudited			
Bank loans	1,029,434	—	(2,750)	(42,046)	47,671	—	1,032,309	
Guaranteed obligations	303,922	—	(8,088)	(5,201)	5,281	—	295,914	
Other guaranteed obligations	430,350	—	(11,767)	(10,513)	10,661	—	418,731	
Obligation with the public	1,302,838	—	—	—	25,716	—	1,328,554	
Financial leases	901,546	—	(28,745)	(11,971)	13,156	—	873,986	
Other loans	104	—	—	—	(5)	—	99	
Lease liability	2,967,994	—	(86,035)	(59,779)	304,964	—	3,127,144	
Total Obligations with financial institutions	6,936,188		(137,385)	(129,510)	407,444		7,076,737	

		Cash flows			Non cash-Flow		
Obligations with financial	As of December 31,			Interest accrued and		As of	
institutions	2022	Capital (*)	Capital (**)	Interests	others	Reclassifications	March 31, 2023
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
					Unaudited		
Bank loans	1,385,995	—	(2,750)	(29,925)	55,672	—	1,408,992
Guaranteed obligations	325,061	—	(4,533)	(4,771)	4,824	(1,790)	318,791
Other guaranteed obligations	474,304	—	(11,346)	(10,230)	9,813	11,811	474,352
Obligation with the public	1,289,799	—	—		56,529	—	1,346,328
Financial leases	1,088,239	—	(63,734)	(11,685)	15,150	(13,123)	1,014,847
Other loans	2,028	—	—		(56)	—	1,972
Lease liability	2,216,454	—	(56,687)	(27,687)	40,649	—	2,172,729
Total Obligations with financial institutions	6,781,880	_	(139,050)	(84,298)	182,581	(3,102)	6,738,011

(*) During the year 2024 and 2023, the Company did not obtain financing.

(**) As of March 31, 2024, loan repayments ThUS\$51,350 and payments of lease liabilities ThUS\$86,035, disclosed in flows from financing activities and as of March 31, 2023, loan repayments ThUS\$82,363 and liability payments for leases ThUS\$56,687 disclosed in flows from financing activities.

Below are the details obtained (payments) of flows related to financing:

	For the period ended March 31							
		2024		2023				
	Capital Payments			Capital	Payme	nts		
Flow of	raising	Capital	Interest	raising	Capital	Interest		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
			Unaud	ited				
Aircraft financing	—	(48,600)	(18,766)		(79,613)	(18,321)		
Lease liability	—	(86,035)	(59,779)		(56,687)	(27,687)		
Non-aircraft financing	—	(2,750)	(50,964)		(2,750)	(38,290)		
Total obligations with Financial institutions		(137,385)	(129,509)		(139,050)	(84,298)		

(e) Advances of aircraft

Corresponds to the cash flows associated with aircraft purchases, which are included in the statement of consolidated cash flows, within Purchases of property, plant and equipment. As of 03.31.2024 and 03.31.2023, the Company did not flows for this concept.

(f) Additions of property, plant and equipment and Intangibles

	For the period ended At March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudited		
Net cash flows from			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	102,484	97,886	
Additions associated with maintenance	48,372	47,523	
Other additions	54,112	50,363	
Purchases of intangible assets	13,297	13,593	
Other additions	13,297	13,593	

(g) The net effect of the application of hyperinflation in the consolidated cash flow statement corresponds to:

	For the period ended At March 31,		
	2024	2023	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
	Unaudi	ited	
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	3,647	(6,724)	
Net cash flows from (used in) investment activities	_	879	
Effects of variation in the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	(3,647)	5,845	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			

(h) Payments of leased maintenance

Payments to suppliers for the supply of goods and services include the value paid associated with leased maintenance capitalizations for ThUS\$66,906 (ThUS\$28,602 as of March 31, 2023).

NOTE 35 - THE ENVIRONMENT

LATAM Airlines Group S.A is compromised with sustainable development, seeking to generate social, economic, and environmental value for the countries where it operates and for all its stakeholders. The company manages socio-environmental matters at a corporate level, centralized in the Corporate Affairs and Sustainability Department. The company is committed to monitoring and mitigating its impacts on the environment in all its ground and air operations, being a key element in the solution, and searching for alternatives to the challenges of the company and its environment.

The main functions of Corporate Affairs and Sustainability Department in environmental matters in conjunction with the various areas of the company include ensuring that environmental legal compliance would be maintained in all the countries, implementing and maintaining corporate environmental management, the efficient use of non-renewable resources such as aircraft fuel, the responsible disposal of its wastes, and the development of programs and actions that allow it to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions, seeking to generate environmental social and economic benefits for the company and the countries where it operates.

LATAM's sustainability strategy that was launched in 2021 is based on 4 pillars: Environmental Management System, Climate Change Management, Circular Economy and Shared Value. With these pillars, the company seeks to generate social, environmental and economic value for society and the company, anticipating the risks inherent in the sustainability challenges which is viewed by the current and future scenarios.

The aspects addressed in each pillar within the strategy are presented below:

Environmental Management System

The company is working to standardize its environmental management system at a cross-cutting level and under this structure, certified its operation in accordance with stage II of the IATA Environmental Assessment Program (IEnvA), which is designed to evaluate and improve the environmental management of airlines, due to not only being based on the ISO 14001 standard, also involves the best practices of the industry.

Climate Change Management

To manage its carbon footprint and contribute to the protection of strategic ecosystems in the region, LATAM aspires to offset and reduce the equivalent of 50% of domestic emissions by 2030 and seeks to be carbon-neutral by 2050, in accordance with this it has focused its strategy in:

- 1. Efficient operation: with the implementation of LATAM Fuel Efficiency, a corporate program for the efficient use of fuel that considers initiatives within the company that has an impact on fuel consumption.
- 2. Sustainable Alternative Fuels (SAF): Due to the importance of Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) to reduce the emissions in the long term, LATAM is developing a work plan focused on Brazil and Colombia; which has recognized and long-standing experience in biofuels; and Chile, a country with a high developmental potential in green hydrogen.
- 3. Offsetting: LATAM has assumed a total commitment to the environment and has established different alliances that will allow it not only to acquire carbon credits for its offsetting needs but also to contribute to the conservation of strategic ecosystems in the region. During the first half of 2023, LATAM launched its offsetting program for passengers "1+1 Offset to Conserve", where passengers are invited to contribute to the conservation of iconic ecosystems through offsetting their flight's footprint and for every ton compensated by its clients, LATAM duplicates the impact by compensating the same amount.

Circular Economy

LATAM seeks to remove single-use plastics as part of its ambition of striving to be a zero-waste group to landfill by 2027. By the end of 2023 LATAM achieved the elimination of 96% of single use plastics, the equivalent of over 1.700 tons. To achieve these goals, it has reviewed the materials used in its process and its waste management to promote the circular economy within its processes, acting from materials. During 2023 LATAM was recognized by IATA, as the winner of the 'Air Cargo Innovation Award' for its projects to reduce plastic in domestic and international cargo operations in Chile & Brazil.

Shared Value

In shared value, the Solidarity Plane program stands out, it was established in 2011 and through which LATAM provides its network, connections, and capacity for passenger and freight transit to South American society at no cost in three areas of action: supports health needs, conservation of natural resources, and assistance in the event of natural disasters.

Within the framework of the implementation of the strategy, during 2024, the company will continue working on the following initiatives:

- Implementation of the environmental management system in accordance with the IATA Environmental Assessment Program IenvA, stage 2.
- Supporting conservation projects and offsetting
- Measurement and management of the corporate carbon footprint.
- Offsetting of 50% of domestic air emissions in Colombia.
- Verification of the company's emissions in accordance with EU-ETS, UK-ETS and CORSIA schemes.
- Structuring of a waste management system to advance in the fulfillment of its circular economy goals.
- Implementing processes for the elimination of single-use plastic in the operation and waste reduction to landfill
- Strengthening of the Solidarity Plane program.

The group was part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Index for six consecutive years, being classified as one of the most sustainable in the world. Today, LATAM continues to use the analysis as benchmarking and as a guide to implementing improvements in its processes. In 2023, according to the S&P Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA), LATAM was recognized as the most sustainable airline in the region, according to this assessment.

NOTE 36 - EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On March 1, 2024, S&P upgraded LATAM's corporate rating to B+ from B, with a positive outlook. Additionally, on April 12, 2024, Moody's upgraded LATAM's corporate rating to Ba3 (BB-) from B1 (B+) with a stable outlook. Lastly, on April 30th, Feller Rate upgraded its local rating from BBB- with a stable outlook, to BBB with a positive outlook. The above reflects the recognition of the company's consistently stronger credit metrics and its sustained performance.

In a meeting held on April 3, 2024 by the Company's Board of Directors approved to begin the process to open and relist the Company's ADRs on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (the "Relisting of the ADR Program"). This process entails various procedures and requirements before the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States of America and the NYSE.

Once the requirements referred to in the preceding paragraph have been met, and subject to the conditions set forth below, the Board of Directors will ultimately decide whether or not to approve and make effective the ADR Program Reliste. This decision will be taken: (i) once the consent is obtained from those who were the main creditors supporting the reorganization plan of the Company (the "Reorganization Plan") that was approved and confirmed in its reorganization procedure under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code of the United States of America, and without which the Company would not have emerged from said reorganization procedure; and (ii) considering market conditions and the best interest of the Company. The Relisting of the ADR Program thus resolved will be opportunely informed by a new material fact, and the process to finalize the Relisting of the ADR Program is estimated at this date to take up to six months, starting on April 3, 2024.

Additionally, the Company's Board of Directors, at the same meeting, took note of the resignation presented by Bouk Van Geloven from his position as Director of the Company, effective as of April 24, 2024. As a result of this resignation, in the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 25, 2024, the members of the Board of Directors of the Company were renewed, for a period of two years from that date, being also elected as Director William de Wulf.

At the same Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, it was approved the distribution of the final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors in the Ordinary Session of April 3, 2024, amounting to ThUS\$174,549, which corresponds to 30% of the net income for the year 2023. The payment will be made on May 16, 2024.

After March 31, 2024 and up to the date of issuance of these financial statements, there is no knowledge of other events of a financial or other nature that significantly affect the balances or their interpretation.

The consolidated financial statements of LATAM Airlines Group S.A. and Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2024, have been approved in the Extraordinary Session of the Board of Directors on May 2, 2024.